

U. S. Department of Justice

(MATERIAL MUST NOT BE REMOVED FROM OR ADDED TO THIS FILE)

100-44-1067-Sub E Entire File
100-44-1067-Sub F Contact Legal
190-SF-133718

FEDERAL BUREAU

Declassification authority
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Declassification Guide,
Issued May 24, 2007

of

Screened by NARA (RD-F)
02-28-2019 FOIA # 51943
DOCID: 34290140

INVESTIGATION

Bureau File Number 100-470648

ABEX

See also Nos.

Volume Number	2
Serials	102

~~C~~ 9/13/73
~~Parker~~ 4/25/73
~~E~~ 6/25/73
~~L~~ 4/25/73
~~Rives~~ 5/20/72
R.C. Allen 5/70
~~Active~~ 5/20/72
~~P*~~ 3-15-72
~~Allwright~~ 11/50/77
~~J. Smith~~ 5/8/73

144-51943 DocId:34290140 Page 1

4-18-10595

Date prepared

9/24/71

Date received

9/23/71

Received from (name or symbol number)

[REDACTED]

Received by

RICHARD G. ALLEN

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☐ in person

☒ by telephone

☐ by mail

☒ orally

☐ recording device

☐ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:
Date

Dictated 9/23/71 to LAURIE L. ARM

Transcribed 9/24/71

Authenticated by Informant 10/5/71

Date of Report

9/23/71

Date(s) of activity

9/3/71

FOIA(b) (7) - (D)

Brief description of activity or material

Conversation between BOB WYRICK

and unidentified staff member

of NLG

File where original is located if not attached

[REDACTED]

* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE.
VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED.

☐ Information recorded on a card index by _____ on date _____

Remarks:

1 - 61-363 (NLG)

1 - 100-68890 (BOB WYRICK)

① - 100 - *FAY STENDER*

him subv rep

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/10/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

973808

Block Stamp

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

OCT 7 1971

FBI - SAN FRANCISCO

1088

100-49931-103

San Francisco, California
September 23, 1971

There was a conversation between BOB WYRICK and an unidentified staff member of the San Francisco Regional Office of the National Lawyers Guild (NLG) on September 3, 1971. During this conversation WYRICK was observed to state his interest to his interlocutor regarding participation as a law student in certain NLG activities related around community interest work. WYRICK expressly stated interest in working with persons on habeas corpus motions and on prisons and prisoner conduct relationships. WYRICK said he had been unable to contact anyone at NLG at Boalt Hall since classes had not yet begun, and he had to make arrangements to accommodate himself and his study program to do this work as quickly as possible. The interlocutor indicated she was unable to give any definite schedule of activities conducted out of Boalt Hall but said that WYRICK would be well advised to contact the office of FAY STENDER at Berkeley and that further, he could get in touch with MARTY SASSLER at 548-8619.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 - BJA/CB

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

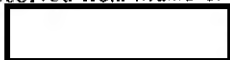
Date prepared

9/24/71

Date received

9/23/71

Received from (name or symbol number)



Received by

RICHARD G. ALLEN

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☐ in person

☒ by telephone

☐ by mail

☒ orally

☐ recording device

☐ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date

Dictated 9/23/71 to LAURIE L. ARM

Transcribed 9/24/71

Authenticated by Informant 10/5/71

Date of Report

9/23/71

Date(s) of activity

9/8/71

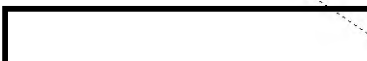
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Brief description of activity or material

Conversation between BOB WYRICK

and FAY STENDER

File where original is located if not attached



* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE. VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED.

☐ Information recorded on a card index by _____ on date _____

Remarks:

1 - 61-363 (NLG)

1 - 100-68890 (BOB WYRICK)

1 - 100- (FAY STENDER)

rum sub rep

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/10/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

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OCT 7 1971	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

Off

100-49931-104

San Francisco, California
September 23, 1971

A conversation took place on September 8, 1971 between BOB WYRICK and FAY STENDER. During this conversation WYRICK disclosed to STENDER the fact that he was interested in working with a lawyer, not necessarily from STENDER's office or even in the East Bay, regarding persons' rights in habeas corpus petitions pursuant to securing 14th Amendment rights regarding the conditions in prisons and treatment of prisoners. STENDER said she was too busy at the present time to be able to engage in any protracted conversation regarding programs available but said there would be many areas in which student participation would be not merely useful but crucial. STENDER told WYRICK that she and BERNIE BERGESON would be appearing as speakers at the National Lawyers Guild (NLG) speakers forum program on Monday, September 20, 1971, at noon at the law school. STENDER said she was unsure of what the room would be but that she was certain it was both the Monday date and the noon hour. STENDER said that BERNIE BERGESON was a San Francisco attorney who had been active in prison law litigation and was preparing for, later in this month, an argument regarding hearing processes in penal institutions in this state before the Court of Appeals for the First Appellate District, San Francisco. WYRICK thanked STENDER for her time and said he would attend the meeting.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4-BJA/CB

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Lawyer To Talk

Fay Stender, a San Francisco attorney who was involved in the defense of Black Panther Party Minister of Defense Huey P. Newton for first degree murder, will speak in the HUB Auditorium this Sunday night, Oct. 3, at 8 p.m.

She will discuss her experiences as a prison reform activist and the San Quentin and Attica prison incidents.

Stender wrote the appellate court brief that won the reversal of Newton's manslaughter conviction and his eventual release from prison.

She was also counsel in a case that secured the right of Black Muslims to practice their religion and is currently serving as counsel in the Soledad case.

The speech is sponsored by the International Socialists and Inside-Out, a Seattle prison support group.

There is no admission charge.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

13 a University of
Washington Daily
SEATTLE, W.N.

rum subv rep

Date: 9/30/71
Edition: C28, No. 4
Author:
Editor: Liz Carlson
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: Seattle
☐ Being Investigated

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

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FBI - S	FBI - FRANCISCO

100-49931-105

SF R-
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO 157-1203

DATE: 10-12-71

FROM : *de* SUPV. DAVID E. TODD

SUBJECT: HUEY NEWTON
RM

Information excerpted below was received on date
indicated from

The BPP is a violence-prone black militant organization headquartered in Oakland, California, with chapters located throughout the United States.

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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OCT 12 1971	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO

157-1203

DATE: 10-14-71

FROM : *[Signature]* SUPV. DAVID E. TODD

SUBJECT: HUEY NEWTON
RM

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Information excerpted below was received on date
indicated from

The BPP is a violence-prone black militant organization headquartered in Oakland, California, with chapters located throughout the United States.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP1 BJA/CB

SEARCHED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	INDEXED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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OCT 14 1971	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

Smith

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Lawyer Tends to Rights of 'Convicted Class'

By Gail Fligstein
and Brad Hittle

(Indicate page, name of
newspaper, city and state.)

13 University of
Washington Daily

Fay Stender, defense attorney for the Soledad Brothers, spoke about her work and the prisoners available to whom the reform movement Sunday night prisoners can relate. She said in the HUB. According to Stender, the "convicted class" movement is seeking two main objectives: to be treated "like human beings" and to have the right to organize and have a voice in prison affairs.

In California, an organization called the United Prisoners Union has recently been formed

for the purpose of winning collective bargaining rights for prison inmates.

Inside prisons, conditions are deplorable, Stender said. "Considering the little boxes some inmates live in," she said, "it is amazing how they maintain their humanity."

Also, conditions can be lonely. She told her audience that in the "L" wing of Soledad, prisoners have mutilated themselves and inflicted razor cuts in order to have a guard speak to them as he led them away.

Stender expressed her interest in the prison reform movement among students and encouraged involvement in such groups as Seattle's Inside-Out.

She showed concern that the movement may be just another "in thing." She said, "I am fairly cynical about how long people will stay in the prison movement. However, people are organizing around it in great numbers."

Stender said that in California there has been some talk of establishing a special prison for political activists.

Also speaking was the Seattle Black Panther Party Captain

Aaron Dixon. He expressed his desire to "free all political prisoners."

Dixon announced the George Jackson Free People's Busing Program of the Panthers, which will bus people interested in the prison reform movement to Monroe, Walla Walla, Shelton and McNeil Island.

Stender also gave a brief historical background of the Soledad case. She told the story of one Soledad Brothers' trial at which the judge pulled a gun when the defendants were out of order.

It was on August 21, 1971 that Soledad Brother George Jackson was shot and killed, along with three guards and two prisoners. According to prison officials, Jackson was trying to escape.

However, many people are skeptical about the official story of what actually happened that day, Stender included.

"The official story of George's death has been changed about five times," she said.

date: 10/5/71
dition: C28, No. 6
uthor: Gail Fligstein &
Brad Hittle
ditor: Liz Carlson
itle:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: Seattle
☐ Being Investigated

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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OCT 19 1971	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
OCT 19 1971	
FBI - SEATTLE	

100-49931-108

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (157-1203)

DATE: 11/4/71

FROM : SA RICHARD J. MC MULLEN

SUBJECT: HUEY PERCY NEWTON, aka
EM - BPP (KBE)

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

[redacted] orally furnished the following information on 10/27/71:

Discussion with CHARLES GARRY on 10/27/71, indicated that GARRY had made some plans to defend San Quentin inmate SPAIN (PH), as SPAIN is one of the convicts who was with GEORGE JACKSON at the time JACKSON was killed at San Quentin. It was GARRY's opinion that he would not represent SPAIN unless requested to by appropriate authorities, mainly if he would be appointed by the courts to represent SPAIN. GARRY and MARVIN STENDER will meet with SPAIN on 10/27/71 in the evening hours at San Quentin in order to discuss SPAIN's information during the killing of GEORGE JACKSON. From discussion with GARRY, evidently SPAIN has some enlightening material covering the time GEORGE JACKSON was killed.

According to GARRY, SPAIN claims that he knows the present location of attorney BINGHAM, who allegedly has

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

- 1 - 157-1203
- 1 - [redacted]
- 1 - 157-1204 (BPP)
- 1 - 100-26685 (CHARLES GARRY)
- 1 - 100- (MARVIN STENDER)
- 1 - 88- (STEPHEN MITCHELL BINGHAM)
- 1 - 100-53950 (BOBBY GEORGE SEALE)
- 1 - 100- (FAY STENDER)
- 1 - 100- (JOHN THORNE)
- 1 - 100-47068 (MEL BERNSTEIN)
- 1 - 157- (DAVID LUBELL)
- 1 - 88- (ELDRIDGE CLEAVER)
- 1 - 157- (NIREA GUNGOTERIA)

RJM/pkv/jr
(13)

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SERIALIZED ☒ FILED ☒
NOV 11 1971
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO



100-49931-109

SF 157-1203
RJM/pkv

fled the area due to his association with the killing of GEORGE JACKSON.

On Friday, 10/29/71, CHARLES GARRY and BOBBY SEALE will leave for the Roxy Theatre in Brooklyn, New York where a mock trial will be held and GARRY will play the role of the prosecuting attorney. HUEY NEWTON has expressed interest in attending this mock trial; and as of 10/27/71, he indicated that he would attend with above named individuals, however, he made no final conclusion as to whether he would travel to the East Coast or not.

Discussion with HUEY NEWTON on 10/27/71 revealed the following:

Note that HUEY NEWTON makes many irresponsible and illogical statements.

The matter of GEORGE JACKSON's will was discussed, and HUEY stated that GEORGE JACKSON had given all of his books and tapes to the Black Panther Party. However, at the present time, the Black Panther Party will receive only 50% of JACKSON's estate. HUEY pointed out that FAY and MARVIN STENDER claimed that they deserved to be paid for their services, which they value at the present time at \$100,000. JOHN THORNE, an attorney who also worked in this matter has certain expenses which must be taken from JACKSON's estate. HUEY was concerned over the fact that the STENDERS were attempting to gain control of the entire estate of GEORGE JACKSON; and, therefore, leave nothing for the BPP.

In order to further complicate matters, HUEY pointed out that GEORGE JACKSON's mother refuses to cooperate with anyone and indicates that everyone is attempting to exploit the death of her son.

The matter was discussed that attorney MEL BURNSTEIN will be in the hospital in the near future because of a brain tumor.

HUEY stated that he will discuss his trip to China on 10/28/71 with a few selected individuals.

SF 157-1203
RJM/pkv/jr

NEWTON stated that he is interested in buying property across from the apartment where he presently resides, which is either on 11th or 12th Street in Oakland, California, near where the slough feeds into Lake Merritt. This property is directly across from his apartment, however, at the present time they have been unable to find an individual who will front for this purchase.

NEWTON discussed recent difficulties with LUBELL and that he had recently had an argument with LUBELL over the fact that LUBELL agreed with the position taken by FAY and MARVIN STENDER regarding the will of GEORGE JACKSON. HUEY discussed the fact that tapes made by JACKSON are presently in the hands of FAY and MARVIN STENDER, and that they will no doubt exploit these tapes for their own benefit. Just how many books and essays recorded by JACKSON are unknown at this time.

HUEY NEWTON recently received a telephone call and other communications from LUBELL wherein LUBELL threatened to kick HUEY NEWTON out of his present apartment, however, LUBELL called back two days later and apologized.

HUEY NEWTON discussed the return of ELDRIDGE CLEAVER to the United States and that the State Department has arranged for CLEAVER's return. HUEY alleges that ELDRIDGE CLEAVER's wife, KATHLEEN CLEAVER is in the United States in order to make a deal with the State Department. NEWTON continued to maintain that CLEAVER will appear in the United States within the next two weeks and that he, HUEY NEWTON, and his friends are awaiting a showdown with CLEAVER.

NEWTON discussed the BPP's confrontation with liquor dealers and one, BOYETTE and noted that the property next to BOYETTE is leased by Bay Area Rapid Transit and that the property across the street from BOYETTE is owned by former Senator KNOWLAND.

SF 157-1 203
RJM/pkv

Independent from the above, this source established that one NIREA GUNGOTERIA (phonetic), a native from India, female, height 5', weight 100, complexion dark, age 18 or 19, is presently working at BPP Headquarters on 99th Avenue in Oakland, California. In conversation with this girl, it was ascertained that her visa will expire this year, that she is a native of India, however, she came to the United States from Canada. This girl works at BPP Headquarters on 99th Avenue during the week and she lives there during this time, however, she alleges that she has an apartment in San Jose, California. Just how she got into the United States from Canada is unknown, although she says that she is here on a visa. It is possible that her name will be established within the near future.

ACTION RECOMMENDED: Information SA C. M. SULLIVAN
and agents handling above
cases.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-49931) (P)

DATE: 11/23/71

FROM : SA SAMUEL A. SMITH

SUBJECT: ~~FAYE~~ STENDER, AKA
SM - C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

On 11/22/71, appretex phone call was made to 845-4123, registered number for Subject's employment. An unknown female answered phone and stated that the Subject is no longer employed at Franck, Hill, Stender, Ziegler and Hendon Law Office, but can be reached at 658-8969. Unknown female stated Subject is now employed with the "Prison Law Project".

A search of San Francisco Office indices revealed no main case file on the "Prison Law Project".

Through a review of SF file 157-5818-140 it was determined that ~~658-8769~~ is the listed telephone number for the "Prison Law Project". *658-8969*

R/S forwarded re telephone numbers ~~658-8969~~ and ~~658-8769~~ on 11/22/71. *Correct*

Efforts to reach anyone at the above numbers on 11/22/71 met with negative results.

ACTION: It is recommended that a new 100 case be opened on the "Prison Law Project" in view of Subject's interest in the project.

Will through above telephone numbers determine Subject's new employment.

In view of the recent transfer of case agent it is recommended that this case be reassigned.

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

NOV 23 1971

FBI - SAN FRANCISCO

SAS (2)
(100-49931)

100-49931 (Faye Stender)

100-new



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-49931)

DATE: 11/30/71

FROM : SA STEVE D. ALBRIGHT

SUBJECT: FAY STENDER, aka
Faye Ethel Abrahams,
Ethel Abrahams,
Mrs. Marvin Edward Stender
SM - C

Subject is WF, born 3/29/32, 5-8, 120, brown hair, hazel eyes, last known to reside 2210 Grant, Berkeley, and reportedly employed by Prison Law Project, 5406 Claremont Ave., Oakland, Ca.

LEADS

BERKELEY.

Verify residence.

OAKLAND.

Verify employment. (determine nature of activities at Prison Law Project)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

3 - SF
SDA



LC Dives
LC R.G. Allen

100-49931-111

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
NOV 30 1971	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

CHB

INSTRUCTIONS

1. This form may be submitted in legible hand printing.
2. Use separate form for each individual on whom record is requested.
3. Make effort to furnish FBI identification number, law enforcement identification number, or military service number.
4. Furnish descriptive data and fingerprint classification only when FBI number not available.
5. Indicate office for reply in lower right corner only. Also list in lower right corner all offices which should receive copies of available records. Include carbon of FD-9 for each office receiving copies and forward with original to Bureau.
6. Do not fill in block in lower left corner.

To: DIRECTOR, FBI		Attention: Identification Division		Date 11/30/71	
Re FAY STENDER, <i>in</i> SM-C				Field File No. 100-49931	
Furnish The Known Identification Record of the Following:					
Name FAY STENDER <i>aka</i>		FBI No. Other No.			
Aliases FAYE ETHEL ABRAHAMS ETHEL ABRAHAMS		MRS. MARVIN STENDER			
Sex F	Race W	Birth Date 3/29/32	Birthplace SAN FRANCISCO, CA.	Residence Berkeley, CA.	
Height 5-8	Weight 120	Build Slender	Hair BRN	Eyes H2L	Age 39
Fingerprint Classification			Scars, marks and tattoos 1 civil cl 572-38 8497		
Also Furnish: <input type="checkbox"/> Photo <input type="checkbox"/> Fingerprints <input type="checkbox"/> Handwriting Specimens					
Identification Division's Reply <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> On basis of information furnished, unable to identify: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Criminal Files <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Civil Files <input type="checkbox"/> All Files <input type="checkbox"/> Record Attached <input type="checkbox"/> Photo Attached <input type="checkbox"/> Photo Not Available <input type="checkbox"/> Fingerprints Attached <input type="checkbox"/> Handwriting Specimen Attached			Return Reply to: SAN FRANCISCO Send Copies To: ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB SEARCHED _____ INDEXED _____ SERIALIZED <i>3</i> DEC 10 12 40 PM '71 <i>Albergh</i>		

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-49931)

DATE: 12/28/71

FROM : SA WILLIAM O. RIVES

SUBJECT: FAY STENDER, aka
Faye Ethel Abrahams,
Ethel Abrahams,
Mrs. Marvin Edward Stender
SM - C

The Berkeley Cross Directory, Berkeley, California, reveals the address 2210 Grant is listed to MARVIN E. STENDER, with telephone listing 845-7048.

On 12/15/71, Inspector EDWARD SKILLS of the Intelligence Unit of the Berkeley Police Department, Berkeley, California, advised that the Subject continues to reside at 2210 Grant in Berkeley, California.

ACTION: Route to SA STEVE D. ALBRIGHT for his information.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	
<i>Albright</i>	

100-49931-113



WOR/djm
(2) *djm*

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

ADVERTISEMENT

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From the PROFESSIONAL COMMITTEE of the SPRING MOBILIZATION

A CALL TO PROTEST

- The sacrifice of the lives of Americans, of our allies and the Vietnamese people increases daily.
- Our government, committed to the "rule of law," is violating the U. N. Charter, the 1954 Geneva Accord and the Nuremberg principles by its military intervention and the conduct of the war.
- This war costs American citizens \$3,500,000 every hour; meanwhile, the war on poverty is enfeebled; employment, except in war industries, declines; the great social vision of America is forgotten.

JOIN US — PROTEST THE WAR IN
VIETNAM — SUPPORT THE

APRIL 15th MARCH

Assemble 10 a. m., 2nd and Market —
Rally, 3 p. m., Kezar Stadium

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP10JA/CB

(Indicate page, name of
newspaper, city and state.)

17 S.F.Chronicle

San Francisco, Calif.

4-11-67

Date: Final Home
Edition:
Author: Chas. deYoung
Editor: Thieriot
Title:

Character: *Committee*
Classification:
Submitting Office: SF
☐ Being Investigated

100-49931-114

Rev. A. J. Muste (1895-1967)
Founding Chairman

Rev. James Bevel
(National Director)

Edward Keating,
West Coast Chairman

Kipp Dawson
Executive Director

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Dagmar Wilson

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(partial list)

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Ruffin, John
Morrison, Jack

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Alexander, Christopher
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Alper, Boyd
Backus, J. W.
Baker, R. M.
Bart, Jonas A.
Barlow, George

Bartlett, E. N.
Bender, Madison
Bendish, Albert
Belt, Howard
Berkman, Gerald D.
Berk, P. A. F.
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Coff, Frederick
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Eck, Garrett
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Ellis, Albert E.
Epstein, D. B. A.
Feld, Fred
Feldman, Jacob
Fenderson, Joseph
Frank, Howard
Gib, David A.
Gidd, George
Gill, Arthur
Goldstein, B.
Goldstick, T. K.
Gordin, Sidney
Gordy, H. T.
Gordon, Myron J.
Goren, S. I.
Greene, Robert W.
Gruhn, Aschill V.
Halperin, B. R.
Hancock, J. G.
Harder, James
Harris, Robert
Henderson, John D.
Herr, Richard
Hirsch, Morris
Holt, Katherine
Hull, Elizabeth
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Hochschild, G. T.
Hurn, C. J.
Hutton, Richard E.
James, Jerry D.
Jenay, Jean
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In Reply, Please Refer to
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San Diego, California
June 26, 1969

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POLITICAL OPPRESSION TEACH-IN,
SAN DIEGO STATE COLLEGE,
MAY 5, 1969

On May 8, 1969, ~~SD T-1~~ ^{advised} that ^[A] a Teach-In entitled "Political Oppression?" sponsored by several radical student organizations was held in Montezuma Hall, Student Union Building, San Diego State College (SDSC), San Diego, California, on May 5, 1969. The Teach-In began at 4:30 p.m. with an initial attendance of between 1,000 and 1,500 people. The first speaker was a woman named FAY STENDER from San Francisco, California, described as a defense attorney for HUEY P. NEWTON, Minister of Defense of the National Black Panther Party Organization.

STENDER talked about several cases with which she was familiar where the defendants had been jailed for unjust reasons. She described the unjust reasons as being for the most part adverse political opinions. In this connection in particular she mentioned the cases of HUEY P. NEWTON and also of ELDRIDGE CLEAVER, Minister of Information of the National Black Panther Party Organization.

STENDER advocated support of the Black Panther Party in anything which that organization desired to do. She described the Black Panther Party as the best thing to ever happen to the Afro-American people and said the organization deserved every effort possible in order to be able to prove its worth.

STENDER gave the impression of being a very articulate speaker and was able to hold the attention of the audience.

A characterization of the Black Panther Party appears in appendix attached hereto.

The next person to speak was RICHARD H. POPKIN, Professor of Philosophy, University of California at San Diego, San Diego, California.

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POLITICAL OPPRESSION TEACH-IN
SAN DIEGO STATE COLLEGE,
MAY 5, 1969

In his speech POPKIN outlined the assassinations in recent years of several prominent political and civil rights personalities in the United States. POPKIN contended that the assassins involved in these murders were actually employees of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and as such had been assigned secret numbers and had been given top secret clearances by the Federal Bureau of Investigation. To support his argument POPKIN made reference to several papers which he described as top secret documents and which he said showed that the assassins were undercover agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

POPKIN stated in his opinion there was something seriously wrong with a government that could go around hiring political assassins.

Following POPKIN's talk the majority of the audience got up and left and only about 150 people stayed to listen to the remaining two speakers.

JAMES BOGGIO of Los Angeles, California, was the next speaker. BOGGIO claimed to be a veteran of the Vietnam War and told a couple of stories about his own experiences in Vietnam.

BOGGIO stated that he was returned to the United States after being wounded and subsequently formed a group known as the GIs and Vietnam Veterans Against the War. BOGGIO also claimed to be the proprietor of a GI Coffee House at Los Angeles, California.

BOGGIO urged everyone to lend their support to the building of a GI Coffee House in the San Diego, California, area.

On February 18, 1969, SD T-2 advised that during early February, 1969 GEORGE JAMES BOGGIO was accepted as a member of the Los Angeles Branch - Young Socialist Alliance.

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A characterization of the Los Angeles Branch - Young Socialist Alliance appears in the appendix to this.

On March 20, 1969, SD T-3 advised that BOGGIO is the chairman of the GIs and Vietnam Veterans Against the War (GIVVAW).

SD T-4 advised on March 9, 1969 that the GIs and Vietnam Veterans Against the War is a recently formed organization in the Los Angeles, California, area composed of veterans and sympathizers against the war in Vietnam. The GIs and Vietnam Veterans Against the War has recently come under the control and domination of the Los Angeles Branch - Young Socialist Alliance.

The final speaker was DONALD FREED also of Los Angeles, California, and described as the author of "The Rosenberg Trial".

SD T-1 advised FREED began his address by referring to the trial of JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG who were convicted of conspiring to furnish atomic secrets to the Soviet Union during World War II. FREED said he felt the ROSENBERGS committed no crime as once the Atom Bomb was manufactured the process would have soon been in the hands of other nations anyway.

FREED expressed the opinion that the ROSENBERGS were convicted only because no one else was willing to stand by them during their trial. He said he expected there would be numerous arrests made in the near future of people in the New Left. He called for people in the New Left to stand together at that time and support each other.

FREED referred to non-violence as the weapon or tactic of the brave. He said those students who believe in non-violence should practice and train in such things as first aid. He suggested hunger strikes as one way for them to express themselves.

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POLITICAL OPPRESSION TEACH-IN,
SAN DIEGO STATE COLLEGE,
MAY 5, 1969

FREED then said students who believe in violence should also practice and train and mentioned sabotage of military bases or installations as a possible avenue of action.

FREED indicated the United States will soon pull out of Vietnam. He said the New Left should claim credit for preparing the United States for defeat in Vietnam, and it should now work toward preparing the United States for defeat in the coming social revolution. He described this revolution as being necessarily violent in nature as there could be no true social revolution without violence.

(SD T-1, May 8, 1969)

On April 21, 1969, SD T-5 stated that DONALD MARTIN FREED is a leader of the New Left movement and had been involved in the past in inciting demonstrators to storm the University of California at Los Angeles Placement Center. He has made statements calling for the "Defeat of the United States" and for "A Fight Against the Establishment".

With the conclusion of FREED's remarks the Teach-In was recessed for one hour to enable the participants to eat dinner.

At 8:00 p.m. the Teach-In was reconvened and was broken up into workshop groups each presided over by one of the four speakers. The workshops consisted of discussions centered around the subject matter presented by the various speakers. The workshops were very poorly attended.

No disturbances or incidents of violence occurred.
(SD T-1, May 8, 1969)

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APPENDIX

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by Bobby George Seale, BPP Chairman, and Huey P. Newton, BPP Minister of Defense. Newton is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther," which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service," states that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, George Mason Murray, which ends with the following:

"Black men, Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves. The only culture worth keeping is a revolutionary culture. Change. Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black Power. Use the gun. Kill the pigs everywhere."

Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement "...we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it."

Issues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman MAO Tse-tung of the Peoples Republic of China and feature MAO's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun."

The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.

APPENDIX

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

APPENDIX

YOUNG SOCIALIST ALLIANCE - LOS ANGELES

On May 13, 1968, a source advised that in February, 1959, an unnamed organization was formed in Los Angeles by youth members of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) to support the newspaper "Young Socialist" (YS). This organization was formed as a result of the National Conference of Young Socialist Supporters held in Detroit, Michigan, in December, 1958, where a loose national organization was created around the YS with headquarters in New York City.

The organization remained unnamed, although commonly referred to as the Los Angeles Committee of Young Socialist Supporters (LACYSS) until February, 1960, when they adopted the name Young Socialist Alliance (YSA).

A second National Conference of YS Supporters was held April 15-17, 1960, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, at which the national organization YSA was created. The YSA at Los Angeles is an integral part of the national organization and receives its directives from YSA Headquarters in New York City.

The YSA in Los Angeles is actually the youth organization of the SWP and follows the SWP aims and purposes to the letter.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

APPENDIX

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

San Diego, California
June 26, 1969

Title POLITICAL OPPRESSION TEACH-IN
 SAN DIEGO STATE COLLEGE
 MAY 5, 1969

Character

Reference Letterhead memorandum
 dated and captioned as
 above at San Diego.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC, SAN DIEGO (100-14584) (c)

SUBJECT: POLITICAL OPPRESSION TEACH-IN,
SAN DIEGO STATE COLLEGE,
MAY 5, 1969
SM - ANA

DATE: 6/26/69

Re San Diego airtel to Los Angeles dated 5/7/69, and Los Angeles airtel to San Diego dated 5/13/69.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten(10) copies of a Letterhead Memorandum suitable for dissemination. Enclosed for Los Angeles are two (2) copies and for San Francisco two (2) copies of the Letterhead Memorandum. *cc: 2/*

For the information of San Francisco, CHARLES GARRY, Attorney for HUEY P. NEWTON, was originally scheduled to speak at the Teach-In, but due to illness was unable to attend and FAY STENDER, described as a law partner of GARRY, spoke in his place. *Index*

The sources of information utilized in the Letterhead Memorandum are as follows:

Identity of Source

File Where Located

SD T-1 is

100-14584

SD T-2 is

100-14584

SD T-3 is

100-14584

SD T-4 is

100-14584

SD T-5 is

100-14584

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

2- Bureau (Encs 10) (REGISTERED)

3- Los Angeles (2- 100-72852) (Encs 2) (REGISTERED)

(1- 100-67274)

(2) San Francisco (Encs 2) (REGISTERED)

5- San Diego (2- 100-14584)

(1- 100-13701)

(1- 100-13313)

(1- 100-14589)

SLC:orb/cab

(12)

SERIALIZED FILED

JUN 1 2 34 PM '69

FBI-SAN FRANCISCO

100-49931-117

SD 100-14564

This Letterhead Memorandum is being marked confidential as it contains information attributable to informants of continuing value to the Bureau.

- 2 -

FBI

Date: 10/13/69

Transmit the following in

CODE
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via TELETYPE

URGENT
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-7321) ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (61-363) DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4-BJA/CB

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD IS - C, INTERNAL SECURITY ACT
OF NINETEEN FIFTY

~~RECEIVED 10/13/69~~
SAN FRANCISCO CHAPTER OF THE NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD (NLG)
AT TWELVE NOON THIS DATE, HELD A DEMONSTRATION IN FRONT OF
THE SAN FRANCISCO FEDERAL BUILDING AND COURTHOUSE, FOUR FIVE
ZERO GOLDEN GATE AVENUE, SAN FRANCISCO. APPROXIMATELY
SEVENTY PERSONS, CARRYING SIGNS READING AS FOLLOWS "SUPPORT
ANGELA DAVIS", "FREE ALL POLITICAL PRISONERS", "SUPPORT
CHICAGO EIGHT" AND THEIR ATTORNEYS", "END VIOLENCE BY PEACE
OFFICERS" AND "COPS OFF CAMPUS" WERE OBSERVED BY SAS OF THE
FBI AS THEY PARADED IN FRONT OF THE MAIN ENTRANCE OF THE
FEDERAL BUILDING.

ABOUT TWELVE THIRTY P.M. PORTABLE LOUDSPEAKERS WERE
SET UP IN FRONT OF THE MAIN ENTRANCE OF THE FEDERAL BUILDING
AND THE DEMONSTRATORS WERE ADDRESSED BY MICHAEL KENNEDY,
WHO INTRODUCED HIMSELF AS AN ATTORNEY WHO WAS RECENTLY CHARGED
WITH CONTEMPT IN CHICAGO IN CONNECTION WITH THE CHICAGO EIGHT.

RWJ/rlg
(1)

Serialized OK
Indexed OK
Filed OK

Approved: CUB

Sent

Per OK

100-449951-118

67-363-1202

F B I

Date:

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via _____
(Priority)

SF 61-363

PAGE TWO

HE TOLD THE GROUP OF ABOUT ONE HUNDRED FIFTY PERSONS ^{then assembled} HE WAS ENCOURAGED BY THE NUMBER OF LAWYERS AND INTERESTED PERSONS WHO TURNED OUT TODAY TO OBJECT TO "UNPRECEDENTED HARRASSMENT" OF THE LAWYERS WHO ARE DEFENDING THE POLITICAL "OFFENDERS" IN CHICAGO. HE URGED THOSE ATTORNEYS PRESENT TO SIGN A TELEGRAM BEING PASSED THROUGH THE GROUP, PROTESTING THE COURTS ATTEMPT IN CHICAGO TO CUT OFF DISSENT AND IN TURN, CONTINUE SUPPORT OF THE MINORITY GROUPS.

KENNEDY THEN INTRODUCED EAY STENDER, AN ATTORNEY FROM BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA, DAN SEIGAL, PRESIDENT IN EXILE, ASSOCIATED STUDENTS UNIVERSITY CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY (ASUC) AND ROGER ALVARADO, IDENTIFIED AS A SPOKESMAN FOR THE THIRD WORLD LIBERATION FRONT, WHICH HAS DESCRIBED ITSELF AS "IT OPPOSED ^S to THE OPPRESSIVE ENSLAVERY AND COLONIALIST SYSTEM IN THE UNITED STATES AND IT WAS DEDICATED TO PREPARING FOR A PRO-LONGED STRUGGLE FOR FREEDOM IN ASIA, AFRICA AND LATIN AMERICA, AS WELL AS THE UNITED STATES."

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

F B I

Date:

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via _____
(Priority)

SF 61-363

PAGE THREE

STENDER, SIEGAL AND ALVARADO ALL ADDRESSED THE GROUP AND DIRECTED THEIR REMARKS TO THE CRITICISM OF THE JUDICIAL SYSTEM IN THE UNITED STATES TODAY. THEY PARTICULARLY EMPHASIZED THAT THE COURTS AS THEY NOW EXIST WERE ORGANIZED SELECTED AND DIRECTED BY THE MONIED CLASS IN ORDER TO RETAIN THEIR STATUS AND TO MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE "OPPRESSED MAJORITY" WOULD CONTINUE TO BE SUBSERVIENT TO THE FAVORED "MINORITY GROUP."

THE DEMONSTRATION REMAINED PEACEFUL AND ENDED AT APPROXIMATELY ONE FIFTEEN P.M. THERE WERE NO ARRESTS OR INCIDENTS

THE NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD HAS BEEN DESCRIBED AS A COMMUNIST FRONT WHICH "IS THE LEGAL BULWARK OF THE CP, ITS FRONT ORGANIZATIONS AND CONTROL UNITS" AND SINCE INCEPTION, HAS NEVER FAILED TO RALLY TO THE LEGAL DEFENSE OF THE CP AND INDIVIDUAL MEMBERS THEREOF.

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

F B I

Date:

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via _____
(Priority)

SF 61-363

PAGE FOUR

ADMINISTRATIVE*Re SF Teletype 9/29/69*

SAS OF THE FBI WHO OBSERVED THIS DEMONSTRATION WERE:

MICHAEL T. GEARY, ROBERT W. JEFFERIS, DIRK A. MERRILL, LEO A.
SCHON, AND JAMES DUNPHY. NO LHM IS BEING SUBMITTED.

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE SAN FRANCISCO	OFFICE OF ORIGIN SAN FRANCISCO	DATE 2/17/71	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 2/5-16/71
TITLE OF CASE CHANGED EVELLE YOUNGER, Attorney General, State of California; HENRY W. KERR, Chairman, Adult Authority; RAYMOND K. PROCUNIER, Director California Department of Corrections; WILLIAM CURTIS, District Attorney, Monterey, California; GEORGE LESTER JACKSON, FLEETA DRUMGO, JOHN WESLEY CLUTCHETTE - VICTIMS		REPORT MADE BY CHARACTER OF CASE CIVIL RIGHTS	TYPED BY dak
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB			

Title marked changed to include the names of HENRY W. KERR, RAYMOND K. PROCUNIER, and WILLIAM CURTIS, as Subjects. Title in previous communication carried Subjects: as; EVELLE YOUNGER, Attorney General State of California, ET AL.

REFERENCE

San Francisco airtel to Director dated 2/5/71.

-C-

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						<input type="checkbox"/> NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			
								PENDING OVER ONE YEAR <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
								PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
APPROVED		SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE		DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW				
COPIES MADE:								
2-Bureau (12 enclosures) 1-USA, San Francisco (5 enclosures) ①-San Francisco (44-1056)								
Dissemination Record of Attached Report								
Agency								
Request Recd.								
Date Fwd.								
How Fwd.								
By								

COVER PAGE

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1970 O-375-139

100-49931-119

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

1-USA, SAN FRANCISCO (5 encls.)

Report of:

CARL A. GOSTING

Office: SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.

Date:

February 17, 1971

Field Office File #:

44-1058

Bureau File #:

Title:

EVELLE YOUNGER, Attorney General, State of California;
HENRY W. KERR, Chairman, Adult Authority;
RAYMOND K. PROCUNIER, Director California Department
of Corrections; WILLIAM CURTIS, District Attorney,
Monterey, California; GEORGE LESTER JACKSON, FLEETA
DRUMGO, JOHN WESLEY CLUTCHETTE - VICTIMS

Character:
XXXXXX

Character:

CIVIL RIGHTS

Synopsis:

Captain C.E. MOODY, CTF, advises no inmates have received special and favored treatment, or promised same to act as witnesses for the State in MILLS murder. To contrary, State witnesses have been locked in protective custody, and had to give up privileges. MOODY further states Department of Corrections officials have gone to great lengths and expense to see that defense attorneys have been able to interview inmate witnesses. No interviews have been denied to the defense. Five inmates interviewed at CTF, advised they signed form indicating they did not desire interview with defense counsels, but did so out of personal choice, not fear of prison reprisal or denial of parole. MOODY informs that certain Correctional Officers have filed suit against inmate CARL TSOURAS and his attorneys for allegations made by TSOURAS that the officers offered him special favors if he killed another inmate. MOODY states that prison records reflect one officer named in that allegation was in Canada on vacation, and the other two were off work on leave, at the time the incident was to have taken place. Five inmates interviewed at CTF, advised they indicated on forms that they did not desire interview by defense counsel, but did so on own free will. None of these inmates refused interview out of fear of reprisal or denial of parole. Inmate LUTHER ARNOLD, B-10328,

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/13/03 BY Sp4 BJA/CB

SF 44-1058
CAG/dak

advises Attorney RICHARD SILVER tried to get him to testify that he saw the three defendants, JACKSON, DIRUMGO, and CLUTCHETTE, in a TV room the night of the murder. Inmate ARNOLD CHASE, B-21933, advises an Attorney, he believes to be JOHN THORNE, made threats to him on his person and family. CHASE informs that the Attorney asked him to forget what he saw, and not testify against his own people. Inmate DONALD RAYMOND HALE, formerly incarcerated CTF, interviewed at CMF, Vacaville. Results set out.

-C-

ENCLOSURES

One copy of each of the following are enclosed for the USA's Office: California Department of Corrections, Institute order #91; CTF Institute order #76; CTF memo to E.K. BARNES, dated 4/14/70; 2 page memo from T.S. RODRIGUEZ and C.E. MOODY to EDWARD K. BARNES, dated 2/5/71; 1 page memo from T.S. RODRIGUEZ to MEKB, dated 1/25/71.

DETAILS

This is a preliminary investigation.

United States Attorney (USA) JAMES L. BROWNING, JR., San Francisco, California, furnished a copy of a civil action #c-71 146, which was filed in United States District Court, San Francisco, California, on January 26, 1971. Mr. BROWNING suggested that this complaint be reviewed and a preliminary investigation be conducted to ascertain if the allegations contained therein may possibly violate Title 18, United States Code, Sections 241 and/or 242. Mr. BROWNING requested that interviews be conducted with logical persons to develop facts concerning the allegations made in the civil action.

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CAG/dak

GEORGE JACKSON, FLETTA DRUMGO, and JOHN CLUTCHETTE, inmates of the California Department of Corrections, have been indicted in the State of California, and have been charged with assault and murder of a Correctional Officer. The civil complaint alleges in part that plaintiffs JACKSON, DRUMGO, and CLUTCHETTE were deprived of the rights, privileges and immunities secured by the Constitution of the United States of America and in particular, in the criminal case pending against them they were deprived of effective assistance of counsel, the right to confront witnesses, due process of law, equal protection of law and freedom from the bonds of slavery.

On February 9, 1971, SA THOMAS P. GRIFFIN, Sacramento Field Office, notified HERBERT ELLINGWOOD of the Governor's Office, State of California, that instant investigation was being conducted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). On that same date, SA GRIFFIN also notified the office of EVELLE YOUNGER, Attorney General, state of California, of this investigation.

On February 11, 1971, JERI ENOMOTO, Deputy Superintendant, Correctional Training Facility, Soledad, California, was advised by SA CARL A. GOSTING of the investigation being conducted by the FBI.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

2/17/71

Date

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C. E. MOODY, an employee of the California State Department of Corrections, voluntarily appeared at the Salinas Resident Agency of the FBI, 100 West Alisal Street, Room 216. THOMAS P. DOWD, JR. and CARL A. GOSTING identified themselves as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, verbally and through display of official credential cards. Further, MOODY was advised of the purpose of the investigation being conducted by these Agents.

MOODY advised that he knew nearly a week ago that Attorneys FAY STENDER, JOHN THORNE and others had filed a complaint in United States District Court (USDC), alleging deprivation of rights from certain inmates of the Correctional Training Facility. He wondered just when he would be contacted in this regard. He would not divulge his source of the information.

MOODY advised that early in May 1970, FAY STENDER and JOHN THORNE requested interviews with all of the inmates who had been housed in "Y" Wing of the Correctional Training Facility (CTF) on January 16, 1971, when Correctional Officer JOHN MILLS was murdered by inmates in that wing. MOODY stated that he consulted with the California Deputy Attorney General on this matter, and was furnished the text of a form which was to pass out to the involved inmates. MOODY stated this form was then typed up at Correctional Training Facility (CTF), in the exact form furnished him by the Attorney General's Office. This form explained to the inmates that the defense counsel for GEORGE JACKSON, ET AL, had made a request to interview all inmates who were housed in "Y" Wing on January 16, 1970. The form provided a space for the inmates to indicate whether they did or did not want to be interviewed. He stated that he has documented figures in his files at CTF which show the results of this inquiry form. As he recalls, a large majority of the inmates returned the form, with indication they did not want to be interviewed in the matter. Later, when STENDER and THORNE showed up to interview inmates, these questionnaire type forms

On 2/10/71 at SALINAS, CALIFORNIA File # SI 44-1058

by SA THOMAS P. DOWD, JR.
SA CARL A. GOSTING/dak Date dictated 2/10/71

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CAG/dak

were presented to the Attorneys. The Attorneys flatly rejected the forms, stating that "how were they to know that the inmates names which appeared on the forms, really signed the forms." After rejecting the forms, the Attorneys requested to interview all of the inmates in "Y" wing.

MOODY advised that the officials at CTF cooperated to the fullest extent of the institution regulations and then some to oblige the Attorneys. He stated that an example was the extension of normal visiting hours. Normal visiting hours at that time were from 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. The officials at CTF extended this time from approximately 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. He stated this resulted in many overtime hours worked, and a great expense to the State. A good number of the inmates called in for interviews by STENDER and THORNE refused to talk to them, and some inmates even made comments to the Correctional Officers on duty that they wanted nothing to do with this group of Attorneys.

MOODY stated that at no time did any inmates who furnished information against JACKSON, DRUMGO and CLUCHETTE, receive any promises of preferred treatment or early release date in exchange for their testimony. In fact, inmates that were developed or volunteered as witnesses for the State in that case, had to make sacrifices. He explained that they were locked in maximum security for their own protection. Because of this action, they lost out on normal privileges available to them. These inmates were unable to attend vocational or educational classes, unable to receive visitors, missed out on movie privileges, and certain other privileges they would have normally been intitled too.

MOODY advised that a number of inmates were transferred from "Y" Wing a short time after the murder of Officer MILLS. These transfers were in no way designed to prevent the defense Attorneys for the accused from interviewing these inmates. He stated that some of these transfers were normal transfer process, some were work furlough releases, others population reduction, inmate requests for transfers, security reasons, changes in program design, and even some were management transfers for classification purposes.

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SF 44-1058
CAG/dak

MOODY stated at this point, that he would like to resume the interview at another time when he can produce documented material from his files which will have bearing on this matter. He stated that he preferred not to rely totally on memory during interview. MOODY stated that he would review and assemble his material, and be available later for continuation of the interview.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 2/17/71

ARNOLD RICKEY CHASE, CSP #B-21933, an inmate at Correctional Training Facility, was contacted at the barracks gate of the South Facility at that institution. CHASE was orally advised of the identity of Special Agent CARL A. GOSTING of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and was shown an official credential card by this Agent. CHASE was further advised of the purpose of the investigation being conducted by this Agent.

CHASE advised that he was not confined in 'Y' wing during January, 1970, when a Correctional Officer was killed by inmates in that wing. His only knowledge of that killing is second hand information, and from the newspaper. However, he has considerable first hand knowledge of the murder of another Correctional Officer at the prison.

He advised that an Officer SHAW was killed by inmates at the North Facility of the prison in July, 1970. He has furnished statements to the Monterey County District Attorney's Office in that case, and will act as a State witness against the seven defendants. In that case, the seven defendants are known to him as O. C. ALLEN, PUNCHY WAGNER, JIMMIE JAMES, PIJO WATSON, ALFRED DON, JESSIE PHILLIPS and ROOSEVELT WILLIAMS. He had been a member of an Afro-American Culture Group at North Facility, along with these seven inmates and other blacks. During these sessions, plans were made by the inmates to kill a white inmate. He acted like a bad dude, and went along with the plans. However, when the appointed time came, he chickened out.

The above mentioned inmates went to a yard shack to get their hidden knives to seek out and kill a white inmate chosen by the group. He stayed behind. Apparently Officer SHAW saw these inmates enter the shack, and went to investigate. As it turned out, SHAW was killed. When the prison officials started their investigation, he knew he was in danger from the seven other inmates because he had backed out on the plans and knew too much. So, he asked the prison officials to lock him up for his own protection. After he told them his story, the prison officials have maintained him in protective custody.

On 2/10/71 at Soledad, California File # SF 44-1058

by SA CARL A. GOSTING/mcr Date dictated 2/11/71

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SF 44-1058
CAG/mer

In October, 1970, he was visited in prison by two Attorneys. They identified themselves as counsel for the defendants, meaning the seven defendants commonly known as the 'Soledad 7'. He does not recall the names given him by these Attorneys. One of the Attorneys, a white male, age about 35, who wore a red beard, did most of the talking. This man told him that some of his family could get hurt on account of him. This man mentioned also that his mother's business (CHASE's mother) could burn down, if he insisted on testifying against his people. The Attorney with the beard also told him, "If I were in your shoes, I would forget what I know", "...forget everything, and do not testify against your people, because you are alive but dead if you do testify."

At that point in the interview, he got mad at the bearded Attorney and walked out of the room. Neither of these Attorneys have tried to contact him since. He was too afraid at the time to mention this interview to the prison officials. These men seemed to know where his family lived, and he was afraid they might carry out their threats.

The names of Attorneys ROBERT REGLI, ROBERT BARTELS, SVELDON OTIS, JOHN THORNE, FAY STENDER, FLOYD SILLIMAN, RICHARD SILVER and ELAINE STENDER were read off clearly to CHASE. He was asked if any of these names could have been used by the Attorneys who questioned him in the threatening manner. He stated that he is fairly sure that the Attorney with the red beard gave his name as JOHN THORNE. However, he is not entirely positive of this.

CHASE is described as follows:

Race
Sex
Date of Birth
Place of Birth
Height
Weight

Negro
Male

FOIA b 6

5'11"
160 pounds

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 2/17/71

C. E. MOODY, an employee of the California State Department of Corrections, voluntarily appeared at the Salinas Resident Agency of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, 100 West Alisal Street, Room 216. THOMAS P. DOWD and CARL A. GOSTING identified themselves to MOODY as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, verbally and through display of official credential cards. MOODY was further advised of the purpose of the investigation being conducted.

MOODY advised that on January 16, 1970, there were 144 inmates assigned to "Y" Wing at the central facility of the correctional training facility. He stated, of that 144, 14 were out of the wing on work assignments or at other locations at the time Correctional Officer JOHN MILLS was murdered in Y Wing. MOODY stated that prison records are available to establish this fact. MOODY made available a typed sheet prepared by his office and submitted to the Monterey County District Attorney's Office on April 14, 1970. This sheet contains a listing by name and prison number of all inmates who were in Y Wing on January 16, 1970 and have since been transferred to other institutions. He stated that as of April 14, 1970, 38 inmates have been transferred from Y Wing or paroled. Of the 38 inmates transferred, 15 of that total are State's witnesses in the murder case of Officer JOHN MILLS. He stated, these inmates were obviously transferred for security and protective custody purposes. He further advised that the remaining 23 inmates transfers were normal institutional procedure and could have been for varying reasons. He emphatically denied that any of these inmates transfers were performed for the specific purpose of denying attorneys access to interviewing these inmates. He stated that this list was prepared on April 14, 1970 and submitted to the District Attorney's Office, as this is the date that the defense attorneys for GEORGE JACKSON, FLEETA DRUMGO

On 2/11/71 at Salinas, California File # SF 44-1058

SAs THOMAS P. DOWD &
by CARL A. GOSTING gpkv Date dictated 2/12/71

SF 44-1058

CAG/pkv

and JOHN CLUTCHETTE requested interviews with all inmates of Y Wing.

MOODY advised that when the defense attorneys, JOHN THORNE and FAY STENDER, requested interviews with all of the inmates in Y Wing, he personally consulted with both the Monterey County District Attorney's Office and the State of California Attorney General's Office. He stated that Deputy Attorney General LAWRENCE MANSIR, drafted a form type questionnaire to be distributed to the inmates of Y Wing. This form was prepared at the institution and distributed to the inmates of Y Wing, so that they could indicate their desire to be interviewed by the defense attorneys for JACKSON, DRUMGO, and CLUTCHETTE.

MOODY advised that the records maintained by his office reflect that 101 of these forms were returned to his office by the inmates. Seventy nine inmates indicated that they did not wish to be interviewed by the defense attorneys, and 22 indicated that they did want to be interviewed. He stated that his office passed out an additional form to the 22 who had indicated that they did want to be interviewed. This form contained a space for them to mark whether they wanted a member of the staff present during the interviews or not. He stated that all 22 of these forms were returned to his office, 18 inmates indicated that they wanted no institutional staff present during interviews, and four indicated they wanted the staff present.

MOODY advised that, upon the arrival of attorneys FAY STENDER and JOHN THORNE at the institution, he provided the above mentioned forms to these attorneys. These forms were flatly rejected by the attorneys, as they felt the institution was picking the inmates they desired to be interviewed. MOODY has a handwritten memo in his files signed by attorney FAY STENDER reflecting that

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SF 44-1058

CAG/pkv

she believed the inmates were preinterviewed and selected for identification as those to be interviewed by her staff. STENDER states in her memo that she would prefer alphabetical interviews of everyone in the wing.

MOODY advised that all rooms of Unit II in the central facility at the institution were provided for FAY STENDER, JOHN THORNE, and their staff to conduct inmate interviews. He stated these interviews were conducted in the first week of May, 1970. He stated that in the five to six days these interviews lasted, the attorneys and the inmates were provided complete privacy in the Unit II interview rooms. He stated there were three to four attorneys present at all times during the interview sessions. He stated his staff cooperated fully and made available the inmates from Y Wing. He stated the attorneys terminated their interview sessions at their own accord, and have not recontacted the institution for more interviews of inmates in the Y Wing.

He advised that during these interview sessions, FAY STENDER and JOHN THORNE made request of the Department of Corrections to bring in Black extremist ANGELA DAVIS as a cultural advisor. STENDER and THORNE first made this request on the basis of an allegation that ANGELA DAVIS was an investigator. This request was denied by the institution, as they had public knowledge of DAVIS' background and knew that she was not a qualified investigator; and therefore, not entitled to coming in for interviews under the institutional regulations. He stated that STENDER and THORNE made a second request to bring ANGELA DAVIS into the prison as a "cultural investigator". He stated that this request was also denied for administrative purposes.

MOODY advised that after the discovery of the murder of the Correctional Officer, JOHN MILLS on January 16, 1970, he and his staff interrogated inmates

from approximately 8 p.m. on that date to 2 a.m. on January 17, 1970. He stated at that hour the interviews were terminated, as the names of anywhere from two to five inmates had been obtained and indicated by witnesses as the responsables or prime suspects in the murder of MILLS. He stated that at that time five inmates from Y Wing were locked in the maximum security and advised of their rights at that time. MOODY stated that no other interviews were conducted by his staff at that time. He stated two or three days later the five inmates locked in the maximum security were again interviewed by himself, officials of the prison, and the District Attorney's Office. He stated that subsequently, three of these five suspects were formally charged with the murder of Officer MILLS. He stated that since that time, the other two who were thought to be suspects, have been paroled. He stated that any other interviews of inmates in Y Wing since that time have been conducted as investigative techniques or at the request of the inmates involved.

MOODY advised that the only promise given to State's prosecution witnesses in the murder case of Officer MILLS have been to provide these inmates with protection while they are in the Department of Correction care. He stated this promise was made to the inmates and will be carried out to the best of the ability of the employees of the Department of Corrections. He stated that in offering testimony and accepting this protection, the inmates involved have been deprived of any privileges normally granted to them. He stated among those privileges are scheduled visiting, vocational programs, recreational facilities, educational programs, regular movie attendance, and freedom to be housed on a medium security wing. He stated in addition, some of the witnesses had parole dates set and had to give up their 72 hour attendance passes. He stated that these passes are given to inmates who have a parole date set.

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CAG/pkv

MOODY advised that counsel for the defendants in the MILL's case have never been denied interview with inmates of Y Wing or any other section of the institution. He stated that every request for interview which has been in accordance with the institutional rules has been allowed and inmates have been made available to the attorneys. He stated he is aware that the attorneys for the defendants have claimed the institution has used harassment tactics by watching them interview the defendants. He stated that actually this is institutional procedure and is for the protection of the attorney (one of which was a female) and was due largely in part to the high violence potential of the inmates being interviewed.

MOODY advised that the entire Y Wing inmate population was placed in lockup for 16 to 18 days following the murder of Officer MILLS. He stated this was procedures so that the officials could complete the investigation of the murder. He stated that the five suspects and some extreme behavioral problem inmates were segregated from Y Wing. He stated these extreme behavioral problem inmates were segregated because of their continuing efforts to disrupt things in the wing. He advised that palm prints were taken from all inmates housed in Y Wing, and compared with the bloody palm print found on a metal railing in the wing after the murder of MILLS. He stated that the examining laboratory came back with a report and stated that the palm print of inmate CLARENCE MORGAN matched the palm print found on the railing. He stated that he personally interviewed inmate MORGAN and advised MORGAN of his rights. At that time MORGAN stated he did not want to talk to them but said he would talk at a later date. MOODY stated that he went to Folsom Prison 30 days later to visit with MORGAN, and MORGAN told him, "Man, I won't talk till I'm out of here". MOODY stated that he personally made the recommendation that this inmate be transferred to CMC, San Luis Obispo, California, a minimum security institution. MORGAN stated that he would contact MOODY when he was ready to talk about the murder. MOODY stated that he has not been contacted by MORGAN since that time, and has not attempted to reinterview him.

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CAG/pkv

MOODY advised that he is aware of allegations made by inmate CARL TSOURAS and another inmate by the name of MENEWEATHER. He stated that TSOURAS has alleged that he was approached by three prison employees and offered special favors for murdering another inmate; namely, THOMAS MENEWEATHER. MOODY stated that the three prison employees named by TSOURAS as being responsible for this offer have since filed a civil suit on their own against TSOURAS, MENEWEATHER and their attorneys because of this allegation. He stated that prison personnel records can substantiate that none of the three prison officials alleged to have made this offer were on duty at the prison at the time. He stated that one of the officers was in Canada on vacation, and the other two officers were on their days off.

MOODY advised that in his personal opinion, the offers by FAY STENDER and JOHN THORNE and the other associated attorneys to provide counsel for Y Wing inmates at their adult authority hearings is an attempt by these attorneys to influence the inmates to furnish testimony in behalf of the defendants. He stated that it is quite logical that an inmate would accept such an offer of counsel and probable parole in exchange for testifying to any facts that the defense would require or request of them. He stated this is only a personal belief and has no actual facts to substantiate this. However, he has been advised and is aware that several inmates; for instance, LUTHER ARNOLD and DONALD HALE have been approached by either FAY STENDER or one of her associates and asked to furnish false testimony.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 2/17/71

LUTHER EDGAR ARNOLD, CSP #B-10328, an inmate at Correctional Training Facility, was contacted at the Central Services Office of that institution. ARNOLD was orally advised of the identity of Special Agents THOMAS P. DOWD, JR. and CARL A. GOSTING of the FBI, and was shown an official credential card by these agents. ARNOLD was further advised of the purpose of the investigation being conducted by these Agents.

ARNOLD advised that he is now housed in "A" Wing at the institution, but in January, 1970, he was housed in "Y" Wing at the institution. On the night of January 16, 1970, when a Correctional Officer named MILLS was murdered in "Y" Wing, he was not present. He stated that at the time the murder occurred, he was out of the wing and was watching television in the television room.

He recalled that a questionnaire type form was circulated to the inmates of "Y" Wing, inquiring as to whether they desired to be interviewed by defense attorney's for the persons charged in the murder of Correctional Officer MILLS. He recalls that the form stated that an inmate should indicate whether he did or did not want to be interviewed by the attorneys. He stated that he indicated on the form given him that he did not want to be interviewed. He signed it this way because he did not observe any of the events surrounding the murder of Officer MILLS, and further, had no knowledge of that event. He strictly did not want to get involved. He stated that there were no promises made to him or threats made to him by officials of the Prison to influence his signing the questionnaire form to the negative that he did not want to be interviewed.

At the time, he knew of many other inmates who signed the questionnaire stating they did not want to be interviewed. He stated their reasons were about the same as his,

On 2/12/71 at Soledad, California File # SP 44-1058

by SAs THOMAS P. DOWD, JR. &

CARL A. GOSTING:jab Date dictated 2/15/71

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they just didn't want to become involved with the whole thing. He knows of no single case of intimidation of the inmates by prison officials in regards to the answer they should have placed on this form.

He stated that in March or April, 1970, he was interviewed by an attorney named RICHARD SILVER and a young female attorney concerning the MILLS murder. Attorney SILVER showed him photographs of the defendants in that murder case, and photographs of certain witnesses. He was asked if he knew the defendants or the witnesses. He truthfully told them at the time that he did not recognize the people in the photographs. He explained to SILVER and the female attorney that he was in the television room at the time of the murder and saw nothing.

At that point, Attorney SILVER asked him to testify that he saw the defendants in the TV room on the night of the murder. He told them he couldn't because he really doesn't recall who was in the TV room that night. He stated he wasn't about to testify that he did see the defendants in the TV room, if in fact he doesn't recall if he did or not.

Throughout the interview, Attorney SILVER kept asking him if he was sure that he didn't see any of the defendants in the TV room on the night of the murder.

He advised that sometime later, he received a letter from the National Lawyers Guild, asking if he wanted them to represent him when he was subpoenaed to testify in the trial of the defendants charged with murdering Officer MILLS. He stated that he signed this form in the affirmative, because he was looking out for himself. He explained this by stating he knew he would get a trip out of the prison to testify, and he knew that someone would furnish him coffee and cigarette money in a place they might be confined while awaiting to testify.

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CAG:jab

He further advised that in January, 1971, he was interviewed at the prison by another lady attorney by the name of RHINE. This attorney stated that she represented the National Lawyers Guild, and indicated that she was not for either side, meaning that she was not gathering evidence for the defendants in the case or for the state. He stated that this attorney's words were very carefully placed, but there was a strong inference that if he would help the defendants, he would be given help by the National Lawyers Guild when he next goes to the parole board. He stated that he has been interviewed by many attorneys in the past, and although this lady did not specifically state, he understood her very clearly on this point.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 2/17/71

GORDON WAYNE EARL, CSP #A-94162, an inmate at Correctional Training Facility, was contacted in the Central Services Office of that institution. EARL was orally advised of the identity of Special Agents THOMAS P. DOWD, JR. and CARL A. GOSTING of the FBI, and was shown an official credential card by these Agents. EARL was further advised of the purpose of the investigation being conducted by these Agents.

EARL advised that he was housed as an inmate in "Y" Wing at this institution on January 16, 1970, when Correctional Officer MILLS was killed by inmates in that wing. He stated that he did not observe the murder, neither did he observe any events leading up to the murder. Further, he didn't even know that the murder was coming off.

Sometime after the murder of Officer MILLS, a questionnaire type form was circulated by the officials to the inmates of "Y" Wing. This form was self explanatory, and informed the inmates that attorneys for the defense of the subjects charged in the MILLS murder wanted to interview inmates housed in "Y" Wing. This form had a space indicated where the inmates should check off whether they did or did not want to be interviewed in this matter by the defense attorneys. He stated that he checked off that he did not want to be interviewed in this matter and returned the form to the prison officials.

He advised that his reason for indicating he did not want to be interviewed, was strictly that he felt he knew nothing and could be of no help.

On 2/12/71 at Soledad, California File # SF 44-1058

SAs THOMAS P. DOWD, JR. &
by CARL A. GOSTING:jab Date dictated 2/15/71

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In signing that he did not want to be interviewed, there was absolutely no fear of reprisal from the prison officials in his mind. He stated every inmate was given a free choice to check off on the form exactly as they desired. He knows of no instances where inmates felt that if they signed that they wanted to be interviewed, that they would have a fear of reprisal from the prison officials or the parole board.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 2/17/71

EARL J. HALSTEAD, CSP #A-84917, an inmate at Correctional Training Facility, was contacted at the Central Services Office at that institution. HALSTEAD was orally advised of the identities of Special Agents THOMAS F. DOWD, JR. and CARL A. GOSTING of the FBI, and was shown an official credential card by these Agents. HALSTEAD was further advised of the purpose of the investigation being conducted by these Agents.

HALSTEAD advised that he was housed in "Y" Wing of the institution during January, 1970 at the time Correctional Officer MILLS was killed by inmates in that wing. He stated that he did not observe the murder and had no actual first hand knowledge of the murder. He advised that he was not in a vantage point at the time the murder occurred where he could have observed anything.

HALSTEAD advised that sometime after the murder of Officer MILLS, the prison circulated a questionnaire type form to the inmates of "Y" Wing, inquiring as to who desired to be interviewed by the attorneys for the defendants in the MILLS murder case. He recalls that there was space on the form for the inmates to indicate whether they wanted to be interviewed or did not want to be interviewed. He stated that he signed the form indicating he did not want to be interviewed, because he really didn't see anything, and felt he had nothing to offer. He advised that there was no threats from the prison officials, even on an implied basis, that any inmate indicating that he desired to be interviewed would suffer reprisal. He advised in his opinion, all of the inmates knew that they had the personal choice of being either interviewed or not being interviewed without any fear of harassment by the prison officials.

On 2/12/71 at Soledad, California File # SF 44-1058

SAs THOMAS P. DOWD, JR. & 20.

by CARL A. GOSTING:jab Date dictated 2/15/71

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CAG:jab

He reiterated that he had no personal fear of reprisal, and he would have indicated that his choice to be interviewed, but he felt that he just couldn't help by telling them that he knew nothing.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 2/17/711

JACK D. KNOBLOCK, CSF #B-17144, an inmate at Correctional Training Facility, was contacted at the Central Services Office of this institution. KNOBLOCK was orally advised of the identity of Special Agents THOMAS P. DOWD, JR. and CARL A. GOSTING of the FBI, and was shown an official credential card by these Agents. KNOBLOCK was further advised of the purpose of the investigation being conducted by these Agents.

KNOBLOCK advised that he was housed as an inmate in "Y" Wing at the institution on January 16, 1970, when an Officer MILLS was killed. He advised that he did not observe the murder of the Officer, and knew nothing about it until it was all over.

He advised that sometime after the murder of Officer MILLS, the prison officials circulated a form on which the inmates of "Y" Wing were to indicate whether they wanted to be interviewed or not by the defense attorneys for the accused in the MILLS murder. He recalled that he signed this form, and indicated that he did not want to be interviewed by the defense attorneys. He stated that he signed the form in this manner strictly because he knew nothing about the murder of MILLS, and wanted no involvement with the defense attorneys. He stated he had a free choice in signing the questionnaire form, and there was no threats from prison officials or no fear on his part of reprisal from the prison officials if he should have indicated he wanted to be interviewed.

He stated further he knows of no instance where an inmate was afraid to indicate he desired to be interviewed for fair reprisal from the prison officials.

On 2/12/71 at Soledad, California File # SF 44-1058

by SAs THOMAS P. DOWD, JR. & CARL A. GOSTING:jab 22 Date dictated 2/15/71

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 2/17/71

JAMES E. BEIER, CSP #A-85921, an inmate at Correctional Training Facility, was contacted at the Central Services Office of that institution. BEIER was orally advised of the identity of Special Agents CARL A. GOSTING and THOMAS P. DOWD, JR. of the FBI, and was shown an official credential card by these Agents. BEIER was further advised of the purpose of the investigation being conducted.

BEIER advised that he was an inmate housed in "Y" Wing of the institution in January, 1970, when Correctional Officer MILLS was killed in that wing. However, he was not in the wing at the time the murder occurred, because he was on a work assignment. He informed that he has no personal knowledge of the murder, and his only knowledge comes from what he has read in the paper and talk he has heard from the other inmates.

He stated that sometime after the murder of MILLS, prison officials circulated a form among the inmates of "Y" Wing, informing that the attorneys for defendants in the MILLS murder case desired to interview "Y" Wing inmates. This form indicated that each inmate should make his choice as to whether he wanted to be interviewed or did not want to be interviewed. BEIER stated that he marked this form indicating he did not want to be interviewed, because he personally felt that his becoming involved would conflict with his parole board date. He explained that this was purely a personal feeling, but he knew that this murder case would be a contriversional thing, and he didn't want to take any chances that his becoming involved would reflect unfavorably on him getting a parole.

He stated that he didn't know if the Parole Board would have even bothered to consider this aspect, but he didn't want to take a chance. He went on to say that he signed the questionnaire form of his own free will

On 2/12/71 at Soledad, California File # SF 44-1058

SAs THOMAS P. DOWD, JR. & 23
by CARL A. GOSTING:jab Date dictated 2/15/71

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CAG:jab

and choice, and nobody suggested, threatened or implied which way he should sign the form. He stated that at no time did he feel his answer on the form would bring about reprisal from the prison officials if he should put down a choice unfavorable to the prison. BEIER stated that he knows a lot of other inmates checked off on this form that they did not want to be interviewed. He knows of no instance where an inmate gave this answer because he was afraid of the prison official.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 2/17/71

FLOYD J. SILLIMAN, Attorney at Law, was contacted at his place of business, located at 130 West Gabilan Street, Salinas, California. THOMAS P. DOWD, JR., and CARL A. GOSTING identified themselves as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, verbally and through display of official credential cards. Further, SILLIMAN was advised of the purpose of the investigation by the Agents.

SILLIMAN advised that he was aware that a civil action was filed in United States District Court through the office of Attorney FAY STENDER, Berkeley, California. Further, he was aware that this action was to be a complaint on behalf of plaintiffs, GEORGE LESTER JACKSON, FLEETA DRUMGO, and JOHN WESLEY CLUTCHETTE, naming certain California State Officials and Monterey County Officials as responsables in denying the plaintiffs certain rights and privileges.

SILLIMAN advised that he is embarrassed due to the fact he has no personal knowledge of the context of the complaint, but is not ashamed that his name is a part of the complaint. He advised that he was to have received a copy of the complaint from FAY STENDER, but failed to pick this up at her office last week. SILLIMAN advised that he had no part in drafting the complaint, as this was done through the office of FAY STENDER. He was consulted by FAY STENDER as to the feasibility of filing the action, and he consented, even though he did not know what exactly would be alleged in the complaint. Basically, the complaint was to contain allegations which had come to the attention of FAY STENDER and RICHARD SILVER, through interviews these Attorneys had with inmates at the Correctional Training Facility. He reiterated that he had very limited personal knowledge of the allegations made in the action, his information has come from his associate Attorneys, FAY STENDER and RICHARD SILVER.

On 2/11/71 at Salinas, California File # SP 44-1058
by SA THOMAS P. DOWD, JR.
SA CARL A. GOSTING/mer Date dictated 2/11/71

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

2/17/71

Date

DONALD RAYMOND HALE, CSP # A-88892, was interviewed at the California Medical Facility. The interviewing Agents identified themselves by showing their Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) credentials. The purpose of the interview was explained to HALE by SA FREDERICK A. GROS.

HALE stated that he is 27 years of age and was born on December 24, 1943, at Detroit, Michigan. HALE stated that he is incarcerated in a California State Prison due to a conviction of Grand Theft along with a conviction of two counts of escape. He added that he is serving a sentence of six months to ten years imprisonment. HALE added that prior to being transferred to the California Medical Facility at Vacaville, he was incarcerated in the Y-Wing of the State Prison in Soledad, California. HALE stated that he was placed in the Soledad Prison in July, 1968.

HALE further advised that he was incarcerated in the Y-Wing at the Soledad facility in January, 1970. He advised that at that time one of the correctional officers, a JOHN MILLS, was slain by inmates who were incarcerated in the Y-Wing. HALE recalled that immediately after MILLS was slain all inmates were locked in their cells as a security measure for approximately a month and a half. HALE also advised that he recalled that in approximately March or early April, 1970, a form was distributed to all inmates of the Y-Wing. This form requested the inmates to answer either yes or no as to their desires of being interviewed by the attorneys representing the persons accused of slaying MILLS. HALE stated that he answered "no" that he did not desire to be interviewed in connection with this matter. HALE stated that he talked to several of the other inmates and the majority of them told him that they also indicated that they did not desire to be interviewed concerning the slaying of the correctional officer.

HALE advised, however, that approximately two weeks after the form was distributed to the inmates of the Y-Wing, they were told by the prison officials that they had to talk to the attorneys who were representing the accused. HALE advised that the prison officials advised the inmates that they did not have to discuss the matter with the attorneys, however, did have to ~~let the attorneys know of their desires concerning whether or not~~

On 2/16/71 at Vacaville, California File # SF 44-1058

SAs MICHAEL H. GREEN and
by FREDERICK A. GROS FAG/rmd Date dictated 2/17/71

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they desired to discuss the matter.

HALE stated that he was interviewed first by an attorney who identified himself as RICHARD SILVER. This attorney indicated that he was the attorney for FLEETA DRUMGO. According to HALE, SILVER showed him photographs of DRUMGO, GEORGE JACKSON, and JOHN CLUTCHETTE and advised him that these were the persons who had been accused of murdering JOHN MILLS. HALE stated that up to this time he was not aware as to which persons had been indicted for slaying MILLS. HALE added that SILVER also showed him photographs of other individuals who were inmates in the Y-Wing and who SILVER thought might possibly be potential witnesses for his client. HALE stated that he informed SILVER that he would discuss with him what he had personally observed, however, he did not desire to talk about any of the other inmates. HALE advised that SILVER had a tape recorder there during the period of the interview and recorded the interview. HALE advised that after the interview with SILVER was completed, SILVER asked him to talk to another attorney who was in an adjoining room and who was the attorney for GEORGE JACKSON. This attorney was FAY STENDER.

HALE advised that he was then interviewed by Miss STENDER who wished to question him concerning his observations in connection with the slaying of the correctional officer, JOHN MILLS. HALE added that upon the completion of the interview by Miss STENDER she asked him if he would be willing to testify for her client, GEORGE JACKSON. HALE stated that he told her that he did not desire to testify as long as he was a prisoner at Soledad.

HALE advised that he did not know any of the defendants personally, however, did know them by sight. HALE stated that none of the prison officials made any threats or promises to him in connection with the above interviews. The only requirement made by the Soledad prison officials was that he advise the above attorneys whether or not he desired to be interviewed by them. HALE stated further that in September, 1970, he was transferred to the California State Facility at San Quentin where he was permitted to go out on a work furlough program. In connection with this work furlough program, HALE advised that he had to report in each night at the work furlough center, Redwood City, California. HALE stated that while on this work furlough program

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he failed to report back to the prison at San Quentin on October 20, 1970, and as a result, was listed as an escapee. HALE advised that the above-mentioned contacts with attorneys SILVER and STENDER were the only contacts up to this time that he had with any attorneys in connection with the slaying of Officer MILLS.

HALE stated that he would furnish some additional information concerning FAY STENDER who he subsequently contacted, however, he did not desire that this information be furnished to anyone outside of the United States Department of Justice.

HALE advised that he telephonically contacted FAY STENDER on about October 24, 1970, at her office in Berkeley, California. HALE stated that he advised Miss STENDER that he was on a work furlough program from San Quentin Prison and told her that he had failed to return to the prison on the night of October 20, 1970. HALE advised that she suggested to him that he turn himself in to the prison authorities. HALE stated that he told her that he did not desire to do this. HALE advised that Miss STENDER made arrangements to meet him a few days later at a small restaurant near Union Square in San Francisco. HALE advised that he met Miss STENDER at the restaurant as she directed. HALE advised that while they were at the restaurant Miss STENDER suggested to him that he go to Montreal, Canada. At this time she made a telephone call and upon completing the call, advised him that she had contacted a man in Montreal who he should contact. HALE stated that she gave him the name and address of this individual and also gave him \$20.00 to assist him. She stated that this individual in Montreal could furnish him with a foreign passport and with identification. HALE advised that he subsequently threw away the paper containing this name and address, and he does not now recall it. HALE advised that after leaving Miss STENDER he started to hitchhike towards Canada, however, decided to return to California where he was subsequently apprehended by the authorities.

HALE advised that he attempted to contact Miss STENDER when he returned to California and just prior to his apprehension by the authorities, however, she was not at her office at the time he attempted to contact her there. He stated that after being apprehended two attorneys from Miss STENDER's office, a ROBERT REGLI and a female attorney, whose name he does

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not recall, were sent to see him concerning his incarceration. HALE advised that this is the only other contact he has had with the STENDER law firm.

HALE advised that he has been interviewed by an investigator with the Monterey County District Attorney's Office and also by an employee of the California State Department of Corrections. HALE further advised that the information furnished above is the only information which he desired to disclose concerning this matter at this time.

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CAG/dak

United States Attorney on February 16, 1971,
advised that further investigation is not necessary at
this time.

Mr. R. K. Procanier, Director
Department of Corrections
Sacramento, California

SPECIAL SERVICE UNIT - San Francisco

N. R. Snellgrove, Special Agent

Attn: Mr. R. E. Coyle
Assistant Director

Date:
8-5-71

Classification:
Inmate Interview

AUTHORITY FOR REPORT

The Assistant Director's verbal request on 7-19-71.

SYNOPSIS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4-BJA/CB

An interview was conducted on 8-4-71 at the San Quentin Hospital with inmate Joe TIPTON, B-23644; TIPTON stated basically:

- (1) That he has knowledge where numerous knives are hidden at the Correctional Training Facility-Central Facility.
- (2) He has knowledge concerning Attorney Fay STENDER's involvement in recent Department of Corrections' incidents that have resulted in death and injury to personnel and inmates alike.
- (3) Has information concerning an escape route at CTF-C.
- (4) Some information concerning the recent killing at CTF-C of Program Administrator Ken COMANT.

INVESTIGATION

On 7-16-71, this Agent was given a letter by the Assistant Director written by inmate TIPTON which was addressed to Mr. William D. CURTIS, District Attorney of Monterey County (See Attachment 1). TIPTON, in his letter, blames recent incidents at the Soledad Training Facility on a group of Berkeley attorneys.

He further states in this letter that the incidents are not aimed at prison guards but will be focused on people holding higher office in the Department of Corrections. He claims that the most recent killing involving Program Administrator Ken COMANT was done by a white group of inmates who call themselves "THE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS WHITE PEOPLES PARTY" but who have recently changed this name to "THE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS WHITE POWER PARTY".

Inmate TIPTON was interviewed on 8-4-71 at the Neumiller Hospital

TIPTON, Joe, B-23644

Case Location
SQ

Reference Number 1371
17-015-77
SAN FRANCISCO

100-49931-120-57-5724-30

at San Quentin between the hours of 1345 and 1530. TIPTON, when shown the letter he had written to Mr. CURTIS, readily admitted writing it and stated that he has also written similar letters to Judge LAWSON, Superior Court, Monterey County (unverified) and a letter to Mr. FITCH, Program Administrator, Correctional Training Facility (See Attachment 2), and letters to his parents explaining to them that he was planning on cooperating with prison and law enforcement agencies in order to prevent further violence (also unverified).

TIPTON is currently in "B-Section", a Segregation Unit, because of his former behavioral pattern which has included being a member of a white supremacy group at Soledad (NSWPP), possession of several knives which were found in his and his cell-partner's cell in the East Block at San Quentin a few months back, and a recent conviction on possession of unauthorized narcotics and paraphernalia while at CTF-C.

TIPTON appeared somewhat nervous but quite eager to tell this writer everything that he could concerning incidents at Soledad that he had either been involved in or was aware of. The interview centered around four main subjects which are as follows:

(1) Weapons hidden at CTF-Centrals: TIPTON claims that there are approximately 14 or 15 institutional-type knives and one outside knife that he believes are still hidden at the Facility. One knife is hidden in the E-Wing Barbershop chair. He claims when the seat is lifted up off the chair there will be a knife hidden somewhere in the frame edge that supports the seat. The second hiding place is the Third Tier, E-Wing, in the stairwell door. He stated that the doorknob is missing; the knife is inside the door frame, supported by a string that is taped to the inside of the door within the area of the missing doorknob.

The third hiding spot is the Teachers Conference Room in the Education Building, First Floor, on top of the Venetian blinds. The fourth area is in the Library in the back room to the left as you enter the Library; the knives are on top of the Venetian blinds. The fifth hiding place is on the Second Floor of the Education Building inside the locked bathroom. The knives should be inside the birdbath mechanism (washbasin). This is also the spot where the outside, folding-type knife is also hidden.

The second area of discussion was concerning the recent killing of Program Administrator Ken CONANT. TIPTON referred to the two individuals who were apprehended in the killing as "Mouse" (the

little guy) and "Eric" (the big one). He also stated that three other individuals who he named as Dan WHITE, "Boston", KAVANAUGH and Bill THOMPSON are inmates who were in on the plotting of the killing.

He said that these three people should have tattooed on their stomachs above their navels two words in German, one over the other, which means in English, "White Power". The words in German are spelled "Wiess", meaning "White" and "Macht", meaning "Power". It is this group of undetermined number of individuals who are white, and are responsible for the plotting and killing of Ken CONANT. TIPTON stated the reason for the killing was that they blamed CONANT for giving in to black and Chicano demands for more ethnic-type programs and denying white inmates, and more specifically, "THE NATIONAL SOCIALISTS WHITE POWER PARTY", equal treatment in this area. The above three names mentioned as participants in the planning, WHITE, KAVANAUGH and THOMPSON, have not been verified or identified by the undersigned.

The third area that TIPTON wished to discuss was that of Attorney Fay STENDER. He stated that his first meeting with her was when he was in O-Wing at Soledad in December of 1970. He stated that Mrs. STENDER called him out and asked him to work with the blacks not against them in the institution as they were "all her brothers", meaning whites and blacks alike; they should not fight among themselves but fight together against the Administration. TIPTON stated that he was at first, as were other white inmates that she talked to in O-Wing, hostile to Fay STENDER because she had been only up to this time assisting and favoring black inmates and had nothing to do with the white inmates. He claims that after she talked to many of the other white inmates they changed their minds about her and became her friends. TIPTON claims that Fay STENDER arranged to have money placed on the books for many of the white inmates and paid for the subscriptions of various newspapers in order to prove her feelings of loyalty toward the white inmates.

The second meeting he had with Fay STENDER was four or five months ago at the Correctional Training Facility, Central Visiting Room. TIPTON claims that he was called over by Mrs. STENDER when they both were in the visiting room and that she proposed to him, knowing that he was somewhat a leader among white militant inmates, to have the white militant inmates change their various group names at that institution and all other institutions to "REVOLUTIONARY ARYANS FOR FREEDOM" ("RAF"). This, she stated, would unite all whites under one common name which would lend unity to their meaning and organization.

He also stated that she told him that if he would escape she would arrange financial assistance and other assistance as needed for him to go underground and join the "WEATHERMEN" or to leave the country. She stated that all he would have to do to gain her assistance would be to make a tape, after he escaped, denouncing the California Department of Corrections, prisons in general, and the Establishment. The tape would be used for revolutionary publicity.

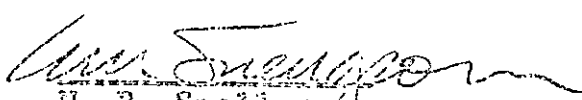
The fourth area TIPTON discussed was an escape route at the Central Facility, but as far as he knows has not been used yet. This involves getting into one of the numerous garbage cans behind the food service department and with inmate assistance being placed on the garbage truck, which is driven out of the institution through the gates by a free man, with the only security check being performed on the truck itself and not the garbage cans. TIPTON claims the garbage cans are not probed and if an individual climbs into a plastic sack and the garbage is placed around him, the most Custody will do is open up a can or two but will not actually probe the cans.

TIPTON stated he has no objection to being interviewed again by this Agent or other Agents nor does he object to having an interview taped. He further states that he will testify in Court under oath to anything and everything that he has told this writer.

STATUS

Open. This Agent will verbally contact the Correctional Training Facility immediately, regarding the alleged hidden weapons and will arrange to have a follow-up interview taped and a polygraph examination requested to verify his truthfulness. The CII (the Bureau of Criminal Identification & Investigation) will also be contacted in reference to TIPTON's statements regarding Fay STENDER.

Supplementary reports will be submitted when deemed appropriate.


H. R. Snellgrove
Special Agent

ATTACHMENTS

1. Letter written by TIPTON to William D. Curtis, dated July 1, 1971.

2. Letter from TIPTON to Mr. Fitch, Program Administrator, Correctional Training Facility, dated July 4, 1971.

DISTRIBUTION

1. L. S. Nelson, Warden, San Quentin State Prison.
2. W. T. Stone, Superintendent, Correctional Training Facility.
3. Neil Sullivan, FBI, San Francisco.
4. Joe McVarish, CII, San Francisco.
5. As the Assistant Director deems appropriate.

TIPTON, Joe, B-23644

Case Location
SQ

Reference Number
11-015-71

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
SACRAMENTO

August 9, 1971

Mr. Neil Sullivan
Federal Building
450 Golden Gate Avenue
San Francisco, Calif., 94102

Re: TIPTON, Joe

~~B-12364~~

SSU #11-015-71

Dear Mr. Sullivan:

The attached Special Service Unit report is forwarded for your information.

Yours truly,

R. E. Coyle
R. E. COYLE
Assistant Director
Law Enforcement Liaison

Attachment

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4-BJA/clb

~~157-572-31~~

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

Samuelson

100-49931-121

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (157-7050)(P)

DATE: 9/23/71

FROM : SA FRANK UNDERWOOD, III

SUBJECT: MARY CLEMENEY
EM-BPP

FOIA b 7 - D

On 9/8/71 [REDACTED] advised the subscriber to telephone number 524-5156 is JOHN MALLICK, Attorney, 971 Hilldale Avenue, Berkeley.

The same source on the same date advised the subscriber to telephone number 845-7048 is MARVIN and FAYE STENDER, Attorneys, 2210 Grant, Berkeley.

ACTION: File

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

(2)
FU/gns

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
SEP 28 1971	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

100-49931-122



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC (100-49931)

DATE: December 30, 1971

FROM : CLAIRE S. BIELLO

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

SUBJECT: FAYE STENDER, Aka., Fay Stender, Fay Ethel Stender, Mrs. Marvin Stender, Fay Ethel Abrahams, Ethel Abrahams. Mrs Marvin Edward Stender

FAY STENDER, Aka. WFA; DOB: 3/29/32; POB: San Francisco, Ca.; Res: 2210 Grant, Berkeley California; 5'8 - 120 lbs.; Slender build; Brown hair; Hazel eyes; Attorney.

61-363-1645, p.6

Ident.

NYlet to the Director/d 2/12/69 entitled National Lawyers Guild. IS-C (OO: New York)

Enclosed for the Bureau (7) copies of an LHM reflecting foreign listings in the 1968-69 National Lawyers Guild Lawyers Referral Directory.

Submitted for the information of receiving offices, listings in this letter are as found in the 1968-69 National Lawyers Guild Referral Directory, published at 1715 Francisco Street, Berkeley, California. It is a special issue of "The Guild Practitioner", published at the same address, "The Guild Practitioner" being owned and published by the National Lawyers Guild (NLG), 5 Beekman Street, New York City. It is edited by E. A. DAWLEY, 1549 Arlington, El Cerrito, California. Associate editor is ROBERT E. MUNDY.

An editors note indicates that the 1968-69 NLG Lawyers Referral Directory, vol. 27, number 3, contains a listing of over 300 Attorneys who applied for a listing and paid the required fee.

The Directory was received in the NYO Confidential Mailbox (conceal) on 12/27/68, and is maintained in NY 100-10769-1B.

The listing under California includes the following:
San Francisco:

GARRY, DREYFUS, MC TERNAN and BROTSKY
501 Fremont Bldg, 341 Market Street

A list of firm members include the following:

FAY STENDER

(1) csb

DECLASSIFIED BY SP4-BJA/CB 22C10999

ON 3/13/03

NW 51943 DocId:34290140 Page 75

1.

100-49931-123

RE: FAY STENDER, Aka. (100-49931)

FOIA b 7 - C

61-363-1780p.7

Ident.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Membership list of San Francisco Bay area and Southern California Chapters of National Lawyers Guild as of February 13, 1970, ~~received~~ received by SA ROBERT W. JEFFERIS on 2/25/70 from [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] The San Francisco Bay Area Chapter membership list of the NLG is attached. The Southern California Chapter membership list of the NLG has been sent to Los Angeles. On page 7 of this list is the following:

STENDER, FAY 2905 Telegraph Ave., Berkeley 94705 845-4123

61-363-1950, p.17

Ident.

DWL:LHM d/d 8/12/71, Confidential, entitled National Lawyers Guild, Internal Security - Communist.

The National Lawyers Guild (NLG) is a Communist front organization of lawyers and law students dedicated to Communist Party, USA, and new left ideals for radical change of the social, economic and judicial system in the United States.

The "Boulder Daily Camera," daily Boulder, Colorado newspaper, in it's issue of July 17, 1971, advised that the 32nd convention of the (NLG) would be held at the University of Colorado (CU), Boulder, Colorado, July 28 - August 1, 1971. The article indicated that NLG is an organization of lawyers and law students formed to offer an alternative to the policies of the American Bar Association and its affiliates.....

Source 2 obtained a copy of the convention program on 7/28/71, and it was set forth, and includes the following:

Wednesday Evening, July 28, 1971

7:30 pm to 10:30 pm

First Seminar: "Prisoner's Rights--Struggle in the Jailhouse" (Chemistry 132)

A discussion of the problems of men and women in prison, presented by FAY STENDER and members of the Berkeley Prison Collective, moderated by RICHARD DOCTOROFF, including LARRY DILLINBERG, Seattle, ANN FAGAN GINGER, Berkeley, and KITSIE BURHART, author of "On Women's Prisons", Ramparts.

[SOURCE 2: [REDACTED] 7/28/71]

FOIA b 17 - ID

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RE: FAY STENDER, Aka. (100-49931)

62-0-17693, p.4

Prob. I ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF memo by SA ROLAND W. FINLEY d/d 10/10/52, entitled JOSEPH LEWISSGULER, information concerning.

On 9/23/52, SA WILLIAM J. HOY, was contacted by former SA DONALD ALLEN, who advised that one JOE GULER 2251 Hearst Ave, Berkeley, California, had contacted him stating that he wished to see an agent of the FBI. GULER was contacted by SA FINLEY on 9/25/52.

GULER advised SA FINLEY that some years ago he had been in an automobile accident and been seriously injured, and had been unable to obtain suitable employment for the past several years. He is now attending the University of California to receive an A.B. degree, majoring in Political Science.

GULER appeared somewhat irrational to SA FINLEY and furnished considerable information concerning individuals either attending or teaching at the University, whom he believed to be Communists or have Communist sympathies. GULER admitted that it was his own personal feeling that some of the persons he had associated with at the University were Communists, and that in most cases he had very little information which would tend to show actual membership. It is noted that in many instances the information furnished by GULER is nebulous or almost completely insignificant. He furnished information concerning a number of individuals including the following:

GULER furnished the names of MISS BETTY ELIZABETH LEE and FAYE ETHEL ABRAHAMS, who currently reside at 2532 Chilton Ave., Berkeley, both of whom formerly resided at 1666 Le Roy, Berkeley. GULER stated that they have male friends who visit them and they are gone until late at night. He stated that LEE is Chinese and from Shanghai who has been in this country for eight years, and who intends to take out citizenship papers. The indices of the San Francisco office contain no information identifiable with LEE or ABRAHAM.

61-363-1899, p.12

Ident.

SF memo d/d 3/24/71 by SA WILLIAM J. SLATTERY entitled National Lawyers Guild, Membership List 1971.

In a recent contact with Mr. GEORGE HECKERT, State Bar of California, 601 Mc Allister St. furnished copies of NLG membership lists for 1971.

This list included the following:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

STENDER, FAY 2905 Telegraph, Berkeley, 94705

TO: CHIEF CLERK		Date 11/26/71	
Subject FAYE STENDER, Ethel Abraham		Social Security Account #	
Aliases FAY Stender, Mrs. Marvin Stender, Fay Ethel Abraham			
Address 2210 Grant, Berkeley		Birth Date 3/29/32	Birthplace SF
		Race W	Sex <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female

<input type="checkbox"/> Exact Spelling	<input type="checkbox"/> Main Criminal Case Files Only	<input type="checkbox"/> Restrict to Locality of
<input type="checkbox"/> All References	<input type="checkbox"/> Criminal References Only	
<input type="checkbox"/> Main Subversive Case Files Only	<input type="checkbox"/> Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Subversive References Only	<input type="checkbox"/> Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)	

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
Faye Stender 157-7050-8 (9/71) Xerox		Mrs Marvin Stender 100-49931* (nd) I	
Fay Stender 61-363-1780 p7 (9/70) X		Fay Stender Xerox 3/71 44-1058-104 P8	
61-363-1950 p17 (9/71) X		Fay Ethel Abrahamson 62-0-17693 P4?	
61-363-1645 p16 (9/69) X		61-363-1899 P12 I	
61-363-1193 p3 (nd) X			
157-245B-60 (nd) X			
100-49796-176 p2 (nd) I			
100-49931-6 (Cor mania d/d 12/28/64)			
100-57714-447 p3 (9/67) Xerox			
100-0-103630 p1 (9/69) Xerox			
61-363-1527-23 (9/69) X			
61-363-1707 p2 (9/69) Xerox			
100-49931* (nd) I			
157-5724-30 p31 9/70 Xerox			

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4BJA/CB

Requested by Albright	Squad S-2	Extension 283	File No. 100-49931
Searched by CB	12/29/71 (date)		
Consolidated by CB	12/30/71 (date)		
Reviewed by CB	12/30/71 (date)		

File Review Symbols

I - Identical ? - Not identifiable

DO NOT DESTROY OR
DISSEMINATE ATTACHED
SERIAL AS IT IS
CURRENTLY PERTINENT
IN NLG SUIT.

LEGAL SECTION

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/ab

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (157-1204)

DATE: 12/13/71

FROM : SA RICHARD J. McMULLEN

SUBJECT: BLACK PANTHER PARTY (BPP)

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION MUST BE COMPLETELY
PARAPHRASED BEFORE REPORTING.

HUEY NEWTON is mentioned in the attached report;
and it must be noted that NEWTON is a notorious liar and
some of his statements lack substance, however, this matter
is being set forth for reference purposes and alignment with
respective files in the event this information can be of
value.

[redacted] orally furnished the following informa-
tion on 12/2/71: FOIA b 7 - D

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

1 - 157-1204 (BPP)
1 - [redacted]
1 - 157-1203 (HUEY NEWTON)
1 - 100- (MARTY KENNER)
1 - 100- (LA BELL)
1 - 100-53950 (BOBBY SEALE)
1 - 100- (BAY)
1 - 100- (ATT. ABT)
1 - 100-26885 (CHARLES GARRY)
1 - 100- (Free Press)
1 - 100- (FAY STENDER)
1 - 100- (RON DELLUMS)
1 - 100- (Father EARL NEAL)
1 - 100- (DON FREED)
1 - 100- (MIKE McCARTHY)
1 - 157- (LOUIS TACKWOOD)
1 - 100-59835 (JUNE HILLIARD)
1 - 100-60056 (Big Man)
1 - 100- (JOHN THORNE)
1 - 157-7245 (Survival Conference)
1 - 100- (EMORY DOUGLAS)
1 - 100-51709 (DAVE HILLIARD)

RJM/pkv
(22)

SEARCHED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	INDEXED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
SERIALIZED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FILED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	



100-49931-125

SF 157-1204
RJM/pkv

SF 157-1204
RJM/pkv

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

SF 157-1204

RJM/pkv

backyard of the Black Panther Party Headquarters in Los Angeles concerning Weatherman, Government informers, etc.). HUEY will make a call tonight to Los Angeles in order to find out how FREED's trial was going, and the BPP plans to send a couple of their members down to give moral support during the trial. The ones that are expected to go are JUNE HILLIARD and BIG MAN. This information will also be related to GARRY's offices and the offices of JOHN THORNE.

All the lawyers in the Bay Area that are on the side of the militants are definitely interested in DON FREED's trial.

EMURY DOUGLAS is back in the Bay Area now, and he will go to the Survival Conference in Chicago. EMURY DOUGLAS will take over the Black Panther Party newspaper.

The one who took over DAVE's place in the BPP, the position is believed to be the Minister of Justice, the second in command will now go to his brother JUNE HILLIARD. JUNE HILLIARD now has DAVE HILLIARD's old title.

ACTION RECOMMENDED: Information SAs handling.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-49931)

DATE: 1/17/72

FROM : SA STEVE D. ALBRIGHT

FOIA b 7 - D

SUBJECT: FAYE STENDER, aka
SM - NLG

Re memo of SA SAMUEL A. SMITH, 11/23/71.

On 11/22/71, [REDACTED] advised 658-8969 is registered to RICHARD DOCTOROFF, Prison Law Project, 5406 Claremont Ave., Oakland, Ca., and was established 4/71. DOCTOROFF was listed as an attorney established five years with other phone number 845-4123. Prison Law Project also has numbers 658-8970, 71 & 72.

On 12/1/71, SA GEORGE R. ZEIGLER, checked Berkeley PD with Neg. results re subject.

The following is a print out from CLETS:

LEAD! Lead to verify emp. was set out by memo
11/30/71, (serial 111)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

2222

1 - SF
SDA



5010-108

Post

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 18 1972	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

DRB

100-49931-126

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

120271 1740
FBS 0026
N MO3 004 FBS

SAN FRAN FBI GEBHARDT
12-2-71 1455 PST
MVS SATO DMS
71 ZIV151 69 MG RDSMGC VIN GVNIV5156G
FAY ABRAHAMS STENDER 2210 GRANT ST, BERKELEY REG OWNER
COOPERATIVE CENTER FCU 1414 UNIVERSITY AVE BERKELEY LEGLA
RE N FBS 004 DATE
MVSMJ

RETRANSMITTED VIA CLETS SAC
DC/SAC

120271 1339
FBS 0109
N CII 401 FBS
GEBHARDT SAC FBI SAN FRAN
REF SA ALBIRGHT
RE YR 004 FBS DATE RE FAY ABRAHAMS STENDER - NO RECORD
B OF I WANTED PERSONS UNIT JT-EP

120271 0944
FBS 0049
IN FBS

DATE: 12-02-71*TIME: 09:46*
MATCHED ON: *L/N*F/N* C
DL/NO: G0297270*B/D: 03-29-32*NAME: STENDER FAY ABRAHAMS*ADDR: 2210 GRANT ST
BERKELEY 94703*EFF: 05-11-70*
IDENTIFYING INFORMATION
SEX: FEMALE*HT: 5-08*WT: 120*EYES: HZL*HAIR: BROWN*MAR: MARRIED *
SSA: 572 38 8497*
END

Best possible image.

Record, Credit Bureau Metro,
San Jose, Calif., which covers
Perk Source:
MARY MC CONVILLE, Receptionist
per SE RICHARD E. GRUBE, *12/3/71*

1Q-102VF01-15, 1, FBI, MR. GRUBE.
IN-2BRANIS, FAY.
CA-2210, GRANT, BERKELEY, CA.
NO RECORD-15G NO. 33040335.
PLEASE REPLY, 1Q-ADD AS NEW, 1, TO BILL AND
1Q-ADD AS NEW.
PROCEED-15G NO. 33040335.2 PLEASE HOLD 004!

1Q-102VF01-15, 1, FBI, MR. GRUBE.
IN-2TENDER, FAY.
CA-2210, GRANT, BERKELEY, CA.
ES-LAYEN.
*TENDER, FAY, MARVIN, SINCE 00/70.
2210, GRANT, ST. BRKY, CA, 04/05.
SEX-M, MAR-1.
PLEASE HOLD 004!

1Q-102VF01-15, 1, FBI, MR. GRUBE.
IN-2TENDER, MARVIN.
CA-2210, GRANT, BERKELEY, CA.
*TENDER, MARVIN, FAY, SINCE 00/00.
2210, GRANT, ST. BRKY, CA.
2500, TELEGRAPH, BERKELEY, CA.
2600, CASTRO, ST. OF, CA.
SEX-M, MAR-1.

ES-ATTORNEY.
PLEASE HOLD 004!

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Albright

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-49931)

DATE: 1/25/72

FROM : SA, RICHARD G. ALLEN

SUBJECT: FAY STENDER FOIA b 7 - D
SM - C

Re SAC memo of SA STEVE D. ALBRIGHT dated 11/30/71.

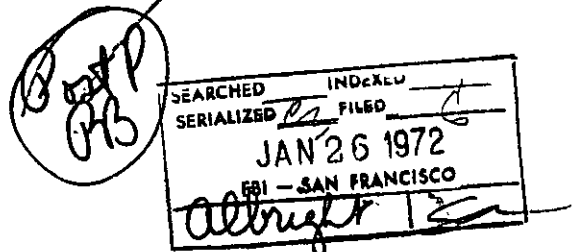
[redacted] advised on 12/14/71 that FAY STENDER resides at 2210 Grant St., Berkeley. She is an attorney with the Law Firm of FRANK, HILL, STENDER, HENDON & LARSON 2905 Telegraph Ave., Berkeley, Ca. [redacted] advised on 1/13/72 as follows:

"The Prison Law Project is an attempt to write a handbook for "jail house lawyers." An endeavor to upgrade condition of prisons and improve access of prisoners to appellate review."

RECOMMENDATION: Route to SA ALBRIGHT for info.

RGZ/ra
(2)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY Sp4 BJA/CB



100-49931-127

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-49931)

DATE: 1/31/72

FROM : SAC, WFO (100-55158) (RUC)

SUBJECT: FAY STENDER, aka
Faye Ethel Abrahams,
Mrs. Marvin Stender
SM - C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

Re San Francisco FD-356 dated 11/30/71.

Enclosed for San Francisco are 4 prints of a 1968 passport photo of FAY ETHEL ABRAHAMS STENDER.

Checks of the current passport files at the Passport Office, United States Department of State, Washington, D.C. by SA JOHN L. STANLEY on 12/6/71 and 12/20/71, failed to locate any passport application executed by the subject subsequent to 1969.

On 1/3/72, SC BETTY SUE LEWIS obtained the following information from a review of a passport application from the retired files of the Passport Office:

On 2/16/68, FAY ETHEL ABRAHAMS STENDER, 2210 Grant Street, Berkeley, California 94703, made application for a passport at San Francisco, California. In this application she stated she was born 3/29/32 at San Francisco, California, and listed her parents as SAMUEL ALBERT ABRAHAMS, born 12/2/04, in Poland, and RUBY FAY LEFKOVITZ, born 1/20/06, at San Francisco, California. Both parents were shown as being U.S. citizens.

Under travel plans, she stated she planned to leave the United States in June, 1968, mode of transportation not indicated, to spend the Summer of 1968 on a vacation trip to Western Europe and Israel. She was not traveling by organized tour.

2 - San Francisco (Encs 4)
1 - WFO
JLS:js
(3)
see 1A(3)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

FEB 2 10 52 AM '72

FBI - SAN FRANCISCO

Albuquerque

100-49931-128



She stated she was last married on 1/5/55. to MARVIN EDWARD STENDER, an American citizen, born [REDACTED] FOIA b 6

[REDACTED] She listed her husband, MARVIN EDWARD STENDER, 123 2nd Street, San Francisco, California (business address), as the person to notify in the event of death or accident.

She was described as a white female, 5 feet 7½ inches tall, dark brown hair, hazel eyes, occupation attorney. Additional identifying information: Vaccination mark left thigh. California Drivers License G 297270 issued 4/23/65.


Passport Number J-120577 was issued to FAY ETHEL STENDER on 2/16/68 at San Francisco, California. This passport was valid for three years travel to all countries except Cuba, Mainland China, North Korea and North Vietnam. By operation of law effective 8/26/68, the validity of this passport was extended to 5 years from date of issue. By operation of law effective 3/15/71, the restriction against travel to Mainland China was lifted.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO 157-1203

DATE: 2/4/72

FROM :  SUPERVISOR JOSEPH L. COLEMAN

SUBJECT: HUEY NEWTON
EM

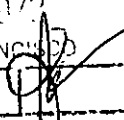
FOIA b 7 - D



ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB



SEARCHED	INDEXED
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FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	



FOIA b 7 - D

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (157-1204)

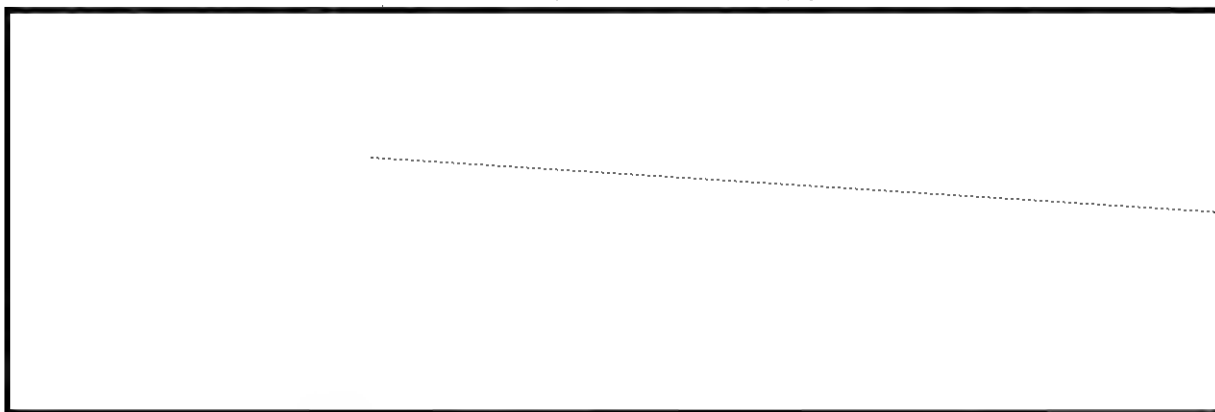
DATE: 1/31/72

FROM : SA RICHARD J. McMULLEN

SUBJECT: BLACK PANTHER PARTY (BPP)
EM - BPP

[redacted] orally furnished the following information on 1/15/72:

The following information must be completely paraphrased if disseminated outside this Bureau. It is also noted that the following information was received from individuals who are notorious liars and there is no independent information available to this informant which would corroborate this information.



1 - 157-1204
1 - [redacted]
1 - 100-26885 (CHARLES GARRY)
① - 100- (FAY STENDER)
1 - 157- (Father EARL NEAL)
1 - 157-1203 (HUEY NEWTON)
1 - 100-64397 (ANGELA DAVIS)
1 - 100-11889 (CPUSA)
1 - 157-7277 (BPP - IR - CHINA)
RJM/pkv 1-157-1485 (Funds)
(10)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
JAN 1 1972
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO

100-49931-130

SF 157-1204
RJM/pkv

FOIA b 7 - D

ACTION RECOMMENDED: Information Special Agents
handling.

Director
United States Secret Service
Department of the Treasury
Washington, D. C. 20220

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

March 15, 1972

Dear Sir:

The information furnished herewith concerns an individual who is believed to be covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning Presidential protection, and to fall within the category or categories checked.

1. ☐ Has attempted or threatened bodily harm to any government official or employee, including foreign government officials residing in or planning an imminent visit to the U. S., because of his official status.
2. ☐ Has attempted or threatened to redress a grievance against any public official by other than legal means.
3. ☒ Because of background is potentially dangerous; or has been identified as member or participant in communist movement; or has been under active investigation as member of other group or organization inimical to U. S.
4. ☐ U. S. citizens or residents who defect from the U. S. to countries in the Soviet or Chinese Communist blocs and return.
5. ☐ Subversives, ultrarightists, racists and fascists who meet one or more of the following criteria:
 - (a) ☐ Evidence of emotional instability (including unstable residence and employment record) or irrational or suicidal behavior;
 - (b) ☐ Expressions of strong or violent anti-U. S. sentiment;
 - (c) ☒ Prior acts (including arrests or convictions) or conduct or statements indicating a propensity for violence and antipathy toward good order and government.
6. ☐ Individuals involved in illegal bombing or illegal bomb-making.

Photograph ☐ has been furnished ☒ enclosed ☐ is not available
☐ may be available through _____

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover
John Edgar Hoover
Director

1 - Bureau
1 - Addressee

1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s))
U. S. Secret Service **San Francisco**
2 - **San Francisco (100-49931)**
(1 - 80-461)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Assigned ☒
Serialized ☒
Indexed ☒
Filed ☒

100-49931-131

SF 100-49931
SDA:jc

Subject is a member of the NLG from 1962 to 1971. She has been closely associated with the BPP and was allegedly involved in an attempt to have guns smuggled into a California Prison in 1971. She describes herself as a "radical or movement lawyer". She was reported as a member of the BPP in 1970, however, a BPP leader in 1971 said the Subject is no longer recognized by the BPP. She sponsored a demonstration against the Vietnam war in 1967. She reportedly advocates that revolutionaries should break other movement people from jail and then organize in the streets. Next report will be submitted in February, 1973.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (Bufile-

) DATE: 3/15/72

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-49931) (P)

SUBJECT: FAYE STENDER, aka
SM - NEW LEFT

Re: San Francisco report of SA STEVE D. ALBRIGHT dated 3/15/72

Recommend: ☒ ADEX Card ☐ ADEX Card changed (specify change only) ☐ Subject removed (succinct summary attached)

Name FAYE STENDER			
Aliases Ethel Abrahams, Fay Ethel Abrahams, Fay Stender, Fay Abrahams Stender, Fay Ethel Stender, Mrs. Marvin Stender, Mrs. Marvin Edward Stender.		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Native Born <input type="checkbox"/> Naturalized <input type="checkbox"/> Alien	Tab <input type="checkbox"/> Category I <input type="checkbox"/> Category II <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Category III <input type="checkbox"/> Category IV
<input type="checkbox"/> AWC <input type="checkbox"/> BNT <input type="checkbox"/> BPP	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNIST <input type="checkbox"/> JFG <input type="checkbox"/> MIN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NL <input type="checkbox"/> NOI	<input type="checkbox"/> PLP <input type="checkbox"/> PPA <input type="checkbox"/> Miscellaneous (Specify) _____
<input type="checkbox"/> PRN <input type="checkbox"/> SDS	<input type="checkbox"/> SNC <input type="checkbox"/> SPL	<input type="checkbox"/> SWP <input type="checkbox"/> WWP	
Date of Birth 3/29/32	Place of Birth San Francisco, California	Race White	Sex <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
Business Address, Name of Employing Concern and Address, Nature of Employment, and Union Affiliation, if any. Attorney Prison Law Project 5406 Claremont Avenue Oakland, Calif.		Residence Address 2210 Grant Street Berkeley, Calif.	
Key Facility Data			
Geographical Reference Number		Responsibility	

2 - Bureau (RM)
 ① - San Francisco
 SDA:jc SE2
 (3)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

Examined _____
 Serialized _____
 Indexed _____
 Filed _____

100-49931-132

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office SAN FRANCISCO	Office of Origin SAN FRANCISCO	Date 3/15/72	Investigative Period 1/3/72 - 2/24/72
Title of Case FAYE STENDER, aka Ethel Abrahams Fay Stender Fay Abrahams Stender Fay Ethel Stender Mrs. Marvin Stender Mrs. Marvin Edward Stender		Report made by STEVE D. ALBRIGHT	Typed By: jc
		Character of Case SM - NEW LEFT	

SUMMARY

- P*

ADMINISTRATIVE


Two copies of PD 376 are attached to this report.

Investigation at the U.S. Passport Office, Dept. of State, Washington, D.C. was conducted by SC BETTY SUE LEWIS.

Investigation at the Credit Bureau Metro, San Jose, Calif. was conducted by IC RICHARD E. GRUBE.

Information from the Department of Motor Vehicles, and Calif. State Bureau of Criminal Identification and Investigation, Sacramento, Calif. was obtained through the Calif. Law Enforcement Teletype System.

Investigation at Berkeley, Calif. PD was conducted by SA WILLIAM O. RIVES.

Approved 	Special Agent in Charge	Do not write in spaces below			
Copies made: 5 - Bureau 1 - U.S. Secret Service, SF (Class 3 and 5c) (RM) ① - San Francisco (100-49931)					
		ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4-BJA/013			

Notations:

Searched _____
Serialized 32
Indexed 21
Filed 21

100-49931-133

SF 100-49931
SDA:jc

The pretext call to FRANK, HILL, STENDER, ZEIGLER and HERNDON Law Office was by SA SAMUEL A. SMITH, *as credit bureau.*

Investigation at the San Francisco PD was conducted by SC JAMES E. YOUNGER.

The demonstration by the NLG on October 13, 1969 was observed by SAs MICHAEL T. GEARY, ROBERT W. JEFFERIES, DIRCK A. MERRILL, LEO A. SCHON and JAMES DUNPHY.

Subject is not being interviewed because her activities and statements indicate she would not be cooperative and since she has been quoted freely in newspapers in the past, she might be able to bring public attention to any contact by the FBI. Subject is being recommended for the ADEX by FD 122.

This report is classified ~~confidential~~ because information contained herein, if disclosed, could possibly identify informants of continuing value which could be prejudicial to the defense interest of the Nation.

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

File Where Located

SF T-1

is [REDACTED]

100-49931-127 *64*

[REDACTED] FOIA(b) 7 - 1D

SF T-2

is [REDACTED]

100-49931-122 *64*

SF T-3

is [REDACTED]

100-49931-3,8

SF T-4

See non-symbol source
Administrative page

100-49931-18

SF T-5

See non-symbol source
Administrative page

100-49931-4-115

61-363-1899

B

COVER PAGE

SF 100-49931
SDA:jc

SF T-6
See non-symbol source
Administrative page

NY 100-10769-IB ✓

SF T-7
is [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

SF T-8
is [REDACTED]

100-49931-43 ✓
61-363-1805

SF T-9
is [REDACTED]

100-49931-123 ✓

SF T-10
is [REDACTED]

SD 100-14584 ✓

SF T-11
is [REDACTED]

100-49931-30 ✓

SF T-12
is [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

SF T-13
is [REDACTED]

170-75A-190,208

SF T-14
is [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

SF T-15
is [REDACTED]

100-49931-125

SF T-16
is [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

SF T-17
is [REDACTED]

100-49931-95

San Francisco indices negative re Subject's
mother and father.

FOIA b 7 - D

C
COVER PAGE

SF 100-49931
SDA:jc

ADMINISTRATIVE
NON- SYMBOL SOURCE PAGE

SF T-5

FOIA b 7 - C

SF T-6
is New York Office
Confidential Mailbox.

SF T-4
is NISO, San Francisco

D*
COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to: 1 - Secret Service, San Francisco (Class 3 and 5c) (RM)

Report of: STEVE D. ALBRIGHT
Date: 3/15/72
Office: San Francisco, California

Field Office File #: 100-49931
Bureau File #:

Title: FAYE STENDER

Character: SECURITY MATTER - ~~NEW LEFT~~

Synopsis:

FAYE STENDER, a white female, born 3/29/32 at San Francisco, Calif., who has also used the names ETHEL ABRAHAMS, FAY STENDER, FAY ABRAHAMS STENDER, FAY ETHEL STENDER, Mrs. MARVIN STENDER, Mrs. MARVIN EDWARD STENDER, was a member of the NLG from 1962 to 1971. She has been closely associated with the BPP and allegedly was involved in an attempt to have guns smuggled into a Calif. prison in 1971. She describes herself as a "radical or movement" lawyer. She reportedly advocates that revolutionaries should break other movement people from jail and then organize in the streets. On 9/12/70 she was reported as a member of the BPP and in a speech on 9/12/70 she stated she would fight for the BPP. On 12/2/71 a BPP leader said the Subject is no longer recognized by the BPP. She sponsored a demonstration against the Vietnam war in 1967.

- P -

DECLASSIFIED BY: 804-BJA/CB
ON 3/13/03~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~GROUP 1~~
~~Excluded from automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

DETAILS:

This investigation was predicated by receipt of information from SF T-5 that the Subject was a member of the National Lawyer's Guild.

I. BACKGROUND

A. Birth and Citizenship

Subject is a citizen of the United States by reason of her birth at San Francisco, California on March 29, 1932.

Passport Office
Department of State
Washington, D.C.
1/3/72

B. Residences

Present Address:

2210 Grant Street
Berkeley, California

Former Addresses:

2905 Telegraph Avenue
Berkeley, California

1666 Leroy
Berkeley, California

263 Castro Street
San Francisco, California

2532 Chilton Avenue
Berkeley, California

SF T-1
12/14/71

SF T-2
9/8/71

SF 100-49931
SDA:jc

Inspector EDWARD SKILLS
Berkeley Police Dept.
Berkeley, California
12/15/71

Department of Motor Vehicles
Sacramento, California
12/2/71

Credit Bureau Metro
San Jose, California
12/3/71

C. Employment

Present:

Prison Law Project
5406 Claremont Avenue
Oakland, California

The Prison Law Project was described by SF T-1 on January 13, 1972 as an attempt to write a handbook for "jail house lawyers" and endeavor to upgrade conditions in prisons and to improve access of prisoners to appellate review.

Former Employment:

GARRY, DREYFUS and MC TERNAN
501 Fremont Building
341 Market Street
San Francisco, California

FRANK, HILL, STENDER, ZEIGLER and HERNDON
Law Office
Berkeley, California

SF T-3
1/10/64
2/15/65

SF T-1
1/13/72

SF 100-49931
SDA:jc

The former employment at FRANK, HILL, STENDER, ZEIGLER and HERNDON was verified by pretext telephone call by a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on November 22, 1971.

D. Education

1949-1952

Reed College
Portland, Oregon

SF T-4
2/24/67

E. Identification Record

The following agencies were checked on the dates indicated regarding the Subject with negative results:

7/30/71

San Francisco Police Department
San Francisco, California

12/2/71

California State Bureau of
Criminal Identification and
Investigation
Sacramento, California

12/2/71

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Identification Division
Washington, D.C.

F. Description

Race	White
Sex	Female
Height	5 feet 8 inches
Weight	120 pounds
Hair	Dark brown
Eyes	Hazel
Scars and Marks	Vaccination scar on left thigh

SF 100-49931
SDA:jc

Passport Number

J120577
Effective through 2/16/73

California Driver's License
Number

G0297270

Social Security Number
Husband

572-38-8497
MARVIN EDWARD STENDER
(STENDER is a member of the
National Lawyer's Guild)

SF T-5
3/24/71

Husband's Occupation
Husband's description:

Attorney

Date of Birth
Place of Birth

[REDACTED] FOIA b 6

Father
Date of Birth
Place of Birth
Mother
Date of Birth
Place of Birth

SAMUEL ALBERT ABRAHAMS
December 2, 1904
Poland
RUBY FAY LEFROVITZ^k
January 20, 1906
San Francisco, California

Automobile Registration

1969 MG Roadster
California License ZIV 151

Department of Motor Vehicles
Sacramento, California
12/2/71

Credit Bureau Metro
San Jose, California
12/3/71

Passport Office
Washington, D.C.
1/3/72

SF 100-49931
SDA:jc

F. Photograph

A photograph of the Subject taken May 11, 1970 is available.

II. ACTIVITIES

A. National Lawyers Guild

National Lawyers Guild is a communist front organization of lawyers and law students dedicated to Communist Party, USA, and New Left ideals for radical change of the social, economic, and judicial systems in the United States.

Subject was a member of the National Lawyers Guild from February 19, 1962 through March 24, 1971.

SF T-3
2/19/62

SF T-5
3/28/64 through 3/24/71

The Subject attended National Lawyers Guild meetings on March 5, 1966 and October 8, 1966.

SF T-3
3/8/66 and 10/17/66

She also attended a National Lawyers Guild meeting on September 20, 1971.

SF T-1
9/23/71

Subject participated in an anti-war march and rally in San Francisco, California on April 15, 1967 with a contingent from the National Lawyers Guild.

SF T-3
4/17/67

SF 100-49931
SDA:jc

The September 10, 1968 issue of the National Lawyers Guild "Newsletter" which is published bimonthly by the National Lawyers Guild, New York, New York, listed the Subject as being on the Board of Directors of the National Lawyers Guild which was elected at the July, 1968 convention of the National Lawyers Guild.

SF T-6
10/22/68

Subject attended a meeting of about 400 people sponsored by the "National Guardian" in San Francisco, California on November 21, 1968.

SF T-7
11/22/68

The "Guardian" is self-described as an "independent radical news weekly" which takes a strong left position but is not identified with any organized group. It is considered to be the largest radical weekly in America.

The Subject attended a National Lawyers Guild sponsored demonstration in San Francisco, California on October 14, 1969 at which time leaflets protesting the Vietnam war and the Selective Service System were handed out.

SF T-3
10/14/69

On October 13, 1969 the National Lawyers Guild had a demonstration in front of the San Francisco, California Federal Building and court house. Approximately 70 persons were present and carried signs reading as follows: "Support ANGELA DAVIS", "Free all political prisoners", "End violence by peace officers", and "Cops off Campus".

SF 100-49931
SDA:jc

Portable loudspeakers were set up in front of the main entrance of the Federal Building and the Subject was introduced as an attorney from Berkeley, California. She addressed the group and was critical of the judicial system in the United States. She emphasized that the courts, as they now exist, were organized, selected and directed by the monied class in order to retain their status and to make certain that the "oppressed majority" would continue to be subserviant to the favored minority group. The demonstration was peaceful and there were no arrests or incidents. This demonstration was observed by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

ANGELA DAVIS is an admitted communist who is currently being tried by the State of California in connection with the murder of a State judge.

The Subject spoke at a National Lawyers Guild conference on April 26, 1971 concerning legal matters such as appeals and sentencing.

SF T-8
4/29/71

Subject spoke on the problems of men and women in prison at the 32nd convention of the National Lawyers Guild at the University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado on July 28, 1971.

SF T-9
7/28/71

B. Black Panther Party

The Black Panther Party (BPP) is a black extremist organization started in Oakland, California, in December, 1966. It advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics to bring about the overthrow of the United States Government.

SF 100-49931
SDA:jc

A Teach-In entitled "Political Oppression?" sponsored by several radical student organizations was held in Montezuma Hall, Student Union Building, San Diego State College (SDSC), San Diego, California on May 5, 1969. The Teach-In began at 4:30 PM with an initial attendance of between 1,000 and 1,500 people. The first speaker was a woman named FAY STENDER from San Francisco, California, described as a defense attorney for HUEY P. NEWTON, Minister of Defense of the National Black Panther Party Organization.

STENDER talked about several cases with which she was familiar where the defendants had been jailed for unjust reasons. She described the unjust reasons as being for the most part adverse political opinions. In this connection in particular she mentioned the cases of HUEY P. NEWTON and also of ELDRIDGE CLEAVER, Minister of Information of the National Black Panther Party Organization.

STENDER advocated support of the Black Panther Party in anything which that organization desired to do. She described the Black Panther Party as the best thing to ever happen to the Afro-American people and said the organization deserved every effort possible in order to be able to prove its worth.

STENDER gave the impression of being a very articulate speaker and was able to hold the attention of the audience.

SF T-10
5/8/69

Subject attended a rally in San Francisco, California on May 6, 1969 in support of a Black Panther Party leader who was in jail at the time.

SF T-3
5/6/69

SF 100-49931
SDA:jc

Subject reportedly gave advice to a Black Panther Party member to pose as a relative of a member in jail so that the jailed member could be released in September, 1969.

SF T-11
9/28/69

The Subject spoke at a Black Panther Party rally on September 12, 1970. At this rally she was reported as a Black Panther Party member. She stated during her speech that she would continue to fight for the Black Panther Party.

SF T-12
9/22/70

It was reported that \$50,000 which was used to post bail for a Black Panther Party member in 1970 was supplied by the Communist Party, USA with the Subject handling the transaction between the Communist Party and the Black Panther Party.

SF T-13
8/6/70 and 9/21/70

The Subject held a meeting at the University of Washington, Seattle, Washington on October 3, 1971. The auditorium was filled to near capacity. The Subject spoke about helping ex convicts and about need for a prison movement. A Black Panther Party member also spoke and described what the Black Panther Party was doing for the community and with ex convicts.

SF T-14
10/12/71

On December 2, 1971 a leader of the Black Panther Party made the statement that the subject is no longer recognized by the Black Panther Party.

SF T-15
12/2/71

SF 100-49931

SDA:jc

C. Miscellaneous

An advertisement in the April 11, 1976 issue of the "San Francisco Chronicle" calling for a demonstration to protest the war in Vietnam on April 16, 1967 listed the Subject as a supporter of the demonstration.

ok
The "Daily Californian", a publication of the University of California at Berkeley, California, in its issue of October 13, 1970 stated the Subject and two other individuals during a speech at the college on October 12, 1970, suggested that revolutionaries should break other "movement people" from jail and then organize in the streets.

/
The Subject spoke at a demonstration in support of a prisoner strike in Sacramento, California on November 18, 1970. She said the chief of the California Adult Authority was a "pig".

SF T-16
11/18/70

SF T-12
12/1/70

Serial 67
In the November 20, 1970 issue of the "San Francisco Chronicle" an article concerning the Subject stated she describes herself as a "radical or movement" lawyer and quotes her as saying, "A power struggle between the establishment and the movement is being waged on many levels. The courts are in the forefront because they provide a mask of legitimacy". She was also reported as saying she is using force in the legal sphere.

/
On December 12, 1970 the Subject spoke at a demonstration to free all political prisoners at Oakland, California. About three hundred persons were present, according to RICHARD WAGNER, Oakland, California Police Department, Intelligence Division, who was contacted on December 12, 1970.

SF 100-49931
SDA:jc

OK
Sergeant W. E. HANKINS, Security Officer, San Quentin Prison, advised on September 8, 1971 that correspondence for self-styled revolutionary political prisoners is being brought into San Quentin Prison by certain radical attorneys whom he identified as JOHN THORNE, FAY STENDER, and STEPHEN MITCHELL BINGHAM, under the guise of legal documents and that the inmates are having personal correspondence transported out of prison in the same manner.

STEPHEN MITCHELL BINGHAM has been indicted by the State of California for smuggling a weapon into San Quentin Prison on August 21, 1971 to GEORGE JACKSON who initiated an abortive escape attempt on that date.

The Subject was assisting in the defense of GEORGE JACKSON.

SF T-17
4/23/71

JOE TIPTON, B-23655, inmate, San Quentin Hospital, on August 4, 1971, advised California authorities of the following experiences with Attorney FAY STENDER.

He stated that his first meeting with her was when he was in O-Wing at Soledad in December, 1970. He stated that Mrs. STENDER called him out and asked him to work with the blacks, not against them, in the institution as they were "all her brothers", meaning whites and blacks alike; they should not fight among themselves but fight together against the Administration. TIPTON stated that he was at first, as were other white inmates that she talked to in O-Wing, hostile to FAY STENDER because she had been only up to this time assisting and favoring black inmates and had nothing to do with white inmates. He claims that after she talked to many of the other white inmates they changed their minds about her and became her friends. TIPTON claims that FAY STENDER arranged to have money placed on the books for many of the white inmates and paid for the subscriptions of various newspapers in order to prove her feelings of loyalty toward the white inmates.

The second meeting he had with FAY STENDER was four or five months ago at the Correctional Training Facility, Central Visiting Room. TIPTON claims that he was called over by Mrs. STENDER when they both were in the visiting room and that she proposed to him, knowing that he was somewhat a leader among white militant inmates, to have the white militant inmates change their various group names at that institution and all other institutions to "Revolutionary Aryans For Freedom" (RAF). This, she stated, would unite all whites under one common name which would lend unity to their meaning and organization.

He also stated that she told him that if he would escape she would arrange financial assistance and other assistance as needed for him to go underground and join the Weatherman or to leave the country. She stated that all he would have to do to gain her assistance would be to make a tape, after he escaped, denouncing the California Department of Corrections, prisons in general, and the Establishment. The tape would be used for revolutionary publicity.

Weatherman, formerly a faction of Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), controlled the SDS National Office from June, 1969, until its closing in February, 1970. Weatherman then entered an underground status and adopted a tactic of "strategic sabotage", with police and military installations designated as primary targets.

Students for a Democratic Society was founded during June, 1962, at Port Huron, Michigan, and in the 1960s functioned as the leading New Left campus-based student organization in the United States. From an initial posture of "participatory democracy", SDS moved to a radical-revolutionary position, with debate centering on how best to create a revolutionary youth movement. Internal factionalism produced a split during the SDS National Convention in June, 1969,

SF 100-49931
SDA:jc

which resulted in the following three factions: Weatherman; Worker Student Alliance (WSA); and Revolutionary Youth Movement (RYM). The Weatherman and RYM are no longer affiliated with SDS. The WSA continues to use the name SDS and maintains its national headquarters in Chicago, Illinois.

Worker Student Alliance (WSA), a faction of Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), was expelled from SDS in June, 1969, by the then dominant Weatherman faction but continued to use the name SDS and opened an office in Boston, Massachusetts. WSA aligned ideologically with the Progressive Labor Party (PLP) and in February, 1971, moved to Chicago, Illinois. Students for a Democratic Society/Worker Student Alliance currently shares office space with the PLP in Chicago.

Revolutionary Youth Movement (RYM), a pro-Communist revolutionary youth organization, was organized in 1969, first as a faction within the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), then as a separate group with headquarters in Atlanta, Georgia. RYM was unsuccessful in attracting support and by mid-1970, it was practically defunct.

The Progressive Labor Party (PLP) was founded in 1962 by individuals expelled from the Communist Party, USA, for following the Chinese communist line. Its objective is the establishment of a militant working-class movement based on Marxism-Leninism and MAO Tse-tung thought.

HAROLD HOPKINS, #B-28827, was an inmate committed to the California Department of Corrections, confined at the Correctional Training Facility-North (CTF). HOPKINS was committed to the Department of Corrections for 449a PC, Burning Personal Property. He had a discharge date of October 3, 1971; however, he was deported to Canada on April 26, 1971.

On March 23, 1971, inmate HAROLD HOPKINS, #B-28827, was interviewed by WILLIAM D. NYBERG, Special Agent, Department of Corrections, San Francisco, California, and

SF 100-49931
SDA:jc

Correctional Lieutenant BILL MERKLE at the Correctional Training Facility-Central. In this taped interview, HOPKINS related that he had been approached by ARTHUR ANDERSON, #A-81622, and asked if he would be willing to smuggle weapons into the United States for Attorney FAY STENDER. According to HOPKINS, he previously told ANDERSON he knew people in Canada who ran guns across the border; also mentioning he and one RAY LAWSON had engaged in this activity.

During a visit with FAY STENDER on March 5, 1971, ANDERSON mentioned he knew a Canadian who needed some legal assistance (HOPKINS has been attempting to get 13 months County Jail time credited to his State time) and that he was familiar with bringing weapons into the United States. STENDER then mentioned the name LAWSON, and ANDERSON told her that HOPKINS was a partner of LAWSON's. According to HOPKINS, STENDER then told ANDERSON that LAWSON had worked for her at one time, but that he was presently incarcerated in Canada. It was after this visit with STENDER that ANDERSON approached HOPKINS with STENDER's proposition.

HOPKINS has a 19 year old brother working in a hardware store that carries guns. This store is located in Waterloo, Ontario, Canada. HOPKINS' brother, ROBERT, resides at 386 Albert Street, Waterloo, Ontario, Canada. According to HOPKINS, ANDERSON stated his brother was going to be contacted by Attorney DOUGLAS SANDERS, 111 Riverside East, Windsor, Canada, to determine if he would be interested in smuggling weapons into the United States.

During this interview with HOPKINS, he produced a letter written to him by FAY STENDER in which she alleges HOPKINS contacted her as he was in fear for his life because of his association with black inmates. HOPKINS denies all of the allegations in this letter and feels STENDER is possibly setting him up to be killed. As he explained it: He writes numerous letters to STENDER claiming racial agitation, denial of privilege to attend Black Awareness Groups, etc. With these letters in her possession, she has him killed, stages a large publicity campaign concerning his death--and armed with his letters, all the heat falls on the institution.

SF 100-49931

SDA:jc

HOPKINS has written STENDER on two occasions, stating he believes in Communism and asking for books on the subject, stating his appreciation in what she was attempting to do for him and that he could get, within reason, large amounts of the type merchandise she is seeking. Both letters were treated as privileged correspondence and allowed to leave the institution uncensored.

On April 2, 1971, FAY STENDER visited HOPKINS at CTF-Central. She immediately wanted to know who from the Department of Corrections interviewed him on March 23, 1971. HOPKINS stated he did not remember the individual's name and that the interview resulted from the letter he received from her. During their visit, STENDER asked if he knew of ways across the Canadian border where there were no custom officials, and when he was released from prison, he was to contact Attorney DOUGLAS SANDERS, 111 Riverside East, Windsor, Canada. SANDERS will act as an intermediary and he (HOPKINS) will receive his instructions for "equipment" delivery from SANDERS. At the conclusion of their visit, HOPKINS was instructed to tell ANDERSON "Everything is arranged", which he did the same day.

On April 3, 1971, while in the yard with ANDERSON and four other Negro males, HOPKINS learned that STENDER's message meant that automatic weapons were to be smuggled into CTF by a black group. HOPKINS believes black group means a musical group. A musical group was slated to perform at CTF ON April 23, 1971 but has been cancelled by CTF authorities.

On April 9, 1971, HOPKINS was administered a Polygraph examination by Sergeant WOODY MEEK of the Salinas, California Police Department to determine the validity of his statements regarding FAY STENDER, gun smuggling, and his knowledge of a plot to smuggle guns into CTF. According to Sergeant MEEK, he found no indications of deception and it appeared HOPKINS was truthful.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SF 100-49931
SDA:jc

On April 14, 1971, during a search of ANDERSON's cell, a letter written to FAY STENDER was located. In this letter, ANDERSON wrote to STENDER informing her that he wanted HOPKINS to obtain guns for the Black Panthers. He also suspicioned HOPKINS of being an informant.

HOPKINS has since been moved from CTF for his safety.

17*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

San Francisco, California

March 25, 1972

Title FAYE STENDER,

Character SECURITY MATTER - NEW LEFT

Reference San Francisco report of SA STEVE D.
 ALBRIGHT dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

-18-

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

This form is: ☐ Top Secret ☐ Secret ☐ Confidential ☒ Unclassified

TO: SAC:

- | | | |
|---|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Albany | <input type="checkbox"/> Houston | <input type="checkbox"/> Oklahoma City |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Albuquerque | <input type="checkbox"/> Indianapolis | <input type="checkbox"/> Omaha |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Alexandria | <input type="checkbox"/> Jackson | <input type="checkbox"/> Philadelphia |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Anchorage | <input type="checkbox"/> Jacksonville | <input type="checkbox"/> Phoenix |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Atlanta | <input type="checkbox"/> Kansas City | <input type="checkbox"/> Pittsburgh |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Baltimore | <input type="checkbox"/> Knoxville | <input type="checkbox"/> Portland |
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| <input type="checkbox"/> Charlotte | <input type="checkbox"/> Memphis | <input type="checkbox"/> San Antonio |
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| <input type="checkbox"/> Honolulu | <input type="checkbox"/> Norfolk | <input type="checkbox"/> Quantico |
| <input type="checkbox"/> SAC, New Rochelle (MRA) | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> SAC, Brooklyn-Queens (MRA) | | |

TO: LEGAT:

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| <input type="checkbox"/> Bern |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Bogota |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Bonn |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hong Kong |
| <input type="checkbox"/> London |
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| <input type="checkbox"/> Ottawa |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Panama City |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Paris |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Rome |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Tokyo |

Counting of Paragraphs:

Reference-counted as first para.; last para. on page continued to next page counted on first page only; page beginning with continued para. - first full para. counted as para. one; para. followed by (:) - material thereafter counted as part of original para. or referred to as "line ____"; info. not in para. form identified as "line ____", or subject matter.

Bu file 100-470648-2

Ur file 100-449931

If document has been destroyed or cannot be located, reply with FBIHQ is unnecessary.

Date _____

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4-BJA/CB

RE: Faye Stender sm- New L&ET
AKA Ethel Abrahams

Re: SAN FRANCISCO
(Division)

- ☒ Report of SA STERE D. ALBRIGHT
- ☐ Letter ☐ Airtel ☐ Teletype
- ☐ LHM ☐ Memo ☐ Other

To: DIRECTOR Dated 3-15-78

☐ Classification retained (see below)

☐ Declassified by _____ on _____

☐ Classified ☐ Top Secret

☐ Upgraded To: ☐ Secret

☐ Downgraded ☐ Confidential

Classified and extended by SP/16SKB/RS on 12-19-80

Reason for extension

FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2. ☐ 1 ☒ 2 ☐ 3

Date of review 3-15-92

The above indicated changes in classification have been made at FBIHQ. You are requested to make the changes indicated on your referenced communication(s) and all other file copies in your division. Advise local agencies previously receiving copies of communication(s) of change(s). This routing slip can be destroyed after changes have been made.

Page	Paragraph	Line	Classification
<u>B</u>	<u>Character</u>		<input type="checkbox"/> TS <input type="checkbox"/> S <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<u>C</u>	<u>Character</u>		<input type="checkbox"/> TS <input type="checkbox"/> S <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<u>D</u>	<u>Character</u>		<input type="checkbox"/> TS <input type="checkbox"/> S <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>		<input type="checkbox"/> TS <input type="checkbox"/> S <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<u>2</u>	<u>Characters</u>		<input type="checkbox"/> TS <input type="checkbox"/> S <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

☐ See reverse side for additional listings.

FBIHQ Division 4 ☐ Other ☒ DCRU ☐ Other

This form is: ☐ Top Secret ☐ Secret ☐ Confidential ☒ Unclassified

[Signature]
(Initials)

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC SAN FRANCISCO (100-44931) DATE: 3/17/72

FROM : SA S. L. O. Albright

SUBJECT: 7age Stender, aka
Sm-NL

In connection with the destruction of channelizing memoranda, the information contained on the serials listed below was incorporated in a report dated 3/15/72. The review for this report was made from serial 1 through serial ~~1258~~ 130.

In accordance with the above, the following serials are to be destroyed:

[illegible]

No. of copies 2

Approved

Destroyed by

Date _____

100-49931-134

Subject

Address

Social Security Account #

Birth Date

Birthplace

Race

Sex

☐ Male☐ Female

☐ All References

☐ Main Subversive Case Files Only

☐ Subversive References Only

☐ Main Criminal Case Files Only

☐ Criminal References Only

☒ Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)

☐ Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)☐ Restrict to Locality of

File & Serial Number

Remarks

File & Serial Number

Remarks

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED	
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DATE 3/13/03 BY S04 BJA/CB

Requested by

Squad

Extension

File No.

Searched by

Consolidated by

Reviewed by

File Review Symbols

I - Identical

? - Not identifiable

NW 51843 DocId:34290140 Page 121

Page 121
Unsub 121 reference

☆ GPO 1971-O-423-290

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
MAR 23 1972
FBI — SAN FRANCISCO

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO 157-1203

DATE: 3/22/72

FROM : *[Signature]* SUPERVISOR JOSEPH L. COLEMAN

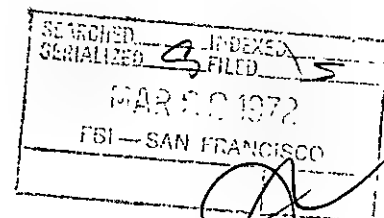
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

SUBJECT: HUEY NEWTON
EM

Information excerpted below was received on date
indicated from

The BPP is a violence-prone
black militant organization headquartered in Oakland, with
chapters located throughout the U.S.

1 -
1 -
1 -
1 -
① -
1 -
1 -
1 -
1 -
1 -
1 -



Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

100-49931-137

FOIA b 7 - D

FOIA b (7) - (D)

To: SAC

From: SUPERVISOR BERRYMAN

Subject: FAYE STENDER, aka
SM - C

Date: 5/26/72

File No: 100-49931

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

Section 87, Manual of Instructions, directs that the description and photograph should be placed on the reverse side of the ADEX Card. In regard to the photograph, the most recent one should be used if there is a choice. A review of the subject's file reflects there ☒ is ☐ is not a photograph of the above-captioned subject available for placing with the ADEX Card. (If more than one photograph is available, the Agent handling the investigation should indicate the photograph to be used.)

Section 87, Manual of Instructions, requires that ADEX subjects must be personally observed and such fact specifically noted in the subjects' case files. Has captioned subject been personally observed? ☐ Yes ☐ No. If so, make appropriate entries in the following blanks:

- (1) Observed by SA _____
- (2) Date observed _____
- (3) Personal observation of subject is indicated in
serial _____

Following are descriptive data relating to the subject, which data should be placed on the reverse side of the ADEX Card. If subject is already included in the ADEX only those entries necessitating changes in the data posted on the ADEX Cards should be made in the blanks below. For example, if subject is personally observed subsequent to his designation for the ADEX, any additional descriptive data developed thereby should be noted in the appropriate spaces to allow their posting on the reverse side of the ADEX Cards.

(1) Name and Aliases: FAYE STENDER, aka Ethel Abrahams, Fay Ethel Abrahams, Fay Abrahams Stender, Fay Ethel Stender, Mrs. Marvin Stender, Mrs. Marvin Edward Stender

(2) Sex: Female

(3) Race: white

(4) Birth Date: 3/29/32, San Francisco, Ca.

(5) Height: 5'8

(6) Weight: 120 lbs.

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 26 1972	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	
ALBRIGHT	18

WOODBURY _____

- (7) Build:
- (8) Hair: Dk brown
- (9) Eyes: Hazel
- (10) Complexion:
- (11) Scars and Marks: Vaccination scar on left thigh
- (12) Peculiarities:
- (13) Marital Status: husband, MARVIN EDWARD STENDER
- (14) Immediate Relatives (including the number of minor children):
Father: SAMUEL ALBERT ABRAHAMS
Mother: RUBY FAY LEFROVITZ
- (15) Nationality: American
- (16) Birthplace: San Francisco, Cal.
- (17) Fingerprint Classification: Passport No. J120577
Cal. d/1 G0297270
- (18) FBI or Police Number:
- (19) Social Security Number: 572-38-8497
- (20) Residence: 2210 Grant St., Berkeley, Cal.
- (21) Occupation: Attorney, Prison Law Project, 5406 Claremont Ave.,
Oakland, Cal.
- (22) Criminal Record, showing sources:
FD 9 submitted 11/30/71 - NR.
- (23) Seamen's Certificate Number:

Check following, where applicable:

- ☒ Subject should be tabbed for Category ☐ I ☐ II ☒ III ☐ IV
- ☐ The subject is exceedingly dangerous. The following statement should be added to the reverse side of geographical card.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-49931)

DATE: 5/31/72

FROM : SA STEVE D. ALBRIGHT

SUBJECT: FAYE STENDER, aka
SM - C

Subject is Category III on adex and should be observed and description noted on serial 138.

She is described as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Female
DOB	3/29/32
Height	5-3
Weight	120
Hair	Dk. brown
Eyes	Hazel
Address	2210 Grant St., Berkeley, Ca.
Employment	Attorney, Priston Law Project, 5406 Claremont Ave., Oakland, Ca.

ACTION:

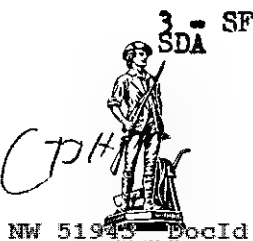
AT BERKELEY. Observe subject and note any corrections in her description.

AT OAKLAN. Observe subject and note any corrections in her description.

CCO: Send photo (1A - most recent photo taken 5/11/70) to lead agents.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB2

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
MAY 31 1972
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (Bufile-)

DATE: 3/15/72

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-49931) (P)

SUBJECT: FAYE STENDER, aka
SM - ~~NEW LEFT~~
COMMUNISTThree copies of approved ADEX
card attached. Place photo-
graph and description on reverse
side of geographical cards. Cards
to be filed in your ADEX.

Re: San Francisco report of SA STEVE D. ALBRIGHT dated 3/15/72

Recommend: ☒ ADEX Card ☐ ADEX Card changed (specify change only) ☐ Subject removed (succinct summary attached)

Name FAYE STENDER	
Aliases Ethel Abrahams, Fay Ethel Abrahams, Fay Stender, Fay Abrahams Stender, Fay Ethel Stender, Mrs. Marvin Stender, Mrs. Marvin Edward Stender.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Native Born <input type="checkbox"/> Naturalized <input type="checkbox"/> Alien
<input type="checkbox"/> AWC <input type="checkbox"/> BNT <input type="checkbox"/> BPP	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> COMMUNIST <input type="checkbox"/> JFG <input type="checkbox"/> MIN
<input type="checkbox"/> PLP <input type="checkbox"/> PPA <input type="checkbox"/> Miscellaneous (Specify)	<input type="checkbox"/> PRN <input type="checkbox"/> SIS <input type="checkbox"/> SNC <input type="checkbox"/> SPL <input type="checkbox"/> SWP <input type="checkbox"/> WWP
Date of Birth 3/29/32	Place of Birth San Francisco, California
Business Address, Name of Employing Concern and Address, Nature of Employment, and Union Affiliation, if any. Attorney Prison Law Project 5406 Claremont Avenue Oakland, Calif.	Residence Address 2210 Grant Street Berkeley, Calif. ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 3/13/02 BY SP4 BJA/CB
Key Facility Data	
Geographical Reference Number	

② - Bureau (RM)
 1 - San Francisco
 SDA:jc S#2
 (3)

5/26/72
 make Active
 BB

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 15 1972	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

100-49931-139A

SF 100-49931

SDA:jc

Subject is a member of the NLG from 1962 to 1971. She has been closely associated with the BPP and was allegedly involved in an attempt to have guns smuggled into a California Prison in 1971. She describes herself as a "radical or movement lawyer". She was reported as a member of the BPP in 1970, however, a BPP leader in 1971 said the Subject is no longer recognized by the BPP. She sponsored a demonstration against the Vietnam war in 1967. She reportedly advocates that revolutionaries should break other movement people from jail and then organize in the streets. Next report will be submitted in February, 1973.

Sac, SAN FRANCISCO (100-49931)

5/31/72

SA STEVE D. ALBRIGHT

PAYE STENDER, aka
SM - C

Subject is Category III on adex and should be observed and description noted on serial 138.

She is described as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Female
DOB	3/29/32
Height	5-8
Weight	120
Hair	Dk. brown
Eyes	Hazel
Address	2210 Grant St., Berkeley, Ca.
Employment	Attorney, Priston Law Project, 5406 Claremont Ave., Oakland, Ca.

ACTION:

AT BERKELEY. Observe subject and note any corrections in her description.

AT OAKLAND. Observe subject and note any corrections in her description.

CCO: Send photo (1A - most recent photo taken 5/11/70) to lead agents.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CMB

3 - SF
SDA

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 31 1972	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

100-49931-140
139

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO 157-1203

DATE: 6/5/72

FROM : *[Signature]* SUPERVISOR JOSEPH L. COLEMAN

SUBJECT: HUEY NEWTON
EM

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

Information excerpted below was received on date
indicated from

The BPP is a violence-prone
black militant organization headquartered in Oakland, with
chapters located throughout the U.S.

FOIA b 7 - D

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED <i>4</i>	FILED <i>4</i>
JUN 10 1972	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

[Signature]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (P)

FROM : SA, RICHARD G. ALLEN

SUBJECT: FAYE STENDER, aka
SM-C

DATE: 7/24/72

Stender, Faye Ethel ~~100-49931*~~
(3/62)

Re memo SA STEVE D. ALBRIGHT 5/31/72.

Attempts were made to observe subject at her place of employment 5406 Claremont Ave., Oakland, Ca during June and July without success.

However [redacted] has worked with the subject and on 7/14/72 the informant advised that the photo of subject taken in 1968 is an excellent likeness. He described her as:

FOIA b 7 - D

WF, age 40,
Hgt 5'6" - 5'8"
Wgt 135-140
Hair dark
Eyes brown, wears glasses

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CAB

RECOMMENDATION: Route to SA ALBRIGHT for info.

RGA/ra
(1)



NW 50223

DocId:34290140 Page 133

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUL 25 1972	
FBI—SAN FRANCISCO	

100-49931-142

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

5-2

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-49931) (P) DATE: 7/28/72

FROM : SA WILLIAM O. RIVES

SUBJECT: FAYE STENDER
SM - C

The writer has made numerous attempts during the past month to observe the Subject at 2210 Grant St., Berkeley, California, and also at 4506 Claremont Ave., Oakland, California. These attempts have met with negative results in observing the Subject.

On 7/14/72, a 1969 black MG, with California ZIV 151, was observed parked in the driveway of the address 2210 Grant St., Berkeley, California. DMV, Sacramento, revealed that this vehicle was registered to FAY ABRAHAMS STENDER at 2210 Grant, Berkeley, California.

Teletype investigation with DMV, Sacramento, California, failed to produce a current driver's license for the name FAYE STENDER or FAY ABRAHAMS STENDER.

ACTION RECOMMENDED: Post pending.

Will continue investigation to observe the Subject and determine if her characteristics are different from that of a description previously noted in the Subject's file.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

WOR/ksb
(2) *ksb*

9/18/72
Close
BB

BB

SEARCHED <i>/</i>	INDEXED <i>/</i>
SERIALIZED <i>/</i>	FILED <i>/</i>
JUL 28 1972	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

BB



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO [REDACTED]

FROM : SA ROBERT B. TOWNSEND

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

DATE: 8/31/72

FOIA b1 7 - D

On 8/18/72, source furnished the following information dealing with the Black Panther Party (BPP):

Source has no knowledge of bank robberies that occurred on 8/2/72, at the Bank of America, NT & SA, 3801 Balboa Avenue, San Francisco, California, and Central Bank, 530 McDonald Avenue, Richmond, California.

51 - San Francisco

(1 - [REDACTED])
(1 - 157-6568) (JACOB BETHEA)
(1 - 4-29) (JACOB BETHEA)
(1 - 157-8008) (RICHARD HARPER)
(1 - 157-2615) (VALERIE BOWMAN)
(1 - 157-2888) (EDDIE GRIFFIN)
(1 - 157-4785) (GWEN GOODLOE)
(1 - 157-6047) (ROLAND FREEMAN)
(1 - 157-2235) (RONALD FREEMAN)
(1 - 157-4913) (LONG JOHN WASHINGTON)
(1 - [REDACTED]) (CHARLES PRATT)
(1 - [REDACTED]) (RENER MOORE - "PEACHES")
(1 - 157-4192) (EVON CARTER)
(1 - 157-1386) (EVELYN PROCTOR)
(1 - 157-7534) (ROBERT WILKS)
(1 - 157-4322) (ELMER PRATT - "GERONIMO")
(1 - 157-7384) (PAULA MOORE)
(1 - 157-1228) (DEXTER WOODS)
(1 - 157-3645) (ARNOLD TOWNSEND)
(1 - 157-4130) (SHARLA WOODS)
(1 - 157-5792) (CHRISTINE HENDRIX)
(1 - 157-5790) (JACQUELINE AUGUSTINE)
(1 - 157-3614) (RORY HITHE)
(1 - 100-59835) (JUNE HILLIARD)
(1 - 157-7924) (PATSY VELTE)
(1 - 157-7596) (WILEY "SIMBA" ROBERTS)
(1 - 157-7962) (RONALD STALLINGS)
(1 - 157-5492) (CLARK BAILEY)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

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100-49931-44

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

Janh

(continued on page 2)



Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

RBT:dew

(distribution continued here)

(1 - 157-4295) (MICHAEL TORRENCE)
 (1 - 157-7605) (TOMMYE JEAN WILLIAMS)
 (1 - 157-1888) (CLEVELAND LEE BROOKS)
 (1 - 157-1225) (DONALD COX)
 (1 - 157-5417) ("MALIK")
 (1 - 157-1970) (VAN TAYLOR)
 (1 - 157-3433) (RAYMOND "MASAI" HEWITT)
 (1 - 157-5688) (JAMES PARHMS)
 (1 - 157-7628) (FLORES FORBES)
 (1 - 157-7629) (MARTY GORDON)
 (1 - 157-7262) (VICTOR GRAYSON)
 (1 - 157-7595) (CHARLES CASEY)
 (1 - 157-4324) (ELDRIDGE CLEAVER)
 (1 - 157-1044) (LANDAN WILLIAMS)
 (1 - 157-1918) (RANDY WILLIAMS)
 (1 - 157-2177) (MAURICE "MOJO" POWELL)
 (1 - 100-49931) (FAY STENDER)
 (2 -) (CANDY LAST NAME UNKNOWN)
 (1 - 157-3899) (BELINDA BOOKER)
 (1 - 157-4082) (CAROL RUCKER)
 (1 - 157-6447) (CLEAVER FACTION - SAN FRANCISCO)
 (1 - 157-3148) (VALERIE DOUGLAS)

RBT:dew
 (51)

[REDACTED]
RBT:dew

Source went to the WAPAC Office, located on Fillmore Street, San Francisco, on 8/8/72 or 8/9/72. While there source observed only RICHARD HARPER who was reading newspapers and VALERIE BOWMAN who advised source she was attempting to raise money for EDDIE GRIFFIN. The intended finances are either for his bail or attorney's fee. Source advised GRIFFIN currently in jail in Marin County. BOWMAN also submitted that there is an unknown girl from Florida currently incarcerated in San Francisco for possession of explosives.

Source commented on the following individuals:

1. JACOB BETHEA.

Source thought she recognized a photograph of BETHEA but was not sure. BETHEA has not been observed in the recent past.

2. GWEN GOODLOE.

Source submitted that GOODLOE, who is a NEWTON Faction Sympathizer, is a vital asset to the CLEAVER Faction because she knows too many NEWTON Sympathizers in the Los Angeles, California, area, who could furnish this information to ELDRIDGE CLEAVER. Approximately two years ago, she was the Secretary in Los Angeles. She was bought up to Oakland about 1½ years ago and NEWTON would not allow her to go back to Los Angeles because of the foregoing information. She has, however, gone back to Los Angeles twice since being brought to San Francisco.

GOODLOE knows ROLAND and RONALD FREEMAN, LONG JOHN WASHINGTON, CHARLES PRATT, RENER MOORE (PEACHES) and EVON CARTER.

3. EVELYN PROCTOR.

PROCTOR observed around the Berkeley Office of the Black Panther Party (BPP) approximately 2½ years ago. She is a NEWTON Faction Sympathizer who only sold the BPP newspaper.

[REDACTED]
RBT:dew

4. ROBERT WILKS.

Source is not familiar with WILKS.

5. RONALD FREEMAN.

Source positively identified FREEMAN, who, with RICHARD HARPER, approached BELINDA BOOKER approximately 2 months ago and took her to a hotel in downtown San Francisco where they met with an unknown private investigator.

FREEMAN's mother resides in Los Angeles, exact location unknown. It is believed that she probably knows the current whereabouts of both RONALD and ROLAND FREEMAN.

FREEMAN is the main source of money for the attorneys in GERONIMO's (ELMER PRATT) trial. For example, he secured \$2,500 from an unknown female actress currently residing in Beverly Hills, California.

He is a CLEAVER Faction Sympathizer who is a main trigger man along with his brother, ROLAND and LONG JOHN WASHINGTON.

6. PAULA MOORE.

MOORE is not familiar to source at all.

7. RICHARD HARPER.

Source positively identified HARPER, who, with RONALD FREEMAN, approached BELINDA BOOKER approximately two months ago and took her to a hotel in downtown San Francisco where they met with an unknown private investigator. HARPER is a CLEAVER Faction Sympathizer who is constantly with DEXTER WOODS.

8. DEXTER WOODS.

Source learned in a recent conversation with VALERIE DOUGLAS that WOODS lived with ARNOLD TOWNSEND on Potero Hill in San Francisco, approximately three months ago.

[REDACTED]
RBT:dew

He is a CLEAVER Faction Sympathizer.

9. SHARLA WOODS.

Source has not seen WOODS, who is a CLEAVER Faction Sympathizer, and DEXTER WOODS' ex-wife, ~~in~~about 2 years. At that time she appeared to be afraid of guns. Source last heard that WOODS was with her parents around City College.

10. CHRISTINE HENDRIX.

HENDRIX is a NEWTON Faction Sympathizer who is ~~similar~~ in appearance to CAROL RUCKER. Source last saw RUCKER about two years ago.

11. JACQUELINE AUGUSTINE.

Source not familiar with AUGUSTINE at all.

12. RORY HITHE.

HITHE (NEWTON Sympathizer) was last seen about five months ago on Haight Street and Clayton. At that time he inquired about JUNE HILLIARD, thoughts source had on both the CLEAVER and NEWTON Faction of the BPP, and finally why source left the Party.

HITHE's residence unknown.

Source advised that HITHE is a designated trigger man for the NEWTON Faction, along with LANDON WILLIAMS, RANDY WILLIAMS, VAN TAYLOR, and MAURICE "MOJO" POWELL.

13. PATSY VELTE.

Source advised that VELTE looks like FAY STENDER.

[REDACTED]
RBT:dew

14. WILEY ROBERTS.

ROBERTS looks like ANDREW (LAST NAME UNKNOWN) who is the Newspaper Distribution Manager in San Francisco, California.

15. RONALD STALLINGS.

Source observed STALLINGS selling BPP newspapers in Oakland on Telegraph approximately one year ago. He is a NEWTON Faction Sympathizer.

16. CLARK BAILEY.

Last seen by source at Merritt College.

BAILEY is a NEWTON Faction Sympathizer.

17. MICHAEL TORRENCE.

TORRENCE is a NEWTON Faction Sympathizer who is one of the Loverboys of the Party. TORRENCE is a smaller time HUEY. His wife, CANDY (LAST NAME UNKNOWN) is from San Jose.

18. TOMMYE JEAN WILLIAMS.

WILLIAMS is a NEWTON Faction Sympathizer, who source believes started the rumor that BELINDA BOOKER was GERONIMO's Oakland woman. She almost caused RED (SANDRA PRATT) to kill BOOKER because of the rumor.

19. CLEVELAND LEE BROOKS.

Source did not know whether NEWTON or CLEAVER Faction Sympathizer. Advised BROOKS is a big mouth who sold the BPP newspaper.

20. DONALD COX.

CLEAVER Faction Sympathizer who was supposed to be Field Marshal in San Francisco approximately three years ago. COX currently in Algeria.

[REDACTED]
RBT:dew

21. "MALIK".

Source last saw him at BPP National Headquarters formerly located on Shattuk approximately three or four years ago.

22. VAN TAYLOR.

Source sees TAYLOR often at different locations.

23. RAYMOND MASAI HEWITT.

Passive individual who is NEWTON Sympathizer. Source believes HEWITT might be in a position to be approached since his physical beating for wanting to leave the Party. Actual approach, however, would be very difficult.

Source advised the following individuals were not familiar:

JAMES PHARMS

FLORES FORBES

MARTY GORDON

VICTOR GRAYSON

CHARLES CASEY.

Date prepared

9/14/72

Date received

9/12/72

Received from (name or symbol number)

[Redacted]

Received by

SA BOB G. DAVIS

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☒ in person ☐ by telephone ☐ by mail ☐ orally ☐ recording device ☒ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date

Dictated _____ to _____

Transcribed _____

Authenticated by Informant _____

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

Date of Report

9/10/72

Date(s) of activity

9/10/72

FOIA(b) (7) - (D)

Brief description of activity or material

GLIDE MEMORIAL CHURCH
ACTIVITIES, S.F.

File where original is located if not attached

[Redacted]

* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE. VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED.

☐ Information recorded on a card index by _____ on date _____

Remarks:

~~Source advised on 9/12/72 that the husband of Demetria Jamieson is Leonard Jamieson and not Nathaniel Jamieson as was indicated on page 1 of report.~~

1-157-1640 (BPP, S.F. CHAPTER)

1-157-6055 (MACK WILSON)

1-157-6507 (GLYNN WHEELER)

1-157-7941 (WILLIAM IRVIN CLOUD)

1-157-7721 (ALTHEA FRANCOIS)

1-100- (DEMETRIA JAMIESON)

1-100-48035 (FSQ AC)

1-100-71283 (BILLY SMITH DEFENSE COMMITTEE)

1-100-64397 (ANGELA DAVIS) (NOT PRESENT)

1-100-71011 (FANIA DAVIS JORDAN) (NOT PRESENT)

1-100-50223 (FRANKLIN JORDAN) (NOT PRESENT)

1-100-69909 (KENDRA ALEXANDER) (NOT PRESENT)

1-100-67939 (ADDC)

1-157-7724 (ANDREW T. JOHNSON)

INDEX SAN FRANCISCO ABORTION COMMITTEE

1-100-71435 (UNITED PRISONERS UNION)

1-157-5866 (ELTON JONES) (NOT PRESENT)

1-157-7879 (CHUCK ADDISON) (NOT PRESENT)

1-157-4762 (BLACK MUSLIMS)

1-100-44604 (MARIE CHAPMAN)

1-100-46785 (GRACE HAZELRIGG)

1-100-43798 (AARON CHAPMAN)

1-100-48035 SF (NOT PRESENT)

1-100- (WOMEN FOR PEACE)

1-100- (BPP PROPERTY, 623 HUNTS ST.)

1-100- (FAY STENDER) (NOT PRESENT)

1-100- (MARVIN STENDER) (NOT PRESENT)

10 SEPTEMBER 1972 (SUNDAY)

AT "THE GLIDE MEMORIAL CHURCH, FELLOWSHIP HALL", AT ELLIS AND TAYLOR STREETS, IN SAN FRANCISCO.

ACTIVITY: POLITICAL INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITY REPORT, RAP TABLES IN BASEMENT AND PERSONNEL THEREAT.

TIME : 10:30 AM to 12:30 PM

A. The following Political Rap Tables were observed set up in Fellowship Hall, at Glide Church, this date, manned by Personnel hereinafter described. They were:

1. THE SF BLACK PANTHER PARTY & ASSOCIATES
2. THE S.F. ABORTION COMMITTEE.
3. THE UNITED FARM WORKERS UNION
4. THE UNITED PRISONERS UNION
5. THE GLIDE MEMORIAL CHURCH TABLE

B. Observed by the writer, were the following persons at and about the political rap tables:

1. MAC WILLSON, S/F BLACK PANTHER PARTY
2. GLENN WHEELER, S/F BLACK PANTHER PARTY
3. BILL CLOUD, S/F BLACK PANTHER PARTY
4. ALTHEA (Last name unknown at this writing, however, she was called ARETHA, by WILLSON at one time. This young female was first observed by the writer in July 1972, at 623 Hayes Street, San Francisco.) The girl ARETHA and/or ALTHEA is now physically described again as:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/11/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

NEGRO-FEMALE-ADULT

Age approximate- 20-22 Years

5' 2", 120 lbs., or so

Dark Brown Complexion-smooth

Dark eyes - long eye-lashes

Black Hair, medium length, Afro-d-fall

C. At the UNITED PRISONERS' UNION RAP TABLE, was a woman known by thre writer, called "DEMETRIA". Demetria is a Swhalli name. She is married to a man called "LEONARD JAMISON or JAMESON, known activist of the old SOLEDAD BROTHERS DEFENSE COMMITTEE. Both LEONARD and his wife DEMETRIA have been active in prisoner defense a long time, previous reports from the writer denotes this. The old SOLEDAD BROTHERS DEFENSE COMMITTEE, aka "SBDC" was located at 127 Fillmore Street, this city and under supervision by "Attorney FAY STENDER, husband MARVIN STEIDER". At this time, Sunday, 10 September 1972, DEMETRIA was working at the FRIENND S OF THE SAN QUENTON ADJUSTMENT CENTER, on 16th Street and attended the table of FSQAC in GLIDE MEMORIAL CHURCH, this date. She was observed

PARA "C" (Cont'd)

talking to a man called A.T., regular at Glide and friend of FSQAC also CP USA. DEMETRIA stated that her husband was still active in prisoner defense and that he would be travelling sometime to Fort Ord, California, for the trial of BILLY D. SMITH, the G.I. from Vietnam. DEMETRIA stated that the activities of FSQAC and other, are now centered around this trial. She also claimed that the organizations are now coming together, for a Union, prior to the return of ANGELA Y. DAVIS to this city and Bay Area. DEMETRIA said that along with ANGELA, was her sister KENDRA and FRANK ALENXANDER, known CP USA members. That her sister FANIA did not go with them, at this time. DEMETRIA stated that ANGLEA and KENDRA were together now and would possibly return to the United States in October 1972. At this point of conversation, DEMETRIA did not have time to converse further.

- D. At the BPP table, MAC WILLSON talked to the writer and told him, that the SF BPP had a party of 4 persons at the San Francisco Civic Center, during the first week of the "BLACK QUAKE EXPOSE". These persons were selling their newspapers, as well as the Black Muslims. The activity was successful and they had no hassle from members of the San Francisco Police Department. WILLSON said that he, WHEELER and CLOUD, had sold most of the newspapers, at the Civic Center. he also mentioned that "ANTONIO BLACK" of the East Bay Oakland BPP, had been equal in selling papers, while visiting here. BLACK is said to be working hard on Voter Registration in the East Bay.
- E. WILLSON continued and stated that "ELTON JONES", the Officer-in-charge of the SF BPP, was at the San Francisco Office, this date. That "CHUCK ADDISON", aka STEVEN ADDISON, was still living at the Jones Street address, this city, with his girl friend. ADDISON did visit the "BLACK QUAKE EXPOSE" during the week, on Wednesday he believes. ADDISON still is involved mainly at the Hayes Street address, 623 Hayes Street, in the city.
- E. At this time, GLENN WHEELER claimed that he would be going to trial this week, in San Francisco, for his arrest for accused soliciting for the BPP newspaper. His Lawyer from the East Bay would be advising him prior to the trial, but that he, GLENN, thought that he might be fined a Hundred dollars (\$100.00) or so, for payment to the lawyer and so forth. WHEELER then stated that at the BLACK QUAKE EXPOSE the party was not bothered by the police, at any time.
- G. In Fellowship Hall, MARIE CHAPMAN and GRACE HAZZELRIGG, both member of the San Francisco Women For Peace and allied associates, were active in their quest for coordination, cooperation

PARA "G" (CONT'D)

[redacted] between the political organizations against the war and also with the FSQAC. Mrs. CHAPMAN then said that her husband, one-AARON CHAPMAN, an employee of KQED, Channel 9, was now on vacation in Ohio and would return to this area in September 1972. Mrs. CHAPMAN said that she was presently working on a celebration of a Vietnamese Dinner, to be held at her residence in the near future, for the benefit of all concerned in the freedom movement. Mrs. CHAPMAN continued to trying to get an estimation of how many persons may attend, this fete. She had no further conversation, at this time. [redacted]

H. At approximately 12:30 PM, this date, no further relevant and/or interesting conversations politically, was heard and the attendance dwindled to amere 25 persons, after the hour of 12:30 PM. No further activity. [redacted]

[redacted]
FOIA b 7 - D

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Fay Stender Fined for Contempt

By Maitland Zane

Fay Stender, well-known Bay Area radical attorney, was found in contempt and fined \$500 in Oakland yesterday for refusing to answer questions about a client charged with burglary.

She and her lawyer, Robert Treuhaft, immediately announced they would appeal what Treuhaft called an "unprecedented" ruling by Oakland Municipal Court Judge Jacqueline Taber.

Judge Taber gave Mrs. Stender a 30-day stay, during which "we will seek a writ of habeas corpus," said Treuhaft.

"This ruling strikes at the heart of the confidential relationship which must exist between attorney and client," he declared.

Mrs. Stender has represented Eldridge Cleaver and George Jackson, among others.

Mrs. Stender was being questioned at a preliminary hearing concerning a burglary September 1 at the Prison Law Project, 5406 Claremont Avenue, Oakland, in which three typewriters were stolen. Mrs. Stender is an active member of the project and has a desk in the building.

The accused, Donald Leroy Barnes, 35, whom she helped to get paroled from prison in May, 1971, was arrested in a stolen car in Sparks, Nev.

Police there found pawn

tickets for the typewriters, and said he confessed to the burglary.

At yesterday's hearing, Mrs. Stender was asked if she had given Barnes permission to take the typewriters.

She refused to testify on any communications between herself and her client, and was held in contempt.

"As it happened," said Treuhaft, "she was in Aspen, Colo., on the day of the burglary."

"But the questions put her in a professional bind. She had to preserve the code of ethics and refuse to answer."

"For her part, Judge Taber said Mrs. Stender is not the attorney of record — a public defender is — and even if she were, "I was asking her questions as a human being and a witness, not as an attorney."

Mrs. Stender's legal relationship with Barnes is a complex one, to say the least.

Treuhaft explained that Mrs. Stender is a trustee of the Prison Law Project, and thus was a "victim" of the September 1 burglary. She decided this "conflict of interest" would not permit her to defend Barnes on the burglary charge.

At the same time, Treuhaft said, she retains the attorney-client confidential relationship because she is still representing Barnes on a parole violation charge and on other legal matters.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

24 S.F. Chronicle

San Francisco, Calif.

Date: 10-19-72

Edition: Home

Author: Maitland Zane

Editor: and Pub.: Chas.

deYoung Thieriot

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: SF

☐ Being Investigated

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
OCT 20 1972	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

100-49931-146

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Contempt For Lawyer In Theft Case

Well known Bay Area attorney Mrs. Fay Stender was fined \$500 yesterday for refusing to say whether she gave a client permission to take three typewriters from one of her offices.

She refused to testify at a preliminary hearing before Oakland Municipal Judge Jacqueline Taber on the grounds that a "confidential relationship must exist between attorney and client" — even if the attorney is the victim of the client.

Her client is Donald Leroy Barnes, 35, whom she helped to get a prison parole, and whom she is representing on parole violation charges.

He is accused of taking three typewriters from the Prison Law Project, at 5406 Claremont Ave., Oakland, on September 1. Mrs. Stender is a member of the project and has a desk in the building.

Barnes was arrested in a stolen car in Sparks, Nev., and police found pawn tickets for the typewriters in the car.

So Judge Taber asked Mrs. Stender whether she gave him permission to take the typewriters, and found her in contempt when she refused to answer. She is appealing the contempt charge.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

57 S.F. Examiner

San Francisco, Calif.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/3/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

Date: 10-19-72
Edition: 9 Star Final
Author:
Editor: Edmund J. Dooley
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: SF
☐ Being Investigated

SEARCHED <i>ro</i>	INDEXED <i>ro</i>
SERIALIZED <i>ro</i>	FILED <i>ro</i>
OCT 24 1972	
FBI — SAN FRANCISCO	

S-6 CDA

100-49931-147

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

SF EXAMINER
10/19/72
**Contempt
For Lawyer
In Theft Case**

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(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Date: 10/19/72

Edition:

Author: SF EXAMINER

Editor:

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office:

☐ Being Investigated

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
OCT 31 1972	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

100-49931-148

FOIA b 7 - D

Date prepared

10/12/72

received

Received from (name or symbol number)

Received by

SA BOB G. DAVIS

9/29/72

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☒ in person

☐ by telephone

☐ by mail

☐ orally

☐ recording device

☒ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:
Date

Date of Report

9/28/72

Dictated _____ to JOAN M. TIPP

Date(s) of activity

9/28/72

Transcribed 10/12/72

Authenticated
by Informant _____

Brief description of activity or material

Letter addressed to San Quentin Inmate,
LOUIS TALAMANTEZ, from "Tupac Amaru".

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

File where original is located if not attached

* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE.
VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED.

☐ Information recorded on a card index by _____ on date _____

Remarks:

Source stated that in his opinion TUPAC AMARU is possibly identical to EVE PELL. Source stated that TUPAC AMARU recently sent a group of nude photos of KAREN WALD to San Quentin Inmate, FLEETA DRUMGO, believed to be the individual referred to as "F" in attached letter, and Source believes KAREN is the individual referred to as "K" in attached letter, which was written in Spanish and interpreted by the San Quentin Translator, JERRY GOLDEN. GOLDEN had told Source that he believes a Spanish typewriter was used to type this letter. ~~_____~~. The Source further stated that KAREN WALD has had frequent written correspondence with DRUMGO and WALD works out of 558 Capp Street, San Francisco, as does EVE PELL, LINDA CASTRO, DIERDRE STONE, as well as attorneys RICHARD DOCTOROFF, BRIAN GLICK and PATTI ROBERTS. Source stated their address is known as the Prison Law Collective which was formerly located at 5406 Clarmont Street, Oakland, California, and which also was the address of attorney FAYE STENDER. Source further stated that EVE PELL is the author of a book of letters called "Maximum Security," which has recently appeared in the "Guardian" newspaper. Source further recalled that EVE PELL was formerly a friend of GEORGE JACKSON.

ACTION: Route to SA HENRY L. GAIDIS
for further action.

Block Stamp

100-49937-149

San Francisco, California
September 28, 1972

INDEX: TUPAC AMARU

1 - 100-57359 (KAREN WALD)
1 - 157-6999 (FLEETA DRUMGO)
1 - 100- (EVE PELL)
1 - 100-71781 (LINDA CASTRO)
1 - 100-67304 (DEBORAH DIERDRA STONE)
1 - 100-70318 (RICHARD DOCTOROFF)
1 - 100-71036 (BRIAN GLICK)
1 - 100- (PATTI ROBERTS)
1 - 100- (Black Lantern Press, 805 Gilman Street,
Berkeley, California)
1 - 100-49931 (FAYE STENDER)
1 - 157-7659 (Prison Law Project)
1 - ~~100-61363~~ (National Lawyers Guild)
1 - 157-7160 (LOUIS JALA MANTEZ)

trans/d

SEP 28 1972

Dear Luis,

It always pleases me to receive your letters. The humanity of your thoughts always impress me; in spite of everything you are continuing to be a very humane man.

Don't you receive the newspaper, "El Guardian"? Are you reading the articles written by my comrade friend k, about the first free territory in the Americas? She has also ^{wrote} ~~written~~ an article about the book of letters from "Maximum Security". Tell me just what you think of these articles. They were published in the editions of August 16th, September 6th, September 13th, and the last one, September 20th.

The most important thing in learning another language is the ^{kindness} ~~care~~ and respect for the people ^{that} ~~speaking~~ that language.

I have not sent you fotos until now, that's true. It isn't because of lack of affection, nor lack of confidence in you. It is because a very few persons know the face of Tupac, although many people are well acquainted with the face of my comrade friend, ^(female) the author. I am a very timid person and I prefer not to have much publicity. It's for this reason, although I would very much like to send you a photo, I can't. Perhaps a little later whenever K ^{will} ~~has~~ ^{when she} ~~has~~ resolved a few problems about ^(female) your visits to F, she will be able to send you a photo of herself. Is that OK? She wants to write you personally, but she is not sure she can write to two prisoners at the same time.

English.....

last of 5th paragraph "... to articulate to other comrades."

.....to pick up a brother at the airport. You are in my thoughts all the time even when I don't write you.

with much affection,

your comrade friend, ^(female)

Tupac Amaru

% Black Lantern Press, 805 Gilman Street, Berkeley, Calif.

SEP 28 1972
trans/d

Me alegré como siempre recibir tu carta. La humanidad
tus pensamientos siempre me impresionan; a pesar de todo,
sigues siendo un hombre muy humano.

Tu recibes el periódico "el guardian", ¿no? ¿Leiste los
artículos escrito por mi compañera k, sobre el primer territorio
libre en las Americas? Ella también escribió un artículo sobre
el libro de cartas de "seguridad máxima". Dime que tu piensas
de estos artículos. Fueron publicados en las ediciones de Agosto
16, 6 septiembre, 13 septiembre, y la última en 20 septiembre.

La cosa más importante en aprender otra lengua es ~~cariño~~
cariño y respeto por el pueblo que habla esa lengua.

No te he mandado fotos hasta ahora, es verdad. No es a
causa de falta de cariño, ni falta de confianza en ti. Es que
muy pocas personas conocen la cara de Tupac, aunque muchas
personas conocen bien la cara de mi compañera, la escritora.
Yo soy una persona muy tímida; prefiero no tener mucha publicidad.
Por eso, aunque quiera mandarte una foto, no puedo. Quizás
más tarde, cuando kah habrá resuelto algunas problemas sobre
sus visitas a efe, ella podrá mandarte una foto de ella,
¿está bien? Ella quiere escribirte personalmente, bu pero no
está segura si puede escribir a dos presos ~~al mismo~~ mismo
tiempo.

A whole lot of people in this country, even those who should
know better, believe Nixon's lies that he's winding down the
war. The more advanced sectors of the anti-war movement have
been stressing the need to support the Vietnamese PRG Seven
Point Peace Plan as the only just solution to the war. But
many people don't understand why Nixon's 8 Point plan, which
sounds so similar on the surface, isn't good enough. I'm
sending you a comparison we did of the two peace plans, so you
have the information to articulate to otros carnales.

By the way, my address is changing. From now on you
should write to me c/o Black Lantern Press, 805 Gilman Street,
Berkeley, Calif.

I have to end here, to go pick up un hermano at the
airport. Estás en mis pensamientos todo el tiempo, aun
cuando no te escribo.

con mucho cariño,

tu compañera

Tupac Amaru

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-69682) (P)

3/6/73

SA GENE L. BURGE

LA RAZA HOUSE
IS - SA

Re Bulet 9/20/72.

Referenced Bulet furnished results of a search of the Computerized Telephone Number File (CTNF), for numbers called from (415) 648-1048, which is located at LA RAZA HOUSE, 960 Guerrero, S.F. The following are the "Hits":

TO: (415) 323-6217, Subscriber AARON JOSEPH MANQANIELO,
1005 Runnymede, F. Palo Alto, Calif. (SF file 100-56206)

10/18/71	6:17 PM	3 Min.
11/09/71	11:12 AM	1 Min.
11/09/71	11:58 AM	2 Min.
11/10/71	10:55 AM	1 Min.
11/12/71	5:41 PM	1 Min.
11/23/71	4:35 PM	1 Min.
12/23/71	12:29 PM	1 Min.
5/13/72	7:51 PM	8 Min.

TO: (415) 549-3391, Subscriber RED MOUNTAIN TRIBE, 1701
Grove St., Berkeley, Calif. (SF file 100-63861)

10/19/71	5:16 PM	2 Min.
10/27/71	2:42 PM	3 Min.
11/04/71	2:13 AM	4 Min.
11/10/71	5:33 PM	4 Min.

1 - 100-69682
1 - 100-56206
1 - 100-63861
1 - 100-53013
(1) - 100-49931
1 - 100-55776
1 - 100-63017
~~1 - 100-49931~~
1 - 100-55900

GLB:gb
(8)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

100-49931-150

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 6 1973	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

SF 100-69682
GLB:gb

TO: (415) 841-0720, Subscriber ANNE WEILLS, 3073
Bateman St., Berkeley, Calif. (SF file 100-53013)

11/16/71 6:31 PM 1 Min.

TO: (415) 845-4123, Subscriber FRANK, HILL, SPENDER, HENDON,
KELLY & LARSON, Attorneys-at-Law, 2905 Telegraph Ave.,
Berkeley, Calif. (SF files 100-49931, 100-55776, 100-63017,
100-49931)

10/14/71 11:58 AM 1 Min.
10/14/71 12:35 PM 1 Min.
10/29/71 7:06 PM 1 Min.

TO: (415) 725-9703, Subscriber UNITED FARM WORKERS ORGANIZING
COMMITTEE, Garles Highway & Mettler Ave., Delano, Calif.
(SF file 100-55900)

11/11/71 1:49 PM 1 Min.
11/11/71 1:52 PM 3 Min.

FOIA b 7 - D

Date prepared

2/26/73

Date received

2/23/73

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Received by

SA KENNETH A. JACOBSEN

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☒ in person☐ by telephone☐ by mail☐ orally☐ recording device☐ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date

Dictated

to

Transcribed

Authenticated
by Informant

Date of Report

2/21/73

Date(s) of activity

2/16-19/73

Brief description of activity or material

REPORT ON ~~AN~~ NATIONAL LAWYERS

GUILD CONVENTION HELD

2/16-19/73 AT AUSTIN, TEXAS

File where original is located if not attached

* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE.
VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED.

☐ Information recorded on a card index by

on date

Remarks:

1 - BIRMINGHAM (RM)
(JACK DRAKE)2 - BOSTON (RM)
(JEANE ERIES)
(JEANNE COHEN)2 - CHICAGO (RM)
(BILL BONNER)
(MARK KODISH)
(BOB ANYON)
(TOM HONEY)2 - DENVER (RM)
(MARCIA TREMMEL)
(BILL HAZELTON)
(RUDY SCHUARE)
(VERNON BELLECOURT)

KAT/saw

(53)

saw Read By

see page 2

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

1 - CINCINNATI (RM)
(MARY KAUFMAN) BE CHANNELLED

1 - DALLAS (RM)
(BILL CHANDLER)

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 2 1973	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

100-49931-151

LA 100-5504

- 2 - DETROIT (RM)
 - (TOM MEYER)
 - (ALAN HOUSMAN)
 - (RICH SHUTT)
 - (BILL GOODMAN)
- 1 - JACKSONVILLE (RM)
 - (STEVE JOHNSON)
- 2 - NEW YORK (RM)
 - (JERRY LEFCOURT)
 - (CAROL LEBOW)
 - (JIM REIF)
 - (HEYWOOD BURNS)
 - (ARTHUR KENNEY)
 - (CENTER FOR CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS)
 - (DON PODUDA)
 - (GENE EISNER)
 - (EMILY GOODMAN)
 - (BOB BOEIM)
 - (JOE CROWN)
 - (KATIE ROBA BOCK)
- 2 - NEWARK (RM)
 - (CARLIN MEYER)
 - (JOHN ATTLES)
- 1 - OMAHA (RM)
 - (JANE FOT)
- 2 - PHILADELPHIA (RM)
 - (RICHARD WALDEN)
 - (NANCY MILKELERS)
- 2 - SAN ANTONIO (RM)
 - (VERNELL PRATT)
 - (SAM CUNNINGHAM)
 - (JIM HEIDELBERG)
- 2 - SAN FRANCISCO (RM)
 - (JANET SMALL) 100-65996
 - (SUSAN JORDAN) 100-67159
 - (JANICE ZEPPA) 100-74660
 - (JIM LARSON) 100-73354
 - (NEAL GANTCHER)
 - (JENNY RHINE) 100-50824
 - (AL BROTSKY) 100-30511
 - (BARRY WINDGRAD) 100-61977
 - (ANN GINGER) 100-34825
 - (FAY STENDER) 100-4-9931
 - (MARY MORGAN)
 - (MARTY EICHNER) 100-72463
- 1 - SEATTLE (RM)
 - (BOB GIBBS)
- 1 - ST. LOUIS (RM)
 - (DIANE TAYLOR)
- 1 - WASHINGTON FIELD (RM)
 - (JIM KEANE)

CC: 100-5504 (NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD)

100-70413 (JOAN ANDERSON) (ADEX)
100-76996 (PHYLLIS BENNIS) (ADEX)

LA 100-5504

100-76295 (GARY EDELSTONE)
100-75833 (CARLA FORTNEY)
100-78677 (BARBARA HONIG)
100-68302 (KAREN KOONAN)
100-79590 (PAULA LITT)
100-75949 (RON DOANE)
100-74665 (RICHARD FOX)
100-78840 (PETER HABERFELD)

100-78515 (JEFF KUPERS) (ADEX)
100-65877 (MIKE KOGAN)

100-79762 (STIVE OREL)
100-80206 (DICK EIDEN)
100-74252 (DAVID EPSTEIN) (ADEX)
100-81561 (STEVE HOLLOPETER)
100-72199 (NEIL HERRING) (ADEX)
100-73062 (GREG KNELL) (ADEX)
100-76044 (BARRY LITT) (ADEX)
100-78513 (BETH LIVEZEY)
100-80462 (WALTER PALMER)
100-77296 (NORMAN ROBERTS)
100-23341 (MARY ROBINSON)
157-6405 (EARL TOCKMAN)
157-4635 (CAROL SMITH)
100-73855 (DICK SOLOMAN)
100-73249 (KATHY STOUT)
100-79586 (SUSAN TOCKMAN)
100-66375 (BILL SMITH)
100-72092 (DAN LUND) (ADEX)
100-76968 (BRUCE FRANKLIN)
100-75235 (LEONARD WEINGLASS) (ADEX)

INDEX: ANDY DOLLAN
 TED GOODWIN
 LIZ KOEN
 GOOD NASH
 JANET GLOW
 BRUCE GROSS

ADAM ENGEL
EDWIGHT HUNT
CARY LOWE
DENISE BREAKMAN
BRUCE ELGIN
PETE GIANINNI

LA 100-5504

INDEX: RUTH MARANER
CHERYL BRATMAN
JOHN COVAS
JOANNE FRANKFURT
DAVID GRABILL
JOHANNA KROPP
MIKE MAGNUSON
MITCHELL PAGE
TOM TAKENOUCHI
MARK WATERMAN
CAROL WILSON
GAIL WILLIAMSON
RON ROUDA
GARY STERN
CARSON TAYLOR
ALLAN WERNICK
BAR SINISTER
KATIE KORABOCK
PAT HALLERAN
LENA KARP
ERIC SEITZ
SUSAN KAPLAN

~~CONFIDENTIAL - RESTRICTED~~
~~INTELLIGENCE REPORT~~

INFORMATION ONLY ☐

DATE 2-21-73

FILE 4029

REF. _____

TO FILE-CONFIDENTIAL

ACTIVITY NATIONAL CONVENTION

AREA AUSTIN, TEXAS

SUBJECT NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

DATE/TIME OCCURRENCE: WEEKEND OF FEBRUARY 16, 17, 18, 19, 1973

SUMMARY: Source advises of the National Lawyers Guild National Convention.

DETAILS: Approximately 500 persons were in attendance from throughout the United States, plus the Philippines, Japan, Vietnam and Arab nations. Of the above 500, there were 20 Blacks, 5 Orientals, 8 Mexican Americans, and the group included about 40% females, many of which reportedly appeared to be lesbian types. About 75 persons were in the 18-24 age group and legal workers. The majority of those attending were 25-35 years of age, and a few were older. Many of the National Lawyers Guild members present freely admitted membership in the Communist Party also.

The Los Angeles Chapter of the National Lawyers Guild had the following 59 persons in attendance:

Joan Anderson,
Phyllis Bennis,
Andy Dollan,
Adam Engel,
Gary Edelstone,
Carla Fortney,
Ted Goodwin,
Dwight Hunt,
Barbara Honig,
Karen Koonan,
Liz Koen,
Paula Litt,
Cary Lowe,
Good Nash,

Denise Breakman,
Janet Clow,
Ron Doane,
Bruce Elgin,
Richard Fox,
Bruce Gross,
Pete Gianinni,
Peter Haberfeld,
Joanna ?,
Jeff Kupers,
Mike Kogan,
Dan Lund,
Ruth Maraner,
Steve Orel,

Cheryl Bratman,
John Covas,
Dick Eiden,
David Epstein,
Joanne Frankfurt,
David Grabill,
Steve Hollopeter,
Neil Herring,
Greg Knell,
Johanna Kropp,
Barry Litt,
Beth Livezey,
Mike Magnuson,
Walter Palmer,

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ON 3/13/03

Sp4-BJA/CB

REPORTING OFFICER	SOURCE	DATE	FILE #
139:3:51	SOLO	2-19-73	4029

Mitchell Page,
Norman Roberts,
Carol Smith,
Earle Tockman,
Tom Takenouchi,
Mark Waterman,

Mary Robinson,
Dick Solomon,
Kathy Stout,
Susan Tockman,
Carol Wilson,
Gail Williamson

Ron Rouda,
Bill Smith,
Gary Stern,
Carson Taylor,
Allan Wernick,

The Los Angeles delegation was among the largest, and was dominated by the Bar Sinister Faction. Dan Lund was at the podium acting as master of ceremonies, Joan Anderson and Beth Livezy gave speeches. Upon introducing Livezy to the audience, Lund stated "appropriately on the left, we have Beth Livezy."

In order to get to the convention, several National Lawyers Guild members rented 5-6 station wagons, and others found their own transportation. Drivers of the station wagons reportedly received numerous traffic citations on the way. In Austin, transportation was provided by a church bus reportedly rented with O.E.O. funds and Model Cities money.

Security measures were strict, with no cameras or tape recorders allowed unless cleared by the executive board in advance. Austin police were conspicuously absent, although numerous parties were in progress day and night with blatant use of marijuana and other drugs. Party goers were often in the nude. Source feels many persons attended the convention for its social value, rather than its political value.

H. Bruce Franklin and other Venceremos people attended, and were well received. See attached literature. Susan Kaplan was a popular figure.

Literature was handed out by The Committee for Protection of the Foreign Born, and the United States Immigration Service was verbally attacked for its action against Arabs. The National Emergency Civil Liberties Committee also distributed literature.

Nothing was mentioned on the floor about amnesty for draft dodgers.

Fifty persons attended a workshop on prisoners rights, and it was agreed to print a newspaper to be smuggled into prisons and jails nationwide, in an effort to politicize the inmates. A "Prisoners Bill of Rights" was proposed and adopted, and would be tantamount to allowing the inmates to run the asylum. It was agreed that National Lawyers Guild would assist in photographing and identifying police at rallies and more lawsuits filed against police.

Many speakers were very anti-Nixon, especially a group of Blacks from Attica, who laced their speeches with profanity.

The National Lawyers Guild Headquarters in New York may be moved to an unknown location.

Another convention will be held in 1 1/2 years.

An National Lawyers Guild history is attached, along with a copy of the current budget.

Delegates could not agree on a future course of action, and when suggestions were made, other delegates would state that they had already tried it, and it didn't work. Workshops in various areas resulted in a re-stating of what had been done, rather than future goals decided.

The National Lawyers Guild exists by another name in southern states due to conservatism, but is funded through the New York office.

50

Others in attendance at the convention were:

Bob Gibbs, Seattle,	Katie Rorabock, N.L.G. President,
Sam Cunningham, Austin,	Vernell Pratt, Austin
✓ Janet Small, San Francisco,	Heywood Burns, New York
Mary Kaufman, Antioch College,	told source she is a Communist,
Arthur Kenney, Center for Constitutional Rights, New	
York and Rutgers' professor,	
✓ Marty Eichner, Palo Alto	Diane Taylor, law student at
	Washington University, St. Louis,
Bill Chandler, Texas Farmworkers,	
Rudy Schuare, Denver,	Jeane Eries, Boston
Don Poduda, New York Attica Case	
Carlin Meyer, New Jersey,	Gene Eisner, New York
✓ Pat Halleran, ex-con, California	
Jane Pot, Iowa City,	Ray Stender, Oakland
✓ Mary Morgan, Berkeley,	John Attles, New Jersey
Steve Johnson, Gainesville, Florida	

✓ Emily Goodman, New York Bill Goodman, Detroit,
 ✓ Ann Ginger, professor, Hastings/Law School, Berkeley
 ✓ Jerry Lefcourt, New York Carol Lebow, New York
 ✓ Jim Heidelberg, San Antonio, ✓ Susan Jordan, San Francisco,
 ✓ Jim Reif, New York Center for Constitution Rights,
 Lana Karp, Philippines, Bob Anyon, Chicago and Philippines,
 Tom Honey, Chicago and Philippines,
 ✓ Vernon Bellecourt, Boulder, Colorado,
 ✓ Marcia Trammel, Denver, and N.L.G. Office, New York,
 ✓ Janet Small, San Francisco, Bill Hazelton, Denver,
 ✓ Nancy Milkelsers, Philadelphia,
 ✓ Janice Zeppa, San Francisco, ✓ Neal Gantcher,
 ✓ Jim Larson, *SAN FRANCISCO* ✓ Jenny Rhine,
 ✓ Al Brotsky, San Francisco, Alan Housman, Detroit,
 ✓ Rick Shutt, Detroit, Jeanne Cohen, Boston
 ✓ Bob Boelm, New York City, Joe Crown, New York City,
 ✓ Eric Seitz, told source he visited Asia,
 Jack Drake, Tuscaloosa, Alabama,
 Tom Meyer, Detroit, Bill Bonner, Chicago,
 Mark Kodish, Chicago, Richard Walden, Pennsylvania,
 Jim Keane, Washington D.C., ✓ Barry Windgrad, Berkeley,
 Leonard Weinglass

It appears that members were unable to unite behind a common cause, now that the Vietnam war is over for Americans. The prison movement received the most support, but is not strong at this time.

The Los Angeles chapter appears to wield the most power nationally, and is almost totally controlled by the Bar Sinister.

See attached literature handed out at the convention, numerous additional information is contained therein.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 3/28/73

On March 26, 1973, MARSHALL LEWIS BRIDGES was interviewed at San Quentin Prison, Tamal, California. BRIDGES was advised of the identity of the interviewing agent and that the interview concerned black extremist activities. BRIDGES was advised of his rights according to an "Interrogation; Advice of Rights" form, which he refused to sign but agreed to talk.

BRIDGES stated that he is currently a member of the Safe Adjustment Through Education (SATE) group.

BRIDGES stated that he belongs to this group for self protection because he feels that one must belong to some group if you are to survive while incarcerated.

BRIDGES stated that he has been friendly with members of the Black Family but was not a member himself. BRIDGES feels as though he has been framed many times while incarcerated.

BRIDGES stated that one of the inmates that he used to know, JOHNNY SPAIN, asked BRIDGES to write to FAY STENDER when SPAIN was segregated in the Adjustment Center at Soledad Prison. BRIDGES wrote to STENDER to inform her that SPAIN was locked up. BRIDGES in turn was accused of conspiring to get guns into Soledad Prison with STENDER for which he was locked up for one year but never charged with the conspiracy.

BRIDGES stated that he does communicate with as many females as possible for purposes of companionship and hoping that some of them will send him spending money.

BRIDGES stated he does not plan on associating with any extremists while outside of prison, he will only concentrate on staying outside of prison.

A description of BRIDGES from interview and observation follows:

Name:
Aliases:

MARSHALL LEWIS BRIDGES
(JASIRI) John Lewis Bridges,
Charles Anderson

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DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CLB

On 3/26/73 at Tamal, California

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 11 1973	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

100-49931-152
SF 157-7807

by SA JOHN E. CONWAY/afm

Date dictated 3/28/73

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

SF 157-7807
JEC/afm

Address:	(When paroled) 400 La Dera Drive Vallejo, California 707-643-5235
Telephone number:	
Race:	Negro
Sex:	Male
Date of Birth:	[REDACTED]
Place of Birth:	
Eyes:	Brown
Hair:	Black
Height:	6'2"
Weight:	195 Pounds
Social Security Account Number:	[REDACTED]
Education:	7th Grade
Person Always Knowing Address:	MARILYN HERRON (wife) 809 North Acacia Compton, California

FOIA b 6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO

FROM : SUPERVISOR ROBERT S. BERRYMAN

SUBJECT: FAYE STENDER, aka
SM - C

FORMER CATEGORY III

DATE:

4/25/73

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

The case on captioned subject is being reopened in accordance with the former ADEX verification schedule to be reviewed to determine whether or not the subject meets the new criteria.

This criteria includes individuals, whether affiliated with organized groups or not, who have shown a willingness and capability of engaging in treason, rebellion or insurrection, seditious conspiracy, sabotage, espionage, terrorism, guerrilla warfare, assassination of Government officials or leaders, or other such acts which would result in interference with or a threat to the survival and effective operation of national, state or local government.

(OVER)

- ☐ Subject meets new ADEX criteria and FD-122 has been submitted.
- ☐ Subject does not meet criteria and was formerly in Category I or II. FD-122 has been submitted.
- ☒ Subject does not meet ADEX criteria, was formerly in Category III or IV, and a Routing Slip has been forwarded to FBI Headquarters showing a review has been made and Subject does not meet the new ADEX criteria.

RSB/see

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 25 1973	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

Winecoff *1HW*

Supervisor BERRYMAN *Orb*



5010-108-01

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

SF
RSB/see

This would include leaders of organizations whose aims include the overthrow or destruction of the government by unlawful means. Mere membership in such organizations is not sufficient in itself to warrant inclusion on ADEX. Leaders are defined as those in a position to significantly influence the policies or direct the activities of the group. Subject must have engaged in the activity described above within the past two years with no indication of having ceased such activity. Exceptions to the two-year rule would be those individuals who have gone into hiding, left the country, or who have been imprisoned.

FD-122 must have succinct summary attached citing specific basis for inclusion. ~~If deleted~~, statement should be made subject no longer meets new ADEX criteria.

This form is: ☐ Top Secret ☐ Secret ☐ Confidential ☒ Unclassified

TO: SAC:

<input type="checkbox"/> Albany	<input type="checkbox"/> Houston	<input type="checkbox"/> Oklahoma City
<input type="checkbox"/> Albuquerque	<input type="checkbox"/> Indianapolis	<input type="checkbox"/> Omaha
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<input type="checkbox"/> Buffalo	<input type="checkbox"/> Los Angeles	<input type="checkbox"/> St. Louis
<input type="checkbox"/> Butte	<input type="checkbox"/> Louisville	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Lake City
<input type="checkbox"/> Charlotte	<input type="checkbox"/> Memphis	<input type="checkbox"/> San Antonio
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<input type="checkbox"/> Detroit	<input type="checkbox"/> New Orleans	<input type="checkbox"/> Tampa
<input type="checkbox"/> El Paso	<input type="checkbox"/> New York City	<input type="checkbox"/> Washington Field
<input type="checkbox"/> Honolulu	<input type="checkbox"/> Norfolk	<input type="checkbox"/> Quantico

☐ SAC, New Rochelle (MRA)
☐ SAC, Brooklyn-Queens (MRA)

RE: *Faye Stender*
Ethel Abrahams

TO: LEAD:

☐ Bern
☐ Bogota
☐ Bonn
☐ Hong Kong
☐ London
☐ Manila
☐ Mexico City
☐ Ottawa
☐ Panama City
☐ Paris
☐ Rome
☐ Tokyo

Counting of Paragraphs:

Reference-counted as first para.; last para. on page continued to next page counted on first page only; page beginning with continued para. - first full para. counted as para. one; para. followed by (:) - material thereafter counted as part of original para. or referred to as "line _____", info. not in para. form identified as "line _____", or subject matter.

Bu file 100-470648-3

Ur file _____

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Date _____

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DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

Re: SAN FRANCISCO
(Division)

SAN FRANCISCO
(Division)

☐ Report of SA
☐ Letter ☐ Airtel ☐ Teletype
☒ LHM ☐ Memo ☐ Other

☐ Cover Communication:
☐ Letter ☐ Airtel ☐ Report cover pages

To: Director Dated 6-25-73

To: Director Dated 6-25-73

☐ Classification retained (see below)

☐ Classification retained (see below)

☐ Declassified by _____ on _____

☐ Declassified by _____ on _____

☐ Classified ☐ Top Secret

☐ Classified ☐ Top Secret

☐ Upgraded To: ☐ Secret

☐ Upgraded To: ☐ Secret

☐ Downgraded ☐ Confidential

☐ Downgraded ☐ Confidential

Classified and extended by SP1 gpk/Res on 12-19-80

Classified and extended by _____ on _____

Reason for extension

Reason for extension

FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2. ☐ 1 ☒ 2 ☐ 3

FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2. ☐ 1 ☐ 2 ☐ 3

Date of review

Date of review

for declassification 6-25-93

for declassification _____

The above indicated changes in classification have been made at FBIHQ. You are requested to make the changes indicated on your referenced communication(s) and all other file copies in your division. Advise local agencies previously receiving copies of communication(s) of change(s). This routing slip can be destroyed after changes have been made.

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			<input type="checkbox"/> TS <input type="checkbox"/> S <input type="checkbox"/> C
			<input type="checkbox"/> TS <input type="checkbox"/> S <input type="checkbox"/> C
			<input type="checkbox"/> TS <input type="checkbox"/> S <input type="checkbox"/> C

☐ See reverse side for additional listings.

FBIHQ Division 4 ☒ Other ☐ DCRU ☐ Other

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WJH
(Initials)

ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-470648)

6/25/73

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-49931) (C)

FAYE STENDER
SM-C

The Bureau has been advised by FD-417 that Subject does not meet the new ADEX criteria.

FAYE STENDER has described herself as a "radical or movement" attorney. She is employed at the Prison Law Project in Oakland, California, and has been involved defending and supporting movement and street people.

There has been no reported information which would indicate this Subject would be cooperative with the Bureau.

In view of the above, it is felt that the possibility of embarrassment to the Bureau far outweighs any information which she would be willing to furnish. No recommendation is being made to interview Subject at this time.

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DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4-BJA/CB

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - San Francisco
HKW/shd
(3)
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FILE STRIPPED
100-49931-154

Searched _____
Serialized NP
Indexed _____
Filed NP

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

A Grim Finale for Prison Inmates

By Tim Findley

There is a kind of bitter satisfaction in the muffled resonance of an iron door closing, its thickness meeting securely and finally with the heavy latch.

With the same finality, the Prison Law Project in Oakland announced last week that as of June 30, it will close its doors for the last time.

"To the prisoners who have actual cases in progress, the Project staff will complete that work," said the letter from attorneys Fay Stender and Ezra Hendon.

To all other prisoners the Project cannot be of service at this time. Whether it will ever re-open cannot be known now, but there are no immediate plans to seek funds for so doing.

"A society that will not buy hot lunches for its school children cannot be expected to provide legal services for its prisoners."

INTERVIEWS

Mrs. Stender and Hendon have heard that heavy prison door close behind them many times before in the last three years as they left state prisons after another of their countless interviews with inmate clients.

Mrs. Stender in particular has become almost a legend in places where women once

were seldom seen and where even attorneys were often only gloomy disappointments.

To hundreds, perhaps thousands, of inmates she has become an heroic figure. To scores of correctional officers, she is a demon agitator and worse.

Once, less than two years ago, the people most powerful in California corrections would have readily scored Fay Stender as one of the greatest threats to security in state prisons.

"Extremists on both sides of the question ought to just shut up," Director of Corrections Raymond Procunier once said in one of the milder statements aimed directly at Mrs. Stender.

VIOLENCE

Yet in the last year in particular, after horrifying episodes of violence and death of both inmates and officers in prisons, there has come to be something of a rapprochement between admittedly "radical" and "movement" lawyers such as Mrs. Stender and the Department of Corrections.

There is not full agreement, and certainly no deep

friendship, but even spokesmen for Procunier himself concede there is "better communication — more understanding," now.

About 200 letters from inmates came each week to the small stucco home at 6406 Claremont avenue in Oakland that the project uses as its headquarters. Mrs. Stender, Hendon and four staff members handle them.

The two-page letter announcing its end was the first time in two years of formal existence that the law project sent a form letter to its clients and supporters.

CLIENTS

Mrs. Stender, an intense, sometimes explosive woman, represented such well-known clients as Black Panther Huey Newton and the late George Jackson in celebrated cases of the last five years.

But the project also took on many cases that never appeared in the media. Many of these cases literally would not be handled by any other law firm.

There was a Los Angeles man who was paroled from a California prison. Soon afterward he was convicted of reckless driving in Florida and did a brief stint in a county jail there.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

6 S.F. Chronicle

San Francisco, Calif.

Date: 5-25-73
Edition: Home
Author: Tim Findley
and Pub.: Chas.
Editor: deYoung Thieriot
Title:

Character:
or

Classification:
Submitting Office: SF

☐ Being Investigated

100-49931

SEARCHED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	INDEXED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
SERIALIZED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FILED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
MAY 29 1973	
FBI — SAN FRANCISCO	

100-49931-155
DESCRIPTION MAIL

Ten years went by, and the man got in no other trouble. Suddenly one day he was yanked back to the California prison as a parole violator — after the authorities had discovered the ten-year old traffic conviction.

There was a Fresno man put back in prison for beating his wife despite the fact that investigating officers reported it was his wife who had beaten him — in the officers' presence.

PENDING

Three class actions brought by the project on behalf of inmates to improve prison conditions are still pending today, including one to close the rigidly restrictive Folsom 4A adjustment center.

The project announced its demise at a time when the outlook for convicts is bleaker than it has been in two years and at a time when prison officials now admit that lawyers such as Mrs. Stender have had one good effect.

"There is still a lot of bitterness toward them," said Department of Corrections spokesman Phil Guthrie, "but it also must be said that in large part due to them the re-examination of inmates rights is really just beginning."

Even so, pressured by a move toward tougher attitudes and spates of murderous violence, California parole authorities have reduced the number of men granted parole by 30 per cent in the last six months.

The prison population has risen from an all-time low of around 19,000 in 1972 to nearly 21,000 today and is expected to reach 23,000 by next year. Fully 80 per cent of the men in prison today are classified as needing "medium or better" security.

"It was just plain old money that did it," Mrs. Stender said, explaining the demise of the law project.

FUNDS

Despite repeated efforts, the project was never able to secure any funds from California-based foundations. Although nearly all its work was with California prisoners, most of its money came from Eastern-based foundations and small donations. It needed \$6000 a month to run its operation.

Both Mrs. Stender and Hendon plan to re-enter private law practice, although friends say the strain of Mrs. Stender's constant battles is showing and she is expected to take at least some period of time to spend with her husband, also an attorney, and their two children.

Friend and foe alike concede that will leave something of a void in state prisons. It may be some time before they will again witness a scene like that at a Congressional subcommittee hearing two years ago when Mrs. Stender, with customary bluntness, replied to corrections chief Procunier's testimony:

"I'm always interested in hearing Mr. Procunier — he sounds so good, and yet it isn't like that in prison; it just isn't true."



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RE:

Date MAY 22 1975

FAY ETHEL ABRAHAMS STENDER
IS- CUBA

105-11419-183 p3 (8/73)
Stender, Fay Ethel
100-99931 (3/62)*
☐ For information ☐ Retention optional ☒ For appropriate action ☐ Surep, by
☐ The enclosed is for your information. If used in a future report, ☐ conceal all sources, ☐ paraphrase contents.
☐ Enclosed are corrected pages from report of SA _____ dated _____

Remarks:

RE LEGAT MEXICO LET. 7/11/73 WITH ENCL.

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FBI - J. Edgar Hoover
[] []

Enc.
Bufile
Urfile

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.
July 11, 1973

CLASSIFIED BY Sp4-BJA/CB
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X-1,4
3/13/03

FAY ETHEL ABRAHAMS STENDER

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FBI - SAN FRANCISCO
Porter

CONFIDENTIAL

FAY ETHEL ABRAHAMS STENDER



2*

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Counting of Paragraphs:

Reference-counted as first para.; last para. on page continued to next page counted on first page only; page beginning with continued para. - first full para. counted as para. one; para. followed by (:) - material thereafter counted as part of original para. or referred to as "line ____"; info. not in para. form identified as "line ____", or subject matter.

Bu file 100-470648-4

Ur file _____

If document has been destroyed or cannot be located, reply with FBIHQ is unnecessary.

Date _____

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- | | | |
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RE: STender, Fay Ethel

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Re: Mexico City
(Division)

Mexico City
(Division)

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| <input type="checkbox"/> Report of SA | <input type="checkbox"/> Letter | <input type="checkbox"/> Airtel | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Teletype |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> LHM | <input type="checkbox"/> Memo | <input type="checkbox"/> Other | |

To: Director Dated 7-11-73

☐ Classification retained (see below)

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☒ Classified ☐ Top Secret

☐ Upgraded To: ☐ Secret

☐ Downgraded ☐ Confidential

Classified and extended by SP1-GSK/RS on 12-19-80

Reason for extension

FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2. ☐ 1 ☒ 2 ☒ 3

Date of review

for declassification 7-11-93

- | | | | |
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| <input type="checkbox"/> Cover Communication: | <input type="checkbox"/> Letter | <input type="checkbox"/> Airtel | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Report cover pages |
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To: Director Dated 7-11-73

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Reason for extension

FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2. ☐ 1 ☒ 2 ☒ 3

Date of review

for declassification 7-11-93

The above indicated changes in classification have been made at FBIHQ. You are requested to make the changes indicated on your referenced communication(s) and all other file copies in your division. Advise local agencies previously receiving copies of communication(s) of change(s). This routing slip can be destroyed after changes have been made.

Page	Paragraph	Line	Classification
Cover Page 1	2, 4, 5		<input type="checkbox"/> TS <input type="checkbox"/> S <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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LHM 1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6		<input type="checkbox"/> TS <input type="checkbox"/> S <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
LHM 2	1, 2, 3		<input type="checkbox"/> TS <input type="checkbox"/> S <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/> TS <input type="checkbox"/> S <input type="checkbox"/> C

☐ See reverse side for additional listings.

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RE:

Date 0000 23 1973

☒ For information ☐ Retention optional ☐ For appropriate action ☐ Surep, by _____
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Remarks:

*See Bulet to WFO 7-9-73
re: Travel Matters - Cuba*

DECLASSIFIED BY SP4-BJA/CB
ON 3/13/03

Enc.

Bufile

Urfile 100-49931

CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL ATTACHED

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 7/11/73

FROM : LEGAT, MEXICO CITY (105-10574) (RUC)

SUBJECT: FAY ETHEL ABRAHAMS STENDER
IS - CUBA

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

ENCLOSURES

CLASSIFIED BY SP4-BJA/CB
DECLASSIFY ON: 1/6
3/13/03

Enclosed are eight copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above.

ADMINISTRATIVE

6-Bureau (ENC. 8)
(1-Foreign Liaison Desk)
(2-San Francisco)
1-Mexico City

JO:kvw

(7)



5010-108-02

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

SEARCHED ☒ INDEXED ☒

SERIALIZED ☒ FILED ☒

JUL 25 9 32 AM '73

FBI - SAN FRANCISCO

100-49931-157

MEX 105-10574

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



b 1

CLASSIFICATION

The enclosed LHM is classified confidential to protect source.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC SAN FRANCISCO (100-49931)

FROM : SUPERVISOR GARY L. PENRITH

SUBJECT: FAY STENDER

DATE: 8/3/73

The information which follows was part of an intelligence summary for the period 7/5-12/73, received by the writer from [REDACTED]

FOIA(b)(7) - (C)

FAY STENDER and EZRA HENDON have sent out a letter to supporters of the Prison Law Project, 5406 Claremont Avenue, Oakland, announcing that the project was closing on 6/30/73, due to lack of funds. Since 1971, FAY STENDER and her associates have made exceptional inroads, both overt and covert, in the process of radicalizing the state penal system. Prison litigation instigated by this office has greatly increased the level of access radicals have to the inmate population. The demise of this office is viewed more in the context of its having outlived its usefulness than the claim of financial problems.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

- 9/10
RP
- 1 - 100-49931
 - 1 - 100-61877 (EZRA HENDON)
 - 1 - 157-7659 (PRISON LAW PROJECT)
- GLP/sad (S-6)
(3)

SEARCHED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	INDEXED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	



5010-108

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

100-49931-158

DO NOT DESTROY OR
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CURRENTLY PERTINENT
IN NLG SUIT.

LEGAL SECTION

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SAC, WFO

7/9/73

Acting Director, FBI (105-7-210)

TRAVEL MATTERS - CUBA

FOIA b 3 - 50 USC 3024 i 1 - Intelligence Sources and Methods

With reference to the individuals mentioned therein, Bureau files indicate the following:

Rafael Anglada Lopez - possibly identical with the subject of Bufile 105-206133, SJfile 105-12690.

Paul L. Jacobs - possibly identical with the subject of Bufile 100-401403, SFfile 100-45535.

Juan Gonzalez Feliciano - possibly identical with the subject of Bufile 105-210756, SJfile 105-12840.

Enclosure

- 2 - Los Angeles (Enclosure)
- 2 - New York (Enclosure)
- 2 - San Francisco (Enclosure)
- 2 - San Juan (Enclosure)

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ON 6/2/80 BJA

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DATE 11-2-82 BY SP8 TAP/CLM

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100-45535

100-57359

100-49931

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JUL 9 9 11 AM '73

FBI - SAN FRANCISCO

Porter JP

100-49931-159

Letter to WFO
Re: Travel Matters - Cuba
105-7-210

Karen Wald - possibly identical with the subject of Bufile 100-446938, SFfile 100-57359.

Antonio Gaztambide - possibly identical with the subject of Bufile 105-200458, SJfile 105-12151.

Jacinto Rivera Perez - possibly identical with the subject of Bufile 105-246417. WFO see MEXlet 6/7/73 concerning Rivera.

Susan Lynn Aronstein Cantor - possibly identical with Bufile 105-207332, NYfile 105-109524.

Flavia Rivera Montero - possibly identical with Bufile 100-455118, SJfile 105-11596.

Ramon A. Cintron - possibly identical with the subject of Bufile 100-463886, NYfile 105-10184.

Jose Antonio Franceschini Carlo - possibly identical with the subject of Bufile 105-224663, SJfile 105-13920.

Jose A. Laboy Delgado - possibly identical with the subject of Bufile 105-203506, SJfile 105-12169.

Henry Ricardo - possibly identical with the subject of Bufile 100-443745, NYfile 105-62789.

Fay Ethel Abrahams Stender - possibly identical with the subject of Bufile 100-470648, SFfile 100-49931.

Thomas Lee Tosdal - possibly identical with the subject of Bufile 100-467855, LAfile 100-77759.

Letter to WFO

Re: Travel Matters - Cuba
105-7-210

Ann Birnbaum Friedman Barnet - possibly identical with the subject of Bufile 105-185148, WFOfile 100-45302.

Richard Jackson Barnet - possibly identical with the subject of Bufile 105-185148, WFOfile 100-45302.

Dixie Bayo - possibly identical with Dixie Bayo Meisner, Bufile 100-439854, SJfile 105-4561.

Joseph Collins - possibly identical with the subject of Bufile 100-463132, WFOfile 100-53429.

On the basis of information furnished, no main files on the following individuals were located in Bureau files:

Juan Gonzalez
Nitza Ivette Melendez de Diaz
Felipe Ramos
Luis A. Santiago
Emily Jane Goodman
Michael Robert Krinsky
David Sheldon Levinson
Richard J. Wagner

WFO check appropriate records of the Department of State concerning the individuals whose names are indented above. Furnish the results to the office covering their residence under individual captions. Instruct that office to handle the matter in accordance with instructions contained in the Manual of Instructions, Section 105G, page 19, paragraph 5a.

Letter to WFO
Re: Travel Matters - Cuba
105-7-210

If necessary, action taken by recipient offices on individuals already the subjects of Bureau files should be submitted under individual captions with the appropriate character. For the information of recipient offices, considerable information concerning these individuals is available in the files of the Department of State. Appropriate offices can request WFO to check these files for information concerning these subjects, if desired.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-49931)(C)

DATE: 9/13/73

FROM : SA J. ROBERT PORTER

SUBJECT: FAYE ETHEL ABRAHAMS STENDER
SM-C; IS - CUBA
(OO:SF)

Re SF letter to Bureau 6/25/73 entitled FAYE STENDER
and Legat, Mexico letter to Bur 7/11/73.

A review of subject's file reflects that she is
identical with subject of referenced Legat letter. It should
also be noted that the Bureau is aware of subject and her
activities.

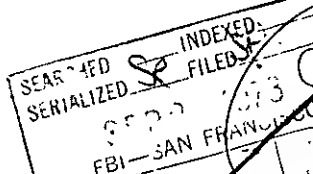
It is not felt that contact with subject would be
of benefit to the Bureau at this time due to the possibility
of embarrassment to the Bureau.

In view of the above, no further investigation is
contemplated at this time.

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2

① 100-49931
1-105-11419



FILE STRIPPED
MOS 9/26/73



100-49931-160

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

OTHER VOICES/ Comment on current issues
from various contributors

The press and the prisoner

JOURNALISTS pride themselves on fairness. They traditionally seek out and print or broadcast all sides of controversial issues.

The one startling exception, the single area of public concern that does not regularly receive this balanced treatment from the media, is the seething world behind prison walls. In a society caught up in a crime scare nurtured by the administrators of prisons and their allies, this seems a most inappropriate area for the press to select for deviation from its well developed standards of fairness.

When San Quentin prisoners went on strike last year, we read that they had gotten up what then Associate Warden James Park contemptuously called a "wastebasket manifesto."

Park said he found the list of prisoner demands in a wastebasket, and presumably had a good laugh with reporters over that. Park didn't bother to say much about exactly what was contained in that manifesto. No news source embroiled in controversy is likely to spend too much time explaining his or her adversary's position, and Park was no exception.

He did what all prison administrators invariably do when confronted by the media; he spoke for the administration, and against the prisoners.

In almost any other situation of the magnitude of that San Quentin strike, re-

porters would have started poking around the other side of the issue. But the other side of this issue was also on the other side of fortress walls and gun towers. Consequently, we were left either to accept Park's stuffing off of the whole affair, or to guess at what was really happening at San Quentin.

Some probably guessed, on the basis of old movies, that the food in the cafeteria was prompting the men to mischief. Others may have rightly assumed that the prisoners' "wastebasket manifesto" was a sophisticated indictment of the indeterminate sentence, widespread use of solitary confinement in squalid cubicles, grossly inadequate medical care, and a lack of vocational training opportunities.

Whatever the truth of this situation, one sad part is that we were left to guess at the complexities of suffering and motivation which lay behind the event. This is anything

Fay Stender

San Francisco attorney
formerly with the
Prison Law Project.

(Indicate page, name of
newspaper, city and state.)

35 S.F. Examiner

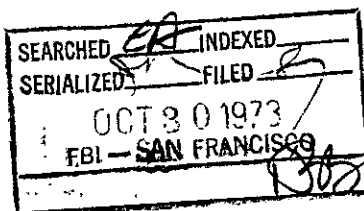
San Francisco, Calif.

Date: 10-23-73
Edition: ~~XXXXXX~~ Final
Author: Fay Stender
Editor: Randolph A. Hearst
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: SF

☐ Being Investigated

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB



100-49931-161

but an isolated example of how the media often presents only the prison administration's views.

When the press does seek out the prisoner, it often opts for an interview with a superstar, celebrity, or establishment figure. Thus we read about the trials and tribulations of Jimmy Hoffa, the writs of habeas corpus prepared by Watergate burglar G. Gordon Liddy for fellow prisoners, or the problems besetting the children of Clifford Irving and E. Howard Hunt.

It is almost as if no other prisoners prepared legal briefs, or none save the famous had suffering, or interesting, families.

When convicts are killed in the terror-filled world of prison, the paper is likely to list only the age, crime and home town of the victim. The death of a guard brings forth a description of the plight of the widow, and children, and civic achievements and army career of the correctional officer. But when was the last time you read an obituary of a prisoner detailing how he or she was the editor of the prison paper, baseball umpire at a community game, a research technician at the prison hospital, or a tutor for other inmates?

Why are prisoners so ignored by the media unless violence is involved?

The obvious conclusion for the reading and viewing public must be that the un interviewed, unquoted, and un-eulogized convict is some sort of non-person. Those who know prisoners know that many have enormous creative potential, great concern for each other and our system of criminal justice. Their often superior intelligence combined with a view of the world from the bottom of the socio-economic ladder gives them some excellent insights that should be shared with the public.

Eugene Debs observed that "A prison is a cross-section of society in which every human strain is clearly revealed. An average prison and its inmates in point of character, intelligence, and habits, will compare favorably with any number of persons outside of prison walls." But prisoners are not made frequently available to the media, so that the press is more likely to hear the administration's platitudes and become habituated to them.

The press could press the small wedge opened by recent federal court rulings permitting infrequent interviews with prisoners not suffering special disabilities (such as solitary confinement) rather than waiting for strikes, riots or killings to search for prisoner sentiment.

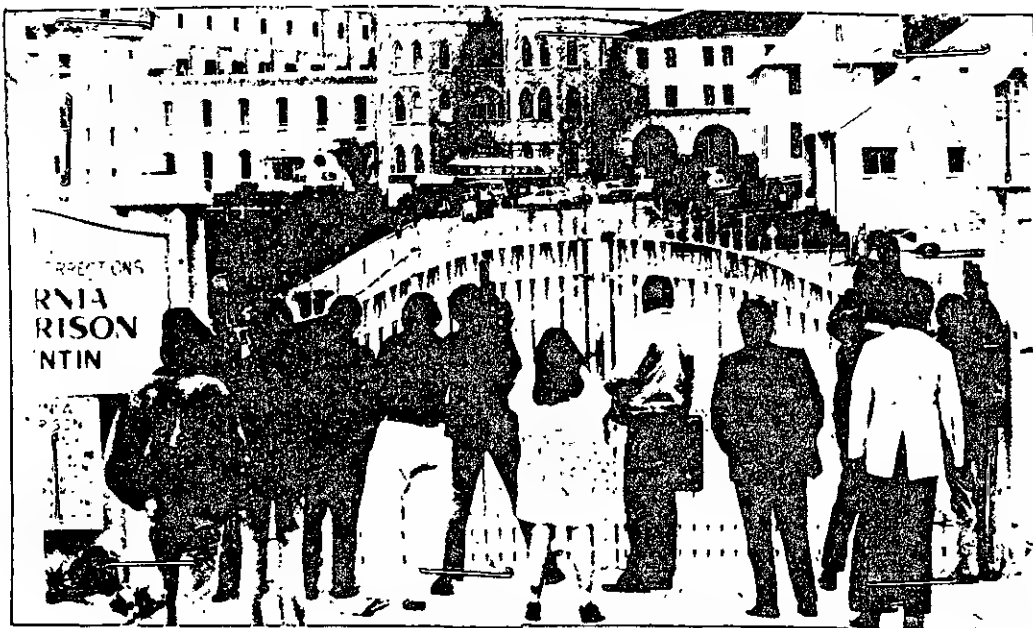
The easiest access to prisoners is likely to be at times of relative calm, and reporters should take advantage of such periods. This is not to advocate more puff pieces on the latest "therapies" and panaceas should be written. Of course, direct access to prisoners is not always necessary to get the prisoners' view of things.

The prison grapevine is legendary, extends outside the walls, and should be available to the enterprising reporter who wants to hook in. Beyond that, ex-convict groups such as the Prisoners Union, headquartered in San Francisco, are always prepared to provide spokespersons for the prisoner point of view.

One of the projects on the drawing board at the Prison Law Project when lack of funding terminated all but its referral services recently was a conference where ex-convicts, prisoner-support groups, prison attorneys and members of the working press would explore these problems and issues together. Prisons and prisoners have fallen from prominence in public interest recently, but the convicted class still exists.

The press is missing a lot of human interest stories and some hard political truths.

"In 'wastebasket manifestos' are many lessons, still unlearned.



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO

DATE: 10/17/73

FROM : SA JOHN E. CONWAY

SUBJECT: LARRY JUSTICE
SF 157-7551
EM

EARL B. GIBSON
SF 157-7563
EM

FOIA b 7 - C

The following list of individuals attended Subjects trial on the dates indicated and signed in on a log as requested. This information was provided by [redacted] and was administratively handled as follows:

Where San Francisco main case files existed on these attendees a copy was placed in their case files for information of the case agent; and where no main files existed the individuals names were indexed to captioned Subject's file.

indexing on every page

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100-49931

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RRP

100-49931-162

<u>Name</u>	<u>Address</u>	<u>Descriptive Information</u>	<u>Identification Presented</u>	<u>Date/s Attending</u>
TO-OUR, LOWE R.	208 Laurel, San Anselmo		CA S492812	12/7/72
TILSON, CASEY	208 Laurel, San Anselmo	9/5/58		12/7/72
IC, JULIANN	15 Entrata San Anselmo		U.S. Passport C1770876	12/7/72
ALSH, ALEXANDER ERARD	19800 Glen Una Rd. Los Gatos		CA 039-30-1863	12/7/72 12/11/72*
ALMER, JOHN ENRY, JR.	937 W. 53rd St. Los Angeles, CA	12/7/40 NMA	Dept. Corr. A78869A	12/7/72 12/8/72* 12/11/72*
100-49931 * (v0) TENDER, FAY A.	2210 Grant St. Berkeley		CA G297270	12/7/72
ALLIN, WERNER	32 Turquoise S.F., CA		CA B519219	12/7/72
OLAZO, PABLO	Box 713 Waldo Pt. Sausalito		NY C15450	12/7/72

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 2/19/74

On February 11, 1974, Sergeant WILLIAM HANKENS, Security and Investigations Officer, California State Prison, San Quentin, California, made available visitors list for JAMES HAROLD HOLLIDAY, San Quentin Number 67701. They are as follows:

ERNESTINE HOLLIDAY
1324 W. 57th Street
Los Angeles, California
Wife

ANNA LINDBERG
1621 Seventh Avenue
Oakland, California
Friend
December 20, 1973

THERMAN LYLE BLACK
237 W. 80th
Inglewood, California
Friend
This name is crossed out

DORIS WILLIAMS and husband MORRIS
665 E. 120th Street
Los Angeles, California
Sister and brother-in-law

ROBYN JUE STEIVER
5939 Chabot Road, #6
Oakland, California
Friend

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4-BJA/CB

Joy Stender
100 - 49931-163

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SERIALIZED	FILED
FEB 19 1974	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

SPB

On 2/11/74 at California State Prison
San Quentin, California File # SF 7-855

by SA CORNELIUS M. SULLIVAN/shd Date dictated 2/15/74

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

2
SF 7-855
CMS/shd

GENEA and JAMES LEWIS
449 W. 118th Street
Los Angeles, California
Mother and stepfather

BRENDA J. WALKER
1216 71st Avenue
Oakland, California
Friend

PATRICIA FRANK
558 Capp Street
San Francisco, California
Friend

WILLIAM TAYLOR HARRIS
434 41st Street
Oakland, California
Friend

AUDREY G. ANDERSON
1265 Grove, #301
San Francisco, California
Cousin
This name is crossed out

The following is a complete list of HOLLIDAY's
visitors since 1961:

Mrs. ERNESTINE L. HOLLIDAY
5014 Hilldale
Los Angeles, California
Wife
Visited February 14, 1961

DORIS L. WILLIAMS
546 $\frac{1}{2}$ W. 95th Street
Los Angeles, California
Sister
Visited October, 1961

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SF 7-855
CMS/shd

JOHN D. PULLAM
449 W. 118th Street
Los Angeles, California
Uncle
Visited September 12, 1963

JAMES C. LEWIS
3981 $\frac{1}{2}$ S. Hilldale
Los Angeles, California
Stepfather
Visited December 26, 1964

BILLIE CLARK
3981 $\frac{1}{2}$ S. Hilldale
Los Angeles, California
Cousin
Visited May 1 and 2, 1965

WILLIAM JAMISON
5682 Adeline Street
Oakland, California
Attorney
Visited August 23, 1968

PHILLIP LEE
5682 Adeline Street
Oakland, California
Attorney
Visited August 23, 1968

JAMES PARHMS
10203 Harvard Bl.
Los Angeles, California
Friend
Visited May 24, 1970

ELAINE B. ROWN
Friend
Visit denied June 17, 1970

4
SF 7-855
CMS/shd

SAVEN ELIAS
San Francisco, California
Attorney
Visited August 6, 1970

VIVIAN WILSON
San Francisco, California
Attorney
Visited August 6, 1970

MAURICE JORDAN
Salinas, California
Attorney
Visited August 6, 1970

LUIS C. JARAMILLO
328 Cayuga
Salinas, California
Attorney
Visited August 20, 1970

G. M. GALLERY
Sacramento, California
Attorney
Visited September 17, 1970

PATTY ROBERTS
Attorney
Visited September 28, 1970

ALEXANDER HOFFMAN
Attorney
Visited October 22, 1970

ALEX HOFFMAN
1414 Walnut Street
Berkeley, California
Attorney
Visited November 4, 1970

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CMS/shd

PATTIE ROBERTS and DAVID SKLARE
Attorneys
Visited November 13, 1970

PATTIE ROBERTS and DAVID SKLARE
2905 Telegraph Avenue
Berkeley, California
Attorneys
Visited November 12, 1970

EVE MC LAUGHLIN and PATTI ROBERTS
2905 Telegraph Avenue
Berkeley, California
Steno and attorney
Visited December 22 and 23, 1970

PATTI ROBERTS and DAVID SKLARE
2905 Telegraph Avenue
Berkeley, California
Visited January 30, 1971

WARREN WOODRUFF,
JACK LA BLANC,
VERNON DAVIS, and
JOHN POWELL
RIR March 19, 1971

Mrs. BENNIE JEAN FRANKLIN
Friend
March 23, 1971 (Denied)
Visits brother at Folsom

DOROTHY PAGE
1423 W. Imperial
Los Angeles, California
Friend
Visited March 27, 1971

FAY STENDER and PATTY ROBERTS
Interview - attorneys
Visited March 25, 1971

6
SF 7-855
CMS/shd

DONALD SALAZAR
San Francisco, California
Attorney
Visited April 19, 1971

Mrs. BENNIE JEAN FRANKLIN
1324 W. 57th Street, H-15
Los Angeles, California
Friend
Visited May 22, 1971

PATTY ROBERTS
Berkeley, California
Attorney
Visited July 21, 1971

PATTI ROBERTS
Attorney of record
Visited August 10, 1971

PATTI ROBERTS
5406 Claremont Street
Oakland, California
Attorney
Visited September 7, 1971

BENNIE JEAN FRANKLIN
Removed by Associate Warden GUNN September 22, 1971

PATTI ROBERTS
Attorney
Visited September 27, 1971

PATTI ROBERTS
Attorney
Visited December 20, 1971

GWENDOLYN GOODLOE
Denied by order of Warden January 8, 1972

7
SF 7-855
CMS/shd

EVON ANDERSON
1807 S. Harvard
Los Angeles, California
Friend
Visited January 15, 1972

CONRAD MC COY
Denied January 15, 1972

PATTI ROBERTS
Attorney
Visited January 18, 1972

PATTI ROBERTS
Attorney
Visited January 24, 1972

PATTI ROBERTS
Attorney
Visited February 9, 1972

PATTI ROBERTS
Attorney
Visited July 17, 1972

ALEXANDER LONDON or LAUDON
817 San Jose Pl.
San Diego, California
Visited September 2, 1972
Bar Number 50957

PATRICIA ROSE ROBERTS
558 Capp Street
San Francisco, California
Attorney
Visited October 7, 1972
Number 49727

YVONNE ANDERSON
Oakland, California
Friend
Visited June 8, 1973

8
SF 7-855
CMS/shd

PATTI ROBERTS
558 Capp Street
San Francisco, California
Visited July 25, 1973
Bar Card Number 49727

PAULETTE MOSTILLER
4059½ S. Hilldale Avenue
Los Angeles, California
Cousin
Visited August 2, 1973

MARY HUDSON
4200 W. Adams Boulevard
Los Angeles, California
Cousin
Visited August 2, 1973

PATTI ROBERTS
558 Capp Street
San Francisco, California
Attorney
Visited September 13, 1973

WALTER WATSON
721 Edgewood
Inglewood, California
Friend
Visited October 21, 1973

BENNIE FRANKLIN
1324 W. 57th Street
Los Angeles, California
Friend
Visited October 21, 1973

ERLINDA or FRLINDA C. CASTRO
1245 Virginia Street
Berkeley, California
Investigator
Visited December 6, 1973

9
SF 7-855
CMS/shd

PATTI ROSE ROBERTS
407 North Street
Oakland, California
Attorney
Visited December 3, 8, and 13, 1973

STEVEN JOST SCHWARTZ
510 Cole
San Francisco, California
Investigator
Visited December 20, 1973
Driver's License Number N2291842

SUSAN B. CAPLAN
510 Cole
San Francisco, California
Attorney
Visited December 27, 1973
Driver's License Number N746672

PATRICIA ROSE ROBERTS
Attorney
Visited January 3, 18, and 31, 1974

F B I

Date: 3/29/74

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

Via _____

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (157-30832)

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (157-9517) (P)

SUBJECT: SYMBIONESE LIBERATION ARMY (SLA)
EM - UGW

Re Bureau airtel to Los Angeles, 3/14/74, with enclosures relating to letter written by ROY BURCH, Box A-E, San Luis Obispo, California.

ROY (NMN) BURCH was interviewed on 3/28/74, at the California Mens' Colony (CMC), East Facility, San Luis Obispo, California, where he is an inmate assigned prison number 20010. BURCH is a white male, born 6/27/24, at Lawrence, Kansas. He is serving a sentence for parole revocation.

BURCH advised he did not have any specific information regarding the SLA or the HEARST kidnapping and the information in his letter of 2/15/74, directed to the Department of Justice, Washington, D.C., was the result of his reading leftist literature received at CMC and thereafter forming an opinion regarding the SLA.

BURCH stated he is a supporter of prison officials and administrators and stated they have a "tough job." BURCH advised the Prisoners Union was his idea and the concept was copied and stolen by a former inmate, WILLIE HOLDER. BURCH corresponded with FAYE STENDER, a leftist attorney, in San Francisco regarding the Prisoners Union. STENDER wanted BURCH to head an organization opposed to prisons, and prison officials and STENDER sought his assistance in conducting a general strike by prison inmates. Since BURCH has recently taken the position

2 - Bureau (RM)
3 - San Francisco (157-9806) (RM)
1 - 100-FAY STENDER
2 - Los Angeles

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DATE 3/13/03 BY Sp4 - BJA/CB

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FBI - SAN FRANCISCO

Approved: *[Signature]*

Sent _____

M

Per _____

100-49931-164

LA 157-9517

of supporting prison officials, STENDER has not maintained contact with him.

Inasmuch as BURCH has no information regarding the SLA, no additional further action is being taken concerning BURCH.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC (61-363)

DATE: 3/19/75

FROM : SA LEO F. TULLY

SUBJECT: NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD
IS - NLG

The Conspiracy, official newspaper of the Bay Office of the NLG issue for the month of March 1975 contained the names of the following people. The Conspiracy will be kept in Special Indices.

LORI INGRAM and BRIAN Mc CAFFEY Page 3, members of Hastings Law School Guild Chapter.

JOHN HAPTAS and JEFFREY CARTER page 4

CHUCK MILLER page 5, attorney in private practice.

JUDY JOSHEL and BARRY SHECK, staff attorneys with NLG electronic surveillance project. Page 7

FAY STENDER, Guild member, attorney practicing in SF Page 12.

DEBORAH VOLLMER, attorney for UFW, resigning from Guild because of NEB position on the UFW. Page 15.

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
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cc 100-77258 JOHN HAPTAS
100-49931 FAY STENDER

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MAR 20 1975	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

CB

100-49931-165

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Date: 5-29-79

Edition: Home
1 S.F. Chronicle
San Francisco, Ca.

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: SF

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Radical Lawyer Shot by Intruder

By George Williamson

Prominent attorney Fay Stender was shot six times — twice in the chest — and critically wounded early yesterday by a male intruder who asked for her by name and later opened point-blank fire with no apparent provocation, Berkeley police reported.

Stender, 47, a well known advocate of women's rights and prison reform whose past clients included the late George Jackson and Huey Newton, remained in critical condition late last night at Merrick Memorial Hospital.

The strange and brutal shooting produced wide speculation and out of police circles that the gunman forced his way into Stender's house with motives beyond the money he demanded.

However, police reportedly found nothing in the first day of their investigation to warrant calling the case more than a robbery that turned into a seemingly pointless murder attempt.

Police limited their official account yesterday to the following:

At about 1:20 a.m., Stender's son, Neal, 20, was awakened by a knock on the door of the Stender residence, 2210 Grant Street, about a block away from the Berkeley police station.

He opened the door to see a young black woman standing on the porch. From behind her emerged a young black man who pointed a pistol at Neal and said he wanted to see Fay Stender. (The phone book doesn't give her address.)

Neal led the gunman to the upstairs bedroom where his mother was sleeping. The woman apparently did not enter the house.

Both Fay Stender and a house guest, Priscilla Camp, 38, were awakened when the gunman reached the second story. The shooting victim's daughter, Orrienne, 19, remained asleep in her bedroom.

The gunman ordered Neal to tie Camp with a belt, and then tied Neal's hands with a lamp cord. He left Fay Stender's hands free.

He demanded money, and got "a few dollars" from Neal and Camp. Fay Stender reportedly told him the only money she could give him was located in the downstairs kitchen. The gunman then followed her downstairs, leaving the others in the bedrooms.

Police said the gunshots rang out in rapid succession seconds after the two reached the first floor. The gunman then fled out the front door, unseen by neighbors, who later yesterday said they didn't hear the shots. The money was left in the kitchen.

Police said no one in the Stender house offered resistance or open defiance to the gunman's instructions, or had seen either the gunman or the woman previously.

The gunman was described as five feet, eight inches tall; of medium build, and in his early or middle 20s.

Fay Stender's most famous association, as a lawyer, political activist and deeply committed friend, was with convict George Jackson, the author and radical leader for prison reform who was shot to death by San Quentin guards in 1971.

Jackson wrote long and moving letters to Stender, and many of those were published in 1970 in the widely read book, "Soledad Brother: The Prison Letters of George Jackson."

She had been asked to visit Jackson in 1969 by Huey Newton, whom she had helped represent during the eight years she spent in practice with attorney Charles Garry.

An attorney for 22 years, Stender helped found the now defunct Prison Law Project and defended several prison inmates without fee. She is now in private practice in North Beach.

Last year Fay Stender waged an intensive, but unsuccessful campaign for a seat on the prestigious Board of Governors of the State Bar of California.

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DATE 3/3/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

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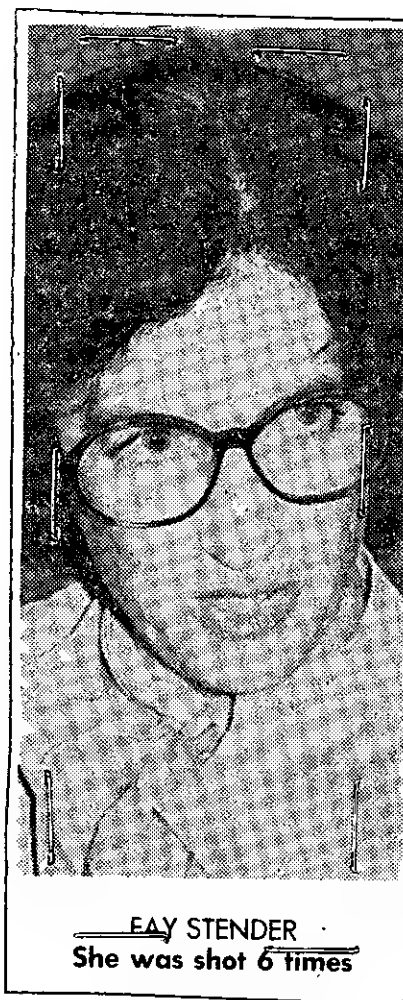
MAY 31 1979

FBI - SAN FRANCISCO

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FBI/DOJ

100 - 49931-166



2

100 - 49931 111

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Radical Lawyer**A Clue in Shooting Of Fay Stender**Date: 5-30-79
Edition: Home
2 S.F. Chronicle
San Francisco, Ca.

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: SF

The stranger who critically wounded attorney Fay Stender with a blaze of gunfire Monday first compelled her to write a statement saying she had "betrayed" George Jackson and the entire prison movement at the time they needed me most," Berkeley police disclosed yesterday.

The gunman, who had forced his way into her flat and Berkeley home, fled with the note in hand after coldly firing two .38-caliber bullets into her chest, one at her head, one in her stomach and two in her arms.

The forced statement was witnessed by Stender's son, Neal, and a woman houseguest in a bedroom minutes before the gunman took Stender downstairs and opened fire.

Police said the statement does not change their view that no solid evidence has been discovered about the gunman's true motive.

And Stender's many friends and associates in the prisoners reform movement and other leftist endeavors agreed yesterday that the statement only adds a crazy piece to the total puzzle.

Those reached for comment all said there have been no indications of strong tensions or political infighting within the prisoners reform efforts, and certainly no antagonisms expressed against Stender.

"Fay has among the highest reputations of anybody in the land among prisoners in the state of California, black and white," said Willie Brandt, 32, an ex-Soledad

Prison convict who is now a San Francisco-based outside official for Prisoners Union Local 971.

"I can't imagine who would be crazy enough to do something like that to Fay."

Brandt said the organization currently has about 2000 members from California's inmate population.

And there hasn't been any strife within the movement in at least the last year of so, things have been pretty low-key.

Perhaps Stender's most important contribution to convicts' rights was the Prison Law Project, which provided thousands of prisoners with free legal assistance.

Stender declared in 1973 that it no longer had the funds to continue.

Yesterday, her associates could not recall her having represented a prisoner since the land-based project's closure.

But she continued to lobby and speak for the plight of inmates, and Brandt said: "She helped our organization quite a bit . . . came to all the benefits, and has shown an enormous amount of interest in our success."

Stender's most famous association was with George Jackson, a brilliant self-educated leftist author and prisoner, who was shot to death by San Quentin guards in 1971 during a bloody riot in which three guards were also slain.

Jackson's 1971-published book, "Soledad Brother: The Prison Letters of George Jackson," included numerous powerful and affectionate letters to Stender, including one that opened:

"Dear Fay, Dear Fay, You're the one I've ever met from across the tracks. I do think a great deal of you."

Attorney John Keker, a long time friend of Stender's who is now representing former Black Panther Eldridge Cleaver in a pending trial on the 1960s shootout with Oakland police, speculated that the high symbolism of her association with Jackson may have produced her tragic encounter with the gunman.

But she got thousands of letters saying come and see me, let me be your new George Jackson. You can't answer them all, and she must have angered some body, Keker said.

Police added to their description of the young black gunman yesterday, saying he had a goatee and moustache and was attired in all blue jacket, jeans and knit cap. Witnesses said he was of medium height and build.

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FBI DOJ

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Date: 5-29-79

Edition: Final
14 S.F. Examiner
San Francisco, Ca.

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: SF

Self-confessed 'radical lawyer' shifted focus from cells to cults

By Dexter, Waugh

Radical lawyer Fay Stender, who stood in the forefront of the prison reform movement for many years, has been an outspoken critic of cults that infringe upon individual freedom.

Stender spoke out on the subject of cults at a May 5 conference at Golden Gate University and gave presentations to the executive boards of the American Civil Liberties Union's Northern California chapter and the San Francisco Bar Association.

In fact, she had invited several lawyers to meet at her house yesterday to discuss the legal implications of cults. She was critically wounded by a gunman about 10 hours before the scheduled meeting.

Mark Shickman, president-elect of the San Francisco Barristers Club and an organizer of one of the conferences on cults, said Stender "was really hot on this topic."

"She basically said that when we talk about free exercise of religion, we are talking about free exercise of thought. And when there is no freedom of thought, there is no freedom of religion."

The threat of death may have seemed more real to Stender years ago, when she was in the forefront of advocacy for prison reform.

She called the courts, where she argued the cases of hundreds of notorious and not-so-well-known inmates, a "naked bayonet."

Stender called herself a "radical lawyer" and aligned herself with the Movement in its power struggle against the Establishment.

"This kind of thing used to be civil rights," she said in 1970. "It used to be pacifist. It's now dangerous to one's life to resist oppression."

"Those of us who believe the

things we always believed are now in a position where we might be killed or jailed."

At the time she was defending George Jackson, one of three Soledad prisoners accused of murdering a guard.

She went to Soledad to meet Jackson at the request of Black Panther leader Huey Newton, whom she had represented earlier with her co-counsel, Charles Garry.

A letter from Jackson to Stender later was included in his book, "Soledad Brother: The Prison Letters of George Jackson." It read:

"Dear Fay, Dear Fay — You're like no one I've ever met from across the tracks. I do think a very great deal of you and I'm certain that you do try to understand our problems. Don't take this as a message from George to Fay, it's a message from the hunted running blacks to those people of this society who profess to want to change the conditions that destroy life."

Stender came to California after graduating from the University of Chicago law school in 1956. She was a clerk for the late state Supreme Court Justice John Shenk and also for the late Walton Hamilton on Indian claim cases.

She defended the protesters who were arrested after occupying Sproul Hall on the University of California at Berkeley campus in 1964.

In the 1960s she became associated with the firm of Garry, Dreyfus and McTernan, specializing in constitutional law and military draft cases.

In the 1970s she became founder, director and staff lawyer for the defunct Prison Law Project, during which time she defended some of the state's most celebrated convicts, as well as many who weren't well known but who needed legal help

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

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SERIALIZED	FILED
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FBI-SAN FRANCISCO	

FBI DOJ

100-49931-168

and couldn't get it from other attorneys.

The Prison Law Project and Stender's advocacy for prison reform were constant thorns in the side of the state Department of Corrections and the Adult Authority.

Officials considered the efforts of "prison lawyers" such as Stender to pose grave threats to prison security. "Extremists on both sides of the question ought to just shut up," then-director of corrections Raymond Procunier once said in a remark aimed directly at Stender.

In 1971, then-Attorney General Evelle Younger accused Stender and other prison lawyers with violating the law by helping inmates receive unauthorized mail that he said exhorted them to foment revolution behind prison walls. Stender "absolutely denied" carrying contraband mail inside prisons.

For her part, she said that year that the violence in the prisons "begins with the treatment of the prisoners in these Dachaus of America. And it will not end until those controlling them are replaced by people and a process subject to the guarantees and restraints of due process of law."

In 1973, when the Prison Law Project folded for lack of funds, a spokesman for the corrections department said: "There is still a lot of bitterness toward them (prison lawyers), but it also must be said that in large part due to them the re-examination of inmates' rights is really just beginning."

When she closed the project, Stender despaired that "maybe there are no solutions," adding that "it was just a case of burnout." She thought reform perhaps could come through action within the State Bar and she served on its and the



Expressman • Justin Galt

ATTACKER SHOT STENDER AFTER FORCING HER TO WRITE NOTE
It said she 'betrayed George Jackson and entire movement'

American Bar Association's committees on prisons.

She joined a private law practice in The City with her husband,

Morris, and last year ran for election to the State Bar's board of governors. Stender lost by a 20-1 margin.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Date: 5-29-79
 Edition: Final
 1 S.F. Examiner
 San Francisco, Ca.

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: SF

Wounded lawyer: she wrote note

By Don Martinez

Lawyer Fay Stender, seriously wounded by a man who broke into her Berkeley home, was forced to write a note saying she "betrayed George Jackson and the entire prison movement at a time they needed me most," Berkeley police revealed today.

Stender acquired a national reputation in the early 1970s by defending Jackson, later killed in a San Quentin Prison shootout, and Black Panther leader Huey Newton.

Police spokesman Dick Berger said the one-sentence note in Stender's handwriting said:

"I, Fay Stender, admit that I betrayed George Jackson and the entire prison movement at a time they needed me most."

Berger would not say whether the note was signed. He said the note apparently was witnessed — by whom he would not say. The note was taken by the intruder, he said, but someone — he wouldn't say who — overheard the suspect telling Stender what to write.

Stender was shot six times, according to Berger — in the abdomen, head, each arm and twice in the chest. He said a .38-caliber weapon was used.

She was under heavy guard at Berkeley's Herrick Hospital today in serious condition.

One of the so-called "Soledad Brothers," Jackson was killed in August 1971. Three San Quentin guards and two other convicts were also killed in the battle.

Jackson had been in and out of prisons most of his life. He was 29 at the time of his death. Prison authorities said he was an articulate man who often fomented jail disturbances.

The motive for yesterday's attack was apparently robbery, and "doing home," Stender — for what reason? — said Police Lt. Pete

had a small amount of money reported missing from Stender's the 2200 block of Grant Street, a class neighborhood.

Another Berkeley officer said Stender "has talked to us, but she has no idea who did it." He said the victim "has had some lucid moments" since the shooting.

In the hospital, her two children, son Neal and daughter Oriane, and her husband and law partner, Marvin, were with her. All refused comment.

Police described the gunman as a black in his mid-20s, about 5 feet 8 with a medium build. He was accompanied by a black woman, also in her 20s, who remained outside during the shooting.

According to officers, 20-year-old Neal heard a knock on the front door about 1:20 a.m.

He answered to find the woman standing there. Moments later, the man appeared, carrying a gun.

Neal told police the man asked to be taken to his mother, calling her by name.

Once in Stender's bedroom, the

gunman tied up Neal with a lamp cord after having him use his belt to bind a house guest, Priscilla Camp, who was aroused by the commotion. The note was written in the bedroom, police said.

Oriane, 18, also was in the house but apparently slept through the incident. Marvin Stender was not at home.

Meredith said Stender reportedly told the gunman she had some money downstairs. They left the bedroom and a few minutes later the six shots rang out.

He said police are unaware of any case on which Stender may have been working that would have provoked the attack.

Police said neither Camp or Neal recognized the gunman or his companion.

Grant Street was quiet today. If people were home, most were not answering their doorbells. A neighbor said she had lived next to the Stender house for nine years and there were no previous incidents.

Stender was one of the founders of the Prison Law Project in Oakland. In that capacity she defended some of the state's most celebrated convicts and gained a reputation in some quarters as a radical prison lawyer.

The Prison Law Project closed in 1973. Stender later said she gave up prison work because "after four years of doing nothing, else, I found it

physically impossible to continue to relate (to convicts) on a one-to-one basis. It was just too painful."

She then entered practice with her husband in a three-lawyer office in San Francisco.

Stender has been a defender of women's rights and the rights of Vietnam-era conscientious objectors during her 22-year career.

She staged a fervent but unsuccessful campaign last year for a seat on State Bar's board of governors. She called for greater involvement by rank-and-file lawyers in Bar decisions, but lost by a 2-to-1 margin to corporate attorney Robert Raven of San Francisco.

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SERIALIZED	FILED
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FBI DOJ

100-49931-169

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Date: 5-29-79
 Edition: Sunrise
 1 The Tribune
 Oakland, Ca.

Title:

Character

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: SF

Attorney shot, near death

Berkeley—Longtime radical attorney Fay Stender, who once predicted she might be killed for espousing such causes as prison reform, was shot six times in her home early yesterday by an armed man who demanded to see her.

Police said Stender, once an attorney for Black Panther leader Huey Newton, is in "very critical" condition after surgery, but refused to name the hospital where she is being treated.

"It's fairly evident to us that someone wants her dead," said Berkeley police Lt. Don Meredith. "Presumably this is because of her political ties."

Police said Stender, 47, is under armed guard in her hospital room. They gave this account of the shooting:

At about 1:30 a.m., a young woman knocked on the door at the Stender residence, on Grant Street a block from the police station. Stender's 20-year-old son Neal answered the door, and a man armed with a gun stepped from the shadows and asked to see Fay Stender.

The gunman ordered her son upstairs to his mother's bedroom, where he and a house guest, Priscilla Camp, were tied up and robbed of an undetermined amount of money.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

SEARCHED <i>h</i>	INDEXED <i>h</i>
SERIALIZED <i>h</i>	FILED <i>h</i>
MAY 31 1979	
FBI-SAN FRANCISCO	

FBI DOJ

100-49931-170

Then the intruder took Stender downstairs to the kitchen where he shot the attorney and ran off.

Police said they found no clues and have no leads to possible suspects. They said the "political nature" of the case barred releasing any more information, but later called it a case of armed robbery and attempted murder.

"We are at an impasse, at least for the moment," Lt. Meredith said late last night.

A prominent public defender speculated that the shooting may have stemmed from "animosity of a prison splinter group."

Stender had founded an organization called the Prison Law Project in Berkeley during the early 1970s, but the group has not been publicly active lately. She had defended at various times Newton and the late George Jackson, a black militant who died in a shoot-out in San Quentin Prison in 1971.

Stender was the attorney for the Free Speech Movement at the University of California in Berkeley in 1964 and later was associated with attorney Charles Garry in the trial of Newton for fatally shooting an Oakland police officer in 1967,

which ended in a verdict of voluntary manslaughter.

After she founded the Prison Law Project, Stender was criticized for fomenting trouble in state prisons by James Hall, then chairman of the state Board of Corrections. Hall said Stender, actress Jane Fonda and Communist Party activist Angela Davis had spurred on the "revolutionaries" of the day.

Stender called herself a revolutionary lawyer for radicals in the movement, and in 1970 when she agreed to defend Jackson in the Soledad Brothers case, she told a newspaper interviewer:

"This kind of thing used to be civil rights. It used to be pacifist. It's now dangerous to one's life to resist oppression. Those of us who believe the things we always believed are now in a position where we might be killed or jailed."

Stender is married to another radical lawyer, Marvin Stender, who has law offices in San Francisco. A family friend said the Stenders separated several months ago, and yesterday her husband was unavailable for comment. It was not known what legal cases she may be currently working on.



Fay Stender

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Prison-work link in Stender shooting

By Tim Reiterman and Don Martinez

Authorities were plumbing state prison sources today on the theory that the shooting of radical attorney Fay Stender may have grown out of her eight-year-old dispute with the late prison revolutionary George Jackson and her abandonment of the prison reform movement.

Amid mounting evidence of a planned assassination attempt, a source close to the investigation said, "it appears that we're not dealing with somebody who considered the Stender residence an economic target" for robbery.

The source said that a team of investigators from the Berkeley Police Department and the Alameda County district attorney's office checked with East Bay street informants, but were unable to dredge up a possible identity for Stender's attacker.

Working on the theory that the shooting springs from a split within the prison movement, investigators today were checking prison sources.

The Examiner has learned the following about the near fatal shooting of Stender Monday morning in her Berkeley flatlands home:

- The gunman asked for Fay Stender by name but apparently didn't recognize her on sight.

- The gunman forced Stender to write a note saying that she had betrayed Jackson — a former client with whom she reportedly parted on unfriendly terms — and the entire prison movement.

- Less than two weeks before the shooting, a black radical encountered Stender's daughter outside a meeting. Fay Stender was attending and said, "We want to see your mother." Sources said, however, that the gunman was

not the same man, whom Stender would have recognized.

- A 1974 document from the Black Guerrilla Family (BGF), a black revolutionary prison gang, said that "movement lawyers" and Black Pan-

ther leader Huey P. Newton, a former client of Stender's, destroyed the gang's support.

- Several years ago, sources say a BGF list of "death warrants" named several attorneys, including Stender.

- Sources said that as early as 1977 Stender had been extremely careful about giving her phone number to anyone, had designed security measures into her home and had expressed fear that she might be attacked by friends of former clients.

Stender told The Examiner in June 1978 that many people were unhappy that she quit prison reform work, that some believed she had betrayed the prison movement, that threats had been made against her and that she wouldn't be surprised if someone took a shot at her.

At Herrick Memorial Hospital, Stender was reported in critical, though slightly improved, condition today as she was treated for six .38-caliber bullet wounds — in the abdomen, head, both arms and twice in the chest. There was reported to be some concern that she might not regain use of her legs.

She was able to talk with police and told them she didn't know her assailant's identity, but her condition has prevented investigators from conducting an extensive interview with her.

On the basis of descriptions from other witnesses, however, the Berkeley police were making a composite drawing of the attacker.

To avert further attempts on her life, extremely tight security was posted at Herrick Memorial Hospital, with three police officers in her room and a half-dozen downstairs.

Marvin Stender, her estranged husband and former law partner, was with her as were their two children, Neal and Oriane, but none had any public comment.

But speculation among her fellow lawyers on the left was plentiful, focusing generally upon a theory that the former prison reform lawyer was the victim of the very people she had tried for years to help.

They cited Stender's own concerns, the words of the gunman, stories about friction with clients, and documents with vaguely worded threats against such attorneys.

But Sandy Close, a prison movement worker and a friend of Stender's, cautioned, "It is important that people not take at face value what the gunman said So many things happen that turn out to be something else."

One thing appears certain, however. Stender's attack was calculated, and she was the sole target.

Berkeley Police Lt. Tom Haley gave this account of events at Stender's home Monday morning:

A black woman knocked on the door and when Stender's son, Neal, opened it, a black man jumped out and said, "Where's Fay Stender?" With a .38-caliber revolver, the gunman forced Neal upstairs to Stender's bedroom where they found the attorney and a house guest, Priscilla Camp, 38.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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100 - 49931 - 171

Which one of you is Fay Stender? asked the gunman. When she identified herself, the man berated her for the alleged betrayal of George Jackson and the prison movement and waved his gun. After Neal and Camp were tied with electrical cord and robbed of \$1, he forced Stender to write the note: "I Fay Stender admit that I betrayed George Jackson and the prison movement at a time when they needed me most."

When the gunman asked where the money was, Stender said that it was in the kitchen. He then ordered her downstairs. Sources said that shots rang out within 20 seconds.

Less than two weeks ago, sources said Oriane, Stender's 18-year-old daughter, ran into a black prison movement radical outside a Shattuck Avenue restaurant while her mother was at a meeting inside. "We want to see your mother," the former convict was quoted as saying. "We're coming to see your mother."

The gunman's obsession with the "betrayal" of George Jackson has caused investigators to examine Stender's relationship with the black revolutionary who wrote the prison book "Soledad Brothers," and who was a living symbol of the prison movement.

Stender was one of Jackson's attorneys when he was one of the "Soledad Brothers," three black inmates charged in the murder of a white Soledad prison guard in retaliation for the shooting deaths of three black inmates by another white guard.

Later, Jackson's brother Jonathan, 17, was killed in a Marin County Civic Center shooting that stemmed from the kidnapping of a judge, a prosecutor, and three jurors in August 1970. The

judge and two convicts were also killed. Later, black activist Angela Davis was acquitted of helping to plot a kidnapping designed to force release of the Soledad Brothers.

George Jackson was killed in the Aug. 21, 1971, prison violence in which three guards and two other inmates were killed at San Quentin.

Prior to the San Quentin incident, sources said, Jackson and Stender parted company. "Fay and George Jackson were mortal enemies when he died," according to one source in the leftist legal community. "He fired her, and she quit."

"The only other tie is that anyone

who was an enemy of George Jackson was an enemy of the Black Guerrilla Family."

The subject of the disagreement between Jackson and Stender was not clear. But one attorney close to Stender and some of Jackson's comrades said, "Jackson felt he was being ripped off by a number of people, including attorneys, but Stender's name was not specifically mentioned."

"My information was that it was a question of economics. There were disputes over the royalties Jackson was receiving for his publications."

In a 1974 Black Guerrilla Family document drafted at San Quentin and obtained by The Examiner, the prison gang claimed Jackson as its own, although the Black Panther Party also contended Jackson was a member of its organization.

The BGF railed against Black Panther co-founder Huey P. Newton, by then an avowed enemy of Eldridge Cleaver, the deposed Panther information minister with strong ties to the Black Liberation Army, and the BGF. The 22-page document said that Jackson joined the Black Family, the precursor to the BGF, "with intentions of averting the criminal mentality and replacing it with revolutionary consciousness," but his affiliation with the Black Panthers "was based on its immediacy and expediency."

The document accused the Panthers of conspiring "to alienate and cause the defection of various progress (sic) organizations, including the progressive lawyers, from the struggle." Stender, for a decade a member of a long-time Panther attorney Charles Garry's law firm and Newton's co-counsel for a couple of years in the late 1960s, was not mentioned by name.

But the document declared, "Our support has been destroyed by the vultures who call themselves movement lawyers, with the help from their patron saint Huey P. Newton."

"We call upon the most Honorable Magistrates of the BGF's revolutionary court to render the people a just verdict by exposing and punishing those responsible for such atrocious crimes (against) the revolution."

Official prison sources said Stender was one of a half-dozen lawyers named on BGF "death warrants" issued several years ago, about the time that Stender was dropping her emphasis on prison law.

According to both official prison sources and convict sources, the BGF has been operating at a low ebb for the past couple of years because prison administrations have systematically reduced their numbers through paroles of leaders or by isolating them after murder convictions and other serious convictions.

Stender said last June that she gave up prison work because "after four years of doing nothing else, I found it physically impossible to continue to relate (to convicts) on a one-to-one basis. It was just too painful."

There were signs as early as 1977 that Stender was concerned about her safety. A friend who declined to be identified said that Stender and her husband, Marvin, changed their phone number several times and wouldn't give it out to some friends.

He said she also had window vents in her house designed so that no one could climb through the openings, and she expressed concern that she would be attacked, not by people on the right but by friends of unnamed clients.

Examiner reporters Bill Bolden, James A. Finebrock, Larry D. Hatfield, and Dexter Waugh also contributed to this story.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

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Date: 5-31-79
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 1 The Tribune
 Oakland, Ca.

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Stender better may be paralyzed

by Lance Williams
 Staff Writer

Berkeley—While hoping that the victim herself will provide the big break in the case, police yesterday continued to focus on leftist lawyer Fay Stender's links to the Black Guerrilla Family prison gang in their efforts to find the man who shot her.

Stender's doctors now believe that, with luck, she will survive the six bullet wounds inflicted on her by the intruder who burst

into her Grant Street home early Monday.

The doctors' biggest concern, it was learned, is that Stender will lose the use of her legs as a result of the shooting.

An informed source said that although Stender has periods when she is conscious, she is not yet able to talk to police about the execution-style attack.

Until she is, the note that the gunman forced Stender to write in which she admitted

betraying slain prison revolutionary George Jackson and the entire prison movement, is still the key clue in the case, the sources said.

The wording of the note has set investigators to compiling a list of the many people whom Stender associated with in her

years as a leader of California's prison reform movement.

The note has also led them to probe anew the 1971 schism among leaders of the Soledad

Brothers Defense Fund that led Stender to be dropped as Jackson's attorney less than a year before his death in an attempted breakout at San Quentin prison.

The list of Stender's associates includes members of the Black Guerrilla Family, a prison gang and outside support groups founded by Jackson that professes adherence to his radical politics. The family has been implicated in several "hit" style killings in recent years.

The list is particularly long

because it goes back a decade to the time when Jackson, author of the book "Soledad Brother," became for many people a symbol of resistance to what was perceived as a racist prison system.

Although the shooting may have had its roots in a New Left-era dispute, investigators say a more recent quarrel must also have occurred.

"Nobody is operating on the premise that this strictly is out of the past," one source said.

"It's somehow of another the result of a recent altercation."

The sources say Stender's family and friends—including her son and a house guest who were present the night of the attack—have not been able to steer police to a particular suspect.

"The trouble is, you've got to talk to her," one source said. "And she's not talking because of her medical condition."

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In 1970, while in prison for a robbery, Jackson was charged with murdering a Soledad Prison guard. Stender became his attorney.

Through speech-making and travel, she tirelessly promoted her belief that Jackson committed no crime except to stand up and fight against an oppressive and racist prison system.

As several passages in "Soledad Brother" make clear, Jackson held her in warm regard.

But then, in August 1970, Jackson's younger brother was killed in an attempt to free a group of prisoners from the Marin County courthouse in San Rafael. A judge and two convicts also were killed.

After that Jackson was named a "field marshal" in the Black Panther Party and became in-

creasingly committed to violent revolution. At the same time, according to informed sources, he became restive with Stender and the other white liberals on his defense committee who—in his view—promoted his cause in hopes of reforming the prison system instead of making war on the system.

A passage from Jackson's posthumous book, "Blood in My Eye," makes this clear.

"I'm convinced that any serious organizing of people must carry with it from the start a potential threat of revolutionary violence," he wrote. "... Self-determination requires a small, hidden, highly-trained army equipped with the very best and most destructive weapons ..."

Jackson, according to informed sources, wanted to use money from his book income and from his legal defense fund

to help equip such an army. Stender and other white liberals resisted, and ultimately she was fired.

The dispute in the Jackson defense committee continued until, shortly before Jackson was killed, the liberal faction was purged and the committee was taken over by the Black Panther Party.

Investigators on the Stender case say that the language of the note carried off by the gunman could be taken literally, and refer to this eight-year-old dispute.

But they believe it is likely that Stender, perhaps through her law practice, had recent contact with either the gunman—or with whomever sent him.

Stender is under police guard at Herrick Hospital.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

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San Francisco, Ca.

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Fund for Stender rehabilitation

By Larry D. Hatfield

Friends of Fay Stender, the Berkeley attorney shot last month in an abortive murder attempt, announced today the formation of a fund to help pay for what they described as "very extensive rehabilitation" for Stender.

Still under around-the-clock guard at Berkeley's Herrick Hospital, Stender is "somewhat improved," according to her estranged husband, Marvin.

But because of severe abdominal wounds and a collapsed lung, doctors continue to be worried about the possibility of infection or pneumonia.

"If those dangers are avoided, she's going to live," Marvin Stender said at a press conference. He was joined by National Lawyers Guild president Paul Harris and former Berkeley City Councilwoman Ying Lee Kelley.

Marvin Stender said that due to a spinal wound, Fay Stender's legs are paralyzed. Extensive rehabilitation will be necessary to deal with the paralysis, he said.

In addition, extensive costs are associated with lengthy protection. Stender's friends believe she requires. They hope to collect \$200,000.

Marvin Stender said his estranged wife is able to talk, is "awake and lucid"

and in reasonably good spirits.

She was shot six times in the head, chest, arms and abdomen on May 28 by an intruder in her Berkeley home. Before shooting her, the assailant forced her to write a note saying she had abandoned George Jackson, a former client, and the prison movement.

"There is little question in my mind that the attempt to kill Fay came out of the prisons, came out of the prison movement," Marvin Stender said.

He said the note Fay Stender was forced to write indicated the would-be killer was "incredibly familiar with the minutiae of the prison movement." He said the note had echoes of the past stretching back almost 10 years to the Soledad Brothers case and Jackson.

"Those kind of echoes could only come from someone with deep roots in the prisons," he said.

Marvin Stender said that when the

Soledad Brothers case began, Fay Stender was a co-counsel. By mutual agreement, he said, she left the defense team shortly before the trial started.

At that time, and since the shooting last month, there have been reports that she and Jackson split over the use

of royalties from his book, "Soledad Brother."

But Marvin Stender said today there was no dispute between the two and Fay did not abandon George Jackson or his case. He conceded, however, that the situation could have been perceived that way.

Jackson and two other Soledad Prison convicts were accused of murder following a 1970 slaying of a prison guard a few days after another guard had shot and killed three inmates.

Marvin Stender said he has no criticism of Berkeley police, who are handling the case, but said he does not believe the shooting will be solved unless "people from the community" come forward.

He said anyone with information about the shooting can contact him (He is listed in the San Francisco telephone book). Persons unwilling to reveal their identity can be provided with a code name, so if they become eligible for an \$11,000 reward put up by Stender's friends, they can collect.

Persons wishing to contribute to the trust fund may send a donation to: Fay Stender Trust Fund, Bank of California, Berkeley Main Office, P.O. Box 7773, Berkeley, Calif. 94701.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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 3 S.F. Chronicle
 San Francisco, Ca.

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Bank Heist Linked To Stender Attack

The robbery earlier this week of a Wells Fargo Bank in Berkeley has apparently given Berkeley police a break in their investigation of last month's shooting of attorney Fay Stender, it was learned yesterday.

Although Berkeley police would not comment on the matter, a municipal court judge was awakened early yesterday and was asked to issue six search warrants that he later said were connected with both the investigation of the bank robbery and the attack on Stender. She was shot six times in her Berkeley home May 28.

Berkeley-Albany Municipal Court Judge George Brunn said he was awakened at 4:30 a.m. by two Berkeley police officers who had with them a 12-page affidavit and seven pages of exhibits to support the search warrants of various East Bay homes and autos.

Judge Brunn said the warrants, which he signed, dealt both with the bank robbery and Stender shooting.

Six men were arrested Thursday in connection with the afternoon robbery of the Wells Fargo Bank at 3290 Adeline Street.

They were identified by police as Charles Coleman, 30, of 2414 Parker Street, Berkeley, who police said also was wanted for parole violation; Keith Douglas Lott, 26, 2730 Grant Street, Berkeley; Edward A. Moten, 27, 3524 San Carlos Street, San Francisco; Edward Glenn Brooks, 27, 740 Gateview

Street, Albany; Roy Gant, 28, 840 47th Street, Oakland, and William A. Lofton, 31, 1355 Eddy Street, San Francisco.

Police said both Lofton and Brooks were parolees.

The six are being held in lieu of \$75,000 bail each and are scheduled for arraignment Monday, in connection with the robbery.

Following the bank robbery, the suspects fled in two getaway cars to an apartment complex at 1643 Prince Street, which apparently already was under police surveillance.

Three of the suspects were arrested as they tried to flee their car near Prince Street. The others successfully made it into the apartment building and held off police for an hour and a half before surrendering.

There were reports yesterday that the police stake-out of the two-story apartment building was a part of the Stender shooting investigation.

Stender, 47, a prominent advocate of women's rights and prison reform, whose past clients included the late George Jackson and Huey Newton, was shot last month by a black man who forced his way into her home and made her write a note saying she had betrayed Jackson, a black militant, "and the entire prison movement. . . ."

Stender is still undergoing treatment at ~~Herrick~~ Memorial Hospital.

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 San Francisco, Ca.
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Police link holdup suspects to shooting of Fay Stender

By Ivan Sharpe
 Examiner Staff Writer

At least four of the six bank robbery suspects arrested after a Berkeley holdup Thursday are members of the Black Guerrilla Family, which investigators believe is linked to the near-fatal shooting of radical attorney Fay Stender in her home May 28.

Official sources also say that one of the six, Charles Coleman, 30, has been further linked by ballistics evidence seized in police searches Friday with the .38 caliber revolver used to fire six slugs into Stender.

The Black Guerrilla Family is a revolutionary prison gang, which prison sources claimed had put Stender on an assassination list several years ago for withdrawing from the prison reform movement.

Stender, who is white, was shot by a young, black man who forced her to write a note saying she had "betrayed George Jackson and the entire prison movement."

Until they quarreled, Stender represented black radical Jackson, who was

killed in a 1971 San Quentin shootout that also claimed the lives of two other inmates and three guards.

Four of the robbery suspects in custody, including Coleman, are state prison parolees. Coleman was already facing a burglary charge when he was arrested June 2 on a robbery charge, but was released without posting bail.

Berkeley police are keeping quiet about the complex investigation, but sources said the police were staking out the Prince Street apartment of several of the suspects when the Wells Fargo Bank robbery occurred on Adeline Street.

The suspects, pursued by officers summoned by a silent alarm in the bank, were arrested when they arrived at the apartment. Three of the suspects held off police for more than a hour before surrendering.

Berkeley police Friday searched the homes and autos of the suspects after awakening Municipal Court Judge George Brunn at 4:30 a.m. to obtain search warrants. Brunn said a 12-page affidavit he saw dealt with both the bank robbery and the Stender shoot-

ing.

The four Black Guerrilla gang members in custody, sources said, are Coleman, of 2414 Parker St., Berkeley; Roy Gant, 28, of 840 47th St., Oakland; William A. Lofton, 31, of 1355 Eddy St., San Francisco, and Edward G. Brooks, 27, of 740 Gateview St., Albany.

The other two are Edward A. Moten, 27, of 3524 San Carlos St., San Francisco, and Keith D. Lott, 26, of 2730 Grant St. Berkeley.

The six are also being investigated in connection with other bank robberies, including a June 1 holdup of the Bank of America at Telegraph and Russell in Berkeley.

Sources said one of the Bank of America robbers, photographed by a hidden bank camera, resembled Stender's assailant.

The six, who are being held in lieu of \$75,000 bail each, are scheduled for arraignment in connection with the Wells Fargo robbery at 2 p.m. tomorrow.

Stender, 47, is in fair condition in Herrick Memorial Hospital intensive care unit.

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100 - 49931 - 175 FBI, DOJ

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Date: 6-16-79
 Edition: Sunrise
 1 The Tribune
 Oakland, Ca.

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Suspect linked to Stender killing

by Lloyd Boles
 Staff Writer

Berkeley—Police here have the .38 caliber revolver which, according to ballistics tests, was used by a young gunman to fire six slugs into activist defense attorney Fay Stender on May 28. The Tribune learned last night.

San Francisco police seized the gun, hidden in a briefcase, on the seat of a car driven by Edward Glen Brooks of Albany, during a routine car stop on June 8.

Brooks and Roy Gant of Oakland, who was riding in the car, are part of a gang of six men who are suspects in the armed holdup Thursday of the South Berkeley branch of Wells Fargo Bank.

An investigator said the revolver belongs to Brooks and "Brooks is the obvious suspect in the shooting of Mrs. Stender." He said that Brooks and another bank robbery suspect, Keith Douglas Lott, who lives four blocks from Stender, "match the physical description of the assailant provided by Mrs. Stender's son."

Berkeley police were attempting last night to have Stender's son, Neal, and a Stender house-

guest, Priscilla Camp, who were tied up shortly before Stender was shot, view the robbery suspects in a lineup.

Stender remains in serious condition at Herrick Hospital and, ostensibly, is physically unable to attend a lineup.

After police stopped Brooks on June 8, he was booked on a minor gun charge and released. Homicide investigators, aware that Brook's gun had been matched to the Stender shooting, were waiting for him to make an appearance in San Francisco Municipal Court Thursday on the gun charge, but he didn't appear.

"We knew Berkeley was looking for a .38 revolver in the Stender shooting," said a police official, "so we ran ballistics and the test slugs from the Brooks weapon match a bullet

retrieved from Mrs. Stender's body."

About 17 hours after arresting Brooks and the other suspects in the bank robbery, Oakland and Berkeley police, armed with search warrants signed at 4:30 a.m. yesterday by Berkeley Municipal Judge George Brunn, entered five residences known to be used by the men.

The residences were in Oakland and Berkeley and, said a

source, "we were looking for evidence to tie them in with the Black Guerrilla Family and with the female suspect who accompanied the guy who shot Fay. There's all kinds of stuff to

link them with the BGF—but we don't have any leads on the young black girl who knocked on Fay's door that night and then stepped aside to let her boyfriend come in with a gun."

The gunman, after binding two witnesses, herded Stender into her kitchen where he forced her to write a letter in which she admitted she had "betrayed George Jackson and the entire prison movement at a time they needed me most."

He then shot her and fled into the night.

Stender was deeply involved in prison reform during the late 1960s and early '70s and founded a group called the Prison Law Project. She at one time defended Black Panther Huey Newton and regularly visited him and other prisoners, including black militant Jackson, with whom she carried on warm correspondence up to the time he was killed during an attempted escape from San Quentin in 1971.

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Jackson helped found the Black Guerrilla Family in the late 1960s and used it to exert political pressure to reform the prison system, claiming that black inmates were not criminals but were victims of white oppression.

Jackson also wrote a book, "Soledad Brothers," which focused national attention on the plight of blacks in the prison system and earned considerable money.

Stender, at the time of Jackson's death, was handling the proceeds from the book. At the same time she was representing Jackson on a charge that he killed a prison guard.

All six bank robbery suspects are held on bail and are to make their first court appearances Monday.

The three others held on robbery charges are Charles Coleman of Berkeley and Edward A. Moten and William A. Cotton of San Francisco.



Staff photo by Howard Ecker

Bank holdup suspect Edward G. Brooks may be linked to shooting of Fay Stender

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

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 2 S.F. Chronicle
 San Francisco, Ca.

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Not-Guilty Plea in Stender Shooting

Edward Glen Brooks, 27, an ex-convict, pleaded not guilty yesterday in Alameda County Superior Court to charges of shooting attorney Fay Stender and later robbing a Berkeley bank.

Tight security, including a locked courtroom, surrounded the arraignment. Brooks was one of six bank robbery suspects who, while chained together, fought with nearly two dozen policemen in a Berkeley Municipal Courtroom brawl last Monday.

Yesterday he was led into the courtroom wearing leg chains and with his hands cuffed to a chain around his waist.

The other five suspects pleaded not guilty Tuesday to charges of robbing the Berkeley bank June 14. They have not been linked to the Stender shooting.

A preliminary hearing on both the Stender shooting and the bank robbery was set for June 20.

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 27 The Tribune
 Oakland, Ca.

Title:

Character

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: SF

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Stender shooting

suspect

enters innocent plea

Oakland — Edward Brooks yesterday pleaded innocent to attempted murder, robbery and a long list of lesser charges in connection with the June 14 holdup of a Berkeley bank and the May 28 shooting of lawyer Fay Stender.

Brooks, a suspected member of the Black Guerrilla Family prison gang, was chained and manacled during his brief appearance before Berkeley Municipal Court Judge Dawn Girard, who ordered the hearing moved to Oakland after a wild brawl in her Berkeley courtroom Monday.

Brooks' five co-defendants on the bank robbery charges entered innocent pleas earlier this week.

Police suspect that Brooks, a former heroin addict who is on Parole from an armed robbery conviction, is the man who burst into Stender's Berkeley home, forced her to sign a statement in which she said she "betrayed" slain prison revolutionary George Jackson and then shot her six times. Stender survived the assault, but doctors fear she may lose the use of her legs from the wounds.

Stender, who for years was prominent in the prison reform movement, once defended Jackson, the "Soledad Brother" who before his death in 1971 founded the prison gang with which Brooks is thought to have associated while behind bars.

Police say a gun found in Brooks' possession when he was arrested on the bank robbery charges is the same gun used to shoot Stender. Deputy District Attorney Howard Janssen contended in court yesterday that an automatic camera at the bank photographed Brooks and the other defendants during the robbery.

When Judge Girard attempted to arraign the defendants Monday, a riot broke out. It took dozens of bailiffs and police to subdue the six men, who were chained to each other at the time. Since then, the defendants have been manacled and they have been allowed into court only at a time.

A preliminary hearing is scheduled for June

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

SEARCHED <i>hw</i>	INDEXED <i>hw</i>
SERIALIZED <i>hw</i>	FILED <i>hw</i>
JUN 25 1979	
FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

100-49931-178

FBI DOJ



BANK HOLDUP—During a June 14 holdup, an automatic camera in a Berkeley bank snapped a series of photographs and yesterday in court Deputy District Attorney Howard Janssen contended that these pictures include some of the defendants in the robbery case.



3

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

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Date: 7-29-79
 Edition: Final Sports
 S.F. Sunday Examiner
 Pg. 3, Section B
 San Francisco, Ca.
 Title:

Character:
 or
 Classification:
 Submitting Office: SF

Guy Wright / A bail blunder

What I want to know is how come Edward Brooks breezed out on bail so easily after he pulled a gun on a cop.

Never mind for a moment his other troubles.

Never mind that ballistics experts identified the gun as the one an intruder used to shoot Berkeley attorney Fay Stender a week earlier.

Never mind that Brooks was captured after a bank robbery a week later.

Sandwiched between those two incidents was what happened on June 8, as related in court by San Francisco Police Sgt. Gregory Corrales.

Sgt. Corrales, seven years on the narcotics squad, testified that he and two other officers started to arrest Brooks and two other men on a marijuana charge on a Hayes Valley street corner, when Brooks pulled a pistol from a briefcase and threatened, "You're not going to take me to jail."

Risking a bullet in the gut, the cops took the gun away from him and put him in the slammer on a variety of charges — being a felon addict in possession of a gun, for a start, as well as pulling that gun on a cop.

On the handy-dandy bail chart that judges now use instead of brains, the charges added up to bail totaling \$25,000.

Of course, a judge isn't obliged to grant bail all that automatically. He can look at the overall situation. That's what he gets paid for. And paid damn well too.

Surely when someone pulls a gun on a cop over something no more serious than a pot bust, there is likely to be more than meets the eye. A heads-up judge would say, "Let's just hang onto this fellow until we find out a bit more about him."

But nothing like that happened. On the contrary, Municipal Judge Richard Figone reduced the \$25,000 bail to \$8,000 and a bail bondsman sprang Brooks.

No one from the district attorney's office jumped up and down and screamed, "Hey, judge, this guy pulled a gun on a cop."

And Judge Figone, his own curiosity at ebttide, obligingly reduced the bail to less than a third and told Brooks to come back another day for a hearing.

About the only thing smart in all this was that the cops were allowed to keep the gun. They ran a ballistics test and Berkeley police said it matched the bullets taken out of attorney Stender.

But by then Brooks was long gone.

On the day he was supposed to return to court for a hearing, the cops waited around just in case. To no one's surprise he didn't show up.

Six days after his arrest with the gun, some bandido types knocked over a Wells Fargo branch in Berkeley, and among the five suspects apprehended were Brooks and one of his buddies from the Hayes Street incident.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

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SERIALIZED	FILED
JUL 31 1979	
FBI-SAN FRANCISCO	

100-49931-179 FBI/DOJ

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

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5 must stand trial in bank robbery

Oakland—Five suspected members of the Black Guerrilla Family prison gang will stand trial for the June 14 robbery of a Berkeley bank.

After a two-week-long preliminary hearing transferred here from Berkeley for security reasons, Berkeley Municipal Judge Mario Barsotti ruled Monday that enough evidence exists to require the five men to stand trial on all but one of the charges on which they were originally arrested.

As a result, the men—Edward

Glenn Brooks, Keith Lott, Charles Coleman, Edward Moten and Roy Gant—face arraignment in Superior Court Aug. 7 on two counts of robbery and an assortment of lesser charges.

Brooks alone now faces a second preliminary hearing—to begin tomorrow—on charges that he shot lawyer Fay Stender at her Berkeley home early on May 28.

The five men—and a sixth who was later released for in-

sufficient evidence—were arrested within hours after six masked men burst into a south Berkeley branch of the Wells Fargo Bank and made off with \$5,600.

Police said Brooks was also charged with the Stender shooting because a gun taken from him during a marijuana arrest in San Francisco June 8 was traced to that crime. Brooks was free on bail on the marijuana charge when the bank robbery occurred.

Police have linked the defendants with the Black Guerrilla Family, a prison gang originally founded by prison revolutionary George Jackson, who died in a shootout at San Quentin in 1971.

According to police, the gunman who shot Stender first demanded that she write a note in which she admitted betraying Jackson and "the entire prison movement." Stender once represented Jackson, but the significance of the note has never been made clear.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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JUL 26 1979	
FBI-SAN FRANCISCO	

FBI/DOJ

100 - 49931 - 180

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

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Date: 10-12-79
 Edition: Sunrise
 The Tribune
 Oakland, Ca.

Title:

Character:

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Classification:

Submitting Office: SF

An escapee's 'bout' lands him back in jail

By Martin Halstuk
 Staff Writer

Oakland—An escaping prisoner took a swing at the wrong man yesterday.

After climbing down the south face of the Alameda County Courthouse here on a makeshift ladder of bedsheets knotted together, and landing on the roof over the second floor, two escaping prisoners were startled to see a man step out of a window that faces the roof.

Witnesses said prisoner Edward Brooks, suspected of shooting Berkeley lawyer Faye Stender, moved toward the man, District Attorney's Inspector William Eller.

"He came at me and started swinging," said Eller.

Brooks picked the wrong man.

The rugged-looking Eller was silver medalist in the 1978 International Police Olympics Decathlon, and he said he quickly wrestled Brooks to the ground.

The other prisoner, Steven Higuere, 31, surrendered without a struggle to Sheriff's Deputy Diane Ambrosia, who deftly put a hammer lock on him.

After she brought Higuere to his knees, she tossed her handcuffs to Eller, who manacled Brooks. Both Eller and Ambrosia were unarmed.

They were immediately joined by three armed District Attorney's investigators, and the prisoners were taken to the courthouse jail on the 10th floor.

Brooks, 27, faces charges of attempted murder in the attack

on Stender, who was shot six times in her home May 28. Higuere is on trial for the killing of Stanley W. Pierce, 37, a customer in a coin shop during a robbery attempt earlier this year.

The prisoners made their escape from a holding cell on the eighth floor, where they cut through a half-inch steel bolt that fastened a steel wire grating over a cell window, said Sheriff's Lt. George Vien.

Then they lowered themselves five floors onto the second-floor roof, where they landed with a loud "thud," said Art Garrett, a county employee who works in an office overlooking the roof.

Garrett said that after he heard the noise, he saw a knotted bedsheets swinging in front of his office window and he realized what was taking place.

ized what was taking place.

He recalled hearing a similar sound in May 1978 when a prisoner, trying to escape from the same eighth floor holding cell, fell and landed on the roof. The prisoner, Dillard Welton, later died of injuries.

Garrett and co-worker Sujoy Sarker raced upstairs to the District Attorney's Office and notified investigators when they saw yesterday's escape taking place.

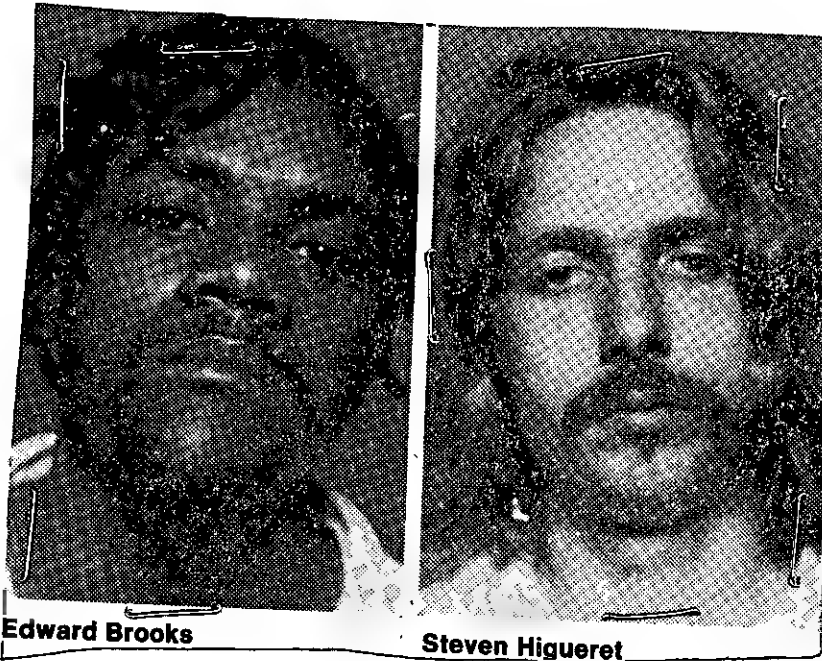
Eller and Ambrosia sped to the office, leaped from the window onto the roof and recaptured the pair.

Vien said he will recommend that steel reinforced bars be installed between the metal grates and the windows on the eighth floor to prevent similar escape attempts in the future.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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 DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
OCT 22 1979	
FBI-SAN FRANCISCO	

100-49931-181 FBI DOJ



Edward Brooks

Steven Higuere

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Date: 11-15-79
 Edition: Sunrise-Eastbay
 A-22 Today
 Oakland Tribune
 Oakland, Ca.
 Title:

Character:

BT

Classification:

Submitting Office: SF

Bank robbery suspects to get tandem hearings in Berkeley

By Lance Williams
 Tribune Staff Writer

To resolve an apparently unprecedented legal conflict, two judges will conduct simultaneous, virtually identical preliminary hearings for five accused bank robbers next week — one of them in an open courtroom, the other one in secret.

Berkeley Municipal Judge George Brunn ordered the unusual tandem hearings Wednesday after three defendants asserted their right under a California law to have their preliminary hearings in secret, while two others invoked their

right under the state constitution to have their hearings in public.

Defendants Keith Lott, Roy Gant and Edward Moten want a closed hearing, while Charles Coleman and Glenn Brooks have demanded open proceedings.

They are charged with the daylight robbery of a Wells Fargo Bank branch in Berkeley on June 14. Brooks is also charged with shooting Berkeley attorney Fay Stender in her home May 28.

The odd legal wrangle occurs in part because no appeals court has yet addressed the apparent conflict between the state consti-

tution and a section of the state penal code, and in part because the Alameda County district attorney's office has adamantly refused to give the bank robbery suspects what they want — separate trials.

"To ask some of these witnesses to come back four or five times to testify to the same things is inexcusable," declared Deputy District Attorney Chris Carpenter.

The hearings are being held in Superior Court for security reasons.

Brooks is slated to go to trial in January in the Stender case.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
NOV 19 1979	
FBI-SAN FRANCISCO	

FBI DOJ

100 - 49931 - 182

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

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Date: 11-20-79
 Edition: Sunrise-Eastbay
 A-11 Today
 Oakland Tribune
 Oakland, Ca.
 Title:

Character:
 or
 Classification:
 Submitting Office: SF

Two hearings in bank robberies

Two judges will conduct virtually identical preliminary hearings at the same time Wednesday in a case against five accused bank robbers.

One hearing will be in an open courtroom, but the other one will be closed at the request of two of the defendants.

The five men are charged with

a Wells Fargo Bank branch robbery in Berkeley on June 14.

One of the defendants, Edward Glenn Brooks, is also charged with shooting and critically wounding Berkeley lawyer Fay Stender May 28.

The unusual hearings, to be held in the Alameda County Courthouse in Oakland, were or-

dered last Wednesday by Berkeley Municipal Judge George Brunn after lawyers for Keith Lott and Roy Gant cited their clients' fear of pretrial publicity and requested closed hearings.

The other three — Brooks, Charles Coleman and Edward Moten — wanted their hearing in open court.

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DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJ4/CB

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NOV 23 1979	
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100-49931-183 FBI DOJ

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Date: 4-1-80

Edition Final
5 S.F. Examiner
San Francisco, Ca.

Title:

Character:

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Classification:

Submitting Office SF

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Fay Stender's goodbye note: She's gone abroad

"Goodbye for a while, Fay."

Thus ended a note from Berkeley attorney Fay Stender, crusader for the rights of imprisoned persons who was crippled by the gunfire of an attacker who since has been sentenced to prison.

In the note, dated last month,

Stender said that "I will shortly be going abroad, perhaps for a month, or more likely six, perhaps a year or even more."

"Since one of the main reasons for my departure is 'security,' I have reluctantly decided not to tell all of my good friends where, but will

continue to get mail at Stockton Street." She gave the address of 1714 Stockton St., San Francisco, 94133.

Stender asked her friends: "Please write on airmail paper."

The mail will be forwarded, she said, and "I will write back and I do hope to hear from you."

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

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FBI - SAN FRANCISCO	

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100-49931-184

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

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Date: 5-21-80
 Edition: Final
 7 S.F. Examiner
 San Francisco, Ca.

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: SF

Overdose suspected in Stender death

A preliminary post-mortem of Berkeley lawyer Fay Stender shows a "suspected overdose of drugs," a Hong Kong police spokesman said today.

The 48-year-old attorney, widely known for her efforts on behalf of California prison inmates, had been in Hong Kong for two months after leaving the Bay Area on an extended vacation.

Akber Kahn, a public information officer with the Hong Kong police, said Stender collapsed in her apartment and was dead on arrival at a hospital. He said it appeared she had taken her life with a drug overdose, although results of a pathologist's examination won't be known for at least a week.

Kahn said Stender left two notes indicating she had taken her own life.

Stender's former husband, Marvin, said he was notified of her death by phone but not told any details. He said a funeral is planned for next week.

Stender went to Hong Kong with a nurse and had been suffering from a urinary tract infection, which kept her in constant pain.

Last Memorial Day she was paralyzed after she was shot by a man in her Berkeley home. Edward Glenn Brooks was convicted of attempted murder and sentenced to 17 years in state prison.

Before she was shot, Stender was forced to write a note saying she had "betrayed" Soledad Brother George Jackson, killed at San Quentin in 1971 in what prison officials described as an escape attempt.

At Brooks' trial, Stender said she and Jackson had agreed she would no longer represent him, but said there was no animosity between them.

Assistant Alameda County District Attorney Howard Janssen said he won't be able to tell until the autopsy is completed whether there is a possibility Brooks will be retried.

Retrial is allowed, he noted, if the victim of an attempted murder dies within three years of the attack and death is attributed to the attack.

Stender was a leader in the cause of prison reform and was honored by the State Bar last year for her legal services to the poor.

She was a founding member of California Women Lawyers and served two years on its governing board.

Stender was a 1956 graduate of the University of Chicago Law School, worked as a clerk for the late Associate Justice John Shenk of the California Supreme Court, and became associated in the 1960s with the local law firm of Garry, Dreyfus & McTernan, which has been associated with a number of radical causes.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 22 1980	
FBI-SAN FRANCISCO	

FBI DOJ

100-49931-185

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Date: 5-21-80

Edition: Home
7 S.F. Chronicle
San Francisco, Ca.

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: SF

Suicide Is Suspected**Radical Lawyer
Fay Stender Is Found Dead**By Bill Wallace
and George Williamson

Fay Stender, 48, the onetime prison reform attorney who was paralyzed last Memorial Day by a point-blank blaze of gunfire from a vengeance-minded intruder, died Monday in Hong Kong, it was learned yesterday.

A Hong Kong police spokesman said the death was tentatively listed as a suicide pending a formal post mortem scheduled for today.

Akber Khan, a public information officer, told The Chronicle late last night that Stender had apparently taken her life with a drug overdose and had left two notes indicating she had killed herself.

Her husband, San Francisco attorney Marvin Stender, said yesterday that he had been told his wife's nurse "went into her bedroom in the morning (Hong Kong time), and she was dead."

He said Mrs. Stender went to Hong Kong — where friends reside — a little less than two months ago with the nurse.

Stender said he spent a day with his wheelchair-bound wife just before she left for Hong Kong.

and she seemed upset, looking ahead and making plans. She seemed in good shape.

But, he said, he had heard that since arriving in Hong Kong, she had experienced problems with her bladder because of the catheter.

Other associates said that the activist lawyer had been despondent after a bizarre shooting incident on Memorial Day, 1979, which left her paralyzed from the waist down.

Edward Glenn Brooks, former convict, was convicted of the shooting earlier this year.

During Brooks' trial, Fay Stender — while testifying almost stonically, that Brooks was the man who invaded her Berkeley house and emptied a .38 caliber revolver into her — revealed that she had spent most of her time in bed because even a few hours in a wheelchair taxed her strength.

Her son, Neal, 21, also identified Brooks as the gunman, and the mother was extremely worried that his testimony endangered his life. Neal is said to be still under security arrangements at an unknown location.

Before shooting Mrs. Stender a year ago, the intruder forced her — over protestations that the words were absolutely not true — to write that she had "betrayed George Jackson and the entire prison reform movement."

Although the matter was never raised in the trial, law enforcement authorities have claimed Brooks is connected with remnants of the Black Guerrilla Family.

George Jackson, then a symbol for the prison reform movement, organized the group after splitting with Huey Newton and the Black Panther Party and before Jackson was shot to death in 1971 by San Quentin prison guards.

Brooks is being held in an Oakland jail while awaiting another trial on a bank robbery charge. His attorney has appealed the attempted murder conviction.

Marvin Stender said that "by coincidence" Fay's cousin, Bay Area resident Henry Abrahams, happened to be visiting in Hong Kong this week, and is taking care of arrangements. He said he expects his wife's body to be flown back to the Bay Area within a few days and a funeral will probably be held early next week.

Mrs. Stender was a 1956 graduate of the University of Chicago Law School. She came to California shortly afterward and worked as a clerk for the late Associate Justice John Shenk of the California Supreme Court.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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FBI, DOJ

100-49931-186

In the 1960s, she became associated with the law firm of Garry, Dreyfus and McTernan, which was involved in a number of "radical" lawsuits.

In a 1970 interview, Mrs. Stender defined her role thus: "I think the function of a radical lawyer is to make clear to judges and lawyers who will listen — you don't need to make it clear to the oppressed; they already know — that the courts are a naked bayonet."

In 1964 she defended the protesters who were arrested after they occupied Sproul Hall on the campus of the University of California at Berkeley. With the law firm, she specialized in constitutional law and military draft cases.

Mrs. Stender served on the prison committees of both the State Bar and American Bar associations, and in 1978 she ran for a seat on the State Bar's prestigious board of governors but lost to a corporate attorney by a two-to-one margin.

In 1970 and part of 1971, Mrs. Stender defended George Jackson, who was killed in San Quentin in

August 1971.

Then they mutually decided she said at the time, she would defend him "more loosely." Stender said later: "We were on very good terms until he died."



(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Date: 2-14-81

Edition: Home

9 S.F. Chronicle
San Francisco, Ca.

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: SF

Heirs of Fay Stender Rebuffed on Benefits

The heirs of lawyer Fay Stender cannot claim worker's compensation benefits arising from the injuries she received when she was shot by an ex-convict in 1979, the state Supreme Court ruled yesterday.

The justices denied a petition by the survivors of the former prison lawyer to hear their appeal of a decision denying benefits for cumulative injuries. Chief Justice Rose Bird dissented.

The "cumulative injury" claim is based on the contention that the shooting stemmed from her work over a period of years as an advocate of prison reform and her subsequent withdrawal from activity in the movement — a situation they described as analagous to an industrial worker becoming ill after repeated exposure to a toxic substance at the workplace.

~~The State Workers Compensation~~

tion Appeal Board has a separate appeal before the high court asking the justices to overturn a decision granting Stender state benefits because she suffered a "specific injury" when she was shot.

Stender was shot six times by a man who forced his way into her Berkeley home early in the morning of May 28, 1979. The gunman, later identified as ex-felon Edward Brooks, forced Stender to write a note saying, "I, Fay Stender, betrayed George Jackson and the prison movement when he and it needed me most," before he shot her.

In the early 1970s Stender had been a leader in prison law work. She had defended convict activist George Jackson when he was accused of murdering a Soledad prison guard.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

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SERIALIZED <i>11/1</i>	FILED <i>12/11</i>
FEB 23 1981	
FBI-SAN FRANCISCO	

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100-49931-187

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

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Posthumous ACLU Award For Stender

The local chapter of the American Civil Liberties Union will present its highest award Sunday to civil rights lawyer Benjamin Dreyfus and, posthumously, to prison reform activist Fay Stender.

Dreyfus will be honored for his efforts in overturning the notorious anti-Communist Smith Act in the 1950s and in rejecting mandatory loyalty oaths for lawyers.

Stender, an ACLU-Northern California director from 1974 to 1980, was active in women's rights and affirmative action efforts, as well as prison reform. She died a year after being shot by a former convict.

Representative Ron Dellums, D-Berkeley, will speak on the subject of the dangers to individual liberties under the Reagan administration.

Tickets for the event, which will take place from 1 to 6 p.m. at the Sheraton Palace Hotel in San Francisco, cost \$7 and are available by calling 621-2488.

Date: 12-10-81
Edition: Home
52 S.F. Chronicle
San Francisco, Ca.

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: SF

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 3/13/03 BY SP4 BJA/CB

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SEARCHED <i>JA</i>	INDEXED <i>JA</i>
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LEGAL SECTION

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Memorandum



To : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO

Date 03/03/03

From : LEGAL SECTION (190-SF-133718)

Subject : FREEDOM OF INFORMATION/PRIVACY ACTS (FOIPA)
(FILE DESTRUCTION)

Jay Stender

THE FOLLOWING FILES HAVE BEEN REVIEWED PURSUANT TO A
FOIPA MATTER, AND MAY NOT BE DESTROYED UNTIL INDICATED.

FILE

SERIAL

100-49931

Entire file

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